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BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. 1 NO. 127. BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 28, 1913. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES

FROM BOMBAY FOR

MARSEILLES & LONDON,

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT

BRINDISI and MALTA.

Date of Sailing 2-30 p.m. 1913.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
2nd August	Salsette ..	6000	Moldavia	10000
9th "	Persia ..	8000	.....	..
16th "	Salsette ..	6000	Maloja ..	12500
23rd "	Caledonia..	8000	.....	..
30th "	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia	10000
6th September	Arabia ..	8000	.....	
13th "	India ..	8000	Macedonia....	10500
20th "	Arcadia ..	7000	.....	
27th "	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa	11000
4th October	Egypt ..	8000	.....	
11th "	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan..	10000
18th "	Persia ..	8000	.....	..
25th "	Salsette ..	6000	Morea ..	11000

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamers at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at the place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamers.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1914.

Date of Sailing 2-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Ton
31st February.*	Caledonia.	8000	.....	..
28th "	Maloja ..	12500	.....	..
7 March.	Persia ..	8000	.....	..
14th "	Salsette ..	6000	Marmora	10500
21st "	Macedonia	10500	.....	
28th "	Salsette ..	6000	Moldavia	10000
* 1st April.	Himalaya..	7000	.....	..
4th "	Arabia ..	8000	.....	..
11th "	Salsette ..	6000	Medina	12500
18th "	Mantua ..	11000	.....	
25th "	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia	10000
2nd May.	Caledonia.	8000	.....	
9th "	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa	1100
16th "	Persia ..	8000	.....	..

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S. S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st April 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE-	RETURN.
	"A" rate "B" rate.	"A" rate "B" rate.
To MARSEILLES..	Rs. 594 or Rs. 495	Rs. 891 or Rs. 742-8
" LONDON	627 or Rs. 528	Rs. 942-8 or Rs. 792

To COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, namely on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accomodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Maru. Kamakura Maru	T. Hori.	6126	13th July	25th July
Rangoon Maru & Kawachi Maru	Y. Kamoshita. A. Christiansen	3936 6153	27th July 10th Aug.	8th Aug. 22nd Aug.

For Freight apply to—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE

Indian Newspaper Co.,

LIMITED,

MEDOWS STREET, FORT,

BOMBAY.

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Intend to despatch Steamer as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing Date.	Time	Route
KOLA ..	1,205	Thu. 31st July	9 a.m.	Direct
LINGA ..	2185	Fri, 1st Aug *	6 a.m.	Direct

*Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (weekly).

S.S. "Kola," 1,205 tons, on Thursday, 31st July, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS. (Weekly.)

S.S. "Barjora," 3,164 tons, on Thursday, 31st July calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit Mahomerah and Busrah.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly)

Steamer	Tonnage	Sailing on
†PENTAKOTA..	3418	Thursday 7th August
† PUNDUA ..	3305	" 21st "
*PALAMCOTTA	3413	" 4th Sept
LINDULA ..	3358	" 18th Septr:

†Calls at Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira Delagoa Bay and Durban.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony ports transhipping at Durban to the steamers of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA. (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

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28th July, 1913.
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OF

STEAM GAS ELECTRICITY | EXPERIENCE AND EFFICIENCY.

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FUNDS exceed.....£19,031,200

ANNUAL INCOME.....£ 7,139,552

FIRE LIFE MARINE PROFITS AND Motor Car Insurance.

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C. M. ROSS, Resident Secretary,
Royal Insurance Buildings, BOMBAY.
Or T. H. MOORE & Co., Chief Agents,
Hummum St., Fort.

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THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK LD.

HEAD OFFICE, APOLLO STREET.

Branches:—
Mumbadevi (Bombay), Ahmedabad and Gondal.

Authorised and Subscribed Capital, Rs. 10,000,000.

Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months 5 per cent. P. A. Savings Bank 4 per cent. Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent. at Bombay.

Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

160

INDIAN SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1905.

REGISTERED CAPITAL 2,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 1,50,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL 75,00,000
RESERVED FUND 15,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES:

LONDON: 95, BISHOPSGATE, E. C. AHMEDABAD, BARODA, BHAVNAGAR, BROACH, CALCUTTA, CAWNPORE, DHULIA, HYDERABAD (Sind), INDORE, KARACHI, LUCKNOW, NAGPORE, NASIK, POONA, RAJKOTE, SUKKUR, SURAT, YEOTMAL and DHULIA temporarily closed.)

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest at 2½ per cent. is allowed on daily balances of Rs. 200 and upwards.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

INTEREST at the rate of 4½ per cent. is allowed in Fixed Deposits for twelve months. Minimum amount accepted is Rs. 500.

RATE OF INTEREST for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

ACCOUNTS ARE OPENED in the Savings Bank in the name of one or more persons and interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, &c.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and Cash Credits are given, on terms arranged against approved security.

SHARES AND GOVERNMENT PAPER are sold and purchased on commission and received for safe custody, and interest is recovered upon them.

STERLING DRAFTS payable in London are sold and purchased.

Gold and Silver imported for constituents.

Further particulars may be ascertained on application.

CHOONILAL D. SARAIYA,
Managing Director.

175

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital .....Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Paid-up .....Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund .....Rs. 62,500

HEAD OFFICE.

7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Branches and Agencies:—London, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhavnagar, Bussorah, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Kalbadevi (Bombay, Lucknow, Mandvi (Bombay), Navsari, Rajkot, Sukkur, Surat and Wadhwan Camp.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Current Accounts opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deposits for 12 months 5 per cent., and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

Drafts issued on London and all Branches. Foreign Bills and Bills on every part of India accepted for collection.

The Bank issues Letters of Credit on all the important Cities of India.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the Rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

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undertakes developing negatives, retouching photographs, the making of line and half-tone blocks, and all kinds of advertising blocks, both stereo and electro, wood and metal engraving, die-sinking and the three-colour process at moderate rates. For particulars apply to THE MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle."

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The new medicinal Table Water, bottled at the famous Vittel Springs in Vosges. A mild alkaline bi-carbonated sulphated water with an agreeable flavour. It may be used as a daily beverage, plain or with wines and spirits. Eradicates uric acid from the blood, and so removes all traces of Gout, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver complaints, Neurasthenia, etc.

Sole Agents in India.

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Vad Gadi, BOMBAY.

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YOUR KIDNEYS ARE THE FILTERS OF YOUR WHOLE FRAME.

Keep the body pure by keeping the filters active and healthy.

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Subscribed, Rs. 25,00,000. Paid up Capital, Rs. 5,00,000. Claims paid about Rs. 2,00,000 both Fire and Life.

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Prompt payment of Claims.

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New Premiums (1912)	£112,664
Annual Income ...	£1,481,521
Assets	£10,589,255
Total Payments under Policies	£29,233,881

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Indian Lives at European Rates.

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Gresham Building, Fort.

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GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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Bombay—Delhi—Meerut Saharanpur —Ambala—Lahore—Peshawar, without a change.

For trains from Bombay read from top and to Bombay from bottom.

Bombay. H.M.				From Bombay H.M.
7-30	Arr.	Bombay (Colaba)	Dep.	21-8
4-35	Dep.	Delhi	Arr.	0-55
4-13	Arr.		Dep.	1-22
18-30	Dep.	Lahore	Arr.	11-20
18-6	Arr.		Dep.	11-50
11-44	Dep.	Rawalpindi	Arr.	18-36
11-29	Arr.		Dep.	18-51
6-54	Dep.	Peshawar Cantt.	Arr.	23-18
4 -5	Arr.	Delhi	Dep.	2-0
1-50	Dep.	Meerut Cantt.	Arr.	4-31
1-42	Arr.		Dep.	4-41
22-58	Dep.	Saharanpur	Arr.	8-25
22-39	Arr.		Dep.	11-0
21- 8	Dep.	Ambala Cantt.	Arr.	13-27

BOMBAY—RUTLAM—INDORE—MHOW AND NEEMUCH.

7-30	Arr.	Bombay (Colaba)	Dep.	21-0
17-50	Dep.	Ruttam Jn.	Arr.	10-0
17- 5	Arr.		Dep.	10-42
13-33	Dep.	Indore	Arr.	14-15
13-23	Arr.		Dep.	14-25
12-50	Dep.	Mhow	Arr.	14-55
12-40	Dep.	Neemuch	Arr.	15- 0

BOMBAY—AGRA.

7-30	Arr.	Bombay (Colaba)	Dep.	21-0
8- 1	Dep.	Bharatpur Jn.	Arr.	21- 0
7-47	Arr.		Dep.	21-23
6- 0	Dep.	Agra Fort	Arr.	23-10

BOMBAY—KATHGODAM FOR NAINI TAL.

7-30	Arr.	Bombay (Colaba)	Dep.	21- 6
7-20	Dep.	Muttra Jn.	Arr.	21-45
7-0	Arr.		Dep.	22-25
18-0	Dep.	Kathgodam	Arr.	11- 0

BOMBAY—DEHRA DUN FOR MUSSOORIE.

7-30	Arr.	Bombay (Colaba)	Dep.	21-0
2-58	Dep.	Saharanpur	Arr.	8-25
8-55	Arr.		Dep.	9-55
14-15	Dep.	Dehra Dun	Arr.	17-5[illegible]

BOMBAY SIMLA VIA D. U. K. RAILWAY CHANGING AT DELHI.

7-30	Arr.	Bombay (Colaba)	Dep.	21-0
24-35	Dep	Delhi	Arr.	0'55
24- 5	Arr.		Dep.	1'27
11- 8	Dep	Umballa Cantt.	Arr.	5-43
0-41	Arr.		Dep.	6- 8
9-30	Dep	Kalka*	Arr.	8- 0
18 30	Arr.		Dep.	8-30
13- 0	Dep.	Simla	Arr.	14-20

S. C. G WOOD,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.

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	Rs.	a.
Per line	0	4
Minimum charge	1	0

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APPLES—PEARS—9lbs. nett for Rs. 3-8, by V. P. parcel post, all charges included. Apply Captain BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Panjab. 0257

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WANTED—A TRAINED ACCOUNTANT. Apply, in person, MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—A DESPATCHER knowing precis writing. Salary Rs. 30. Apply, in person, MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—Active and influential AGENTS in every town in India, Burma and Ceylon to sell Automatic FIRE EXTINGUISHERS Harden. Write stating Bank reference to EXTINGUISHERS-HARDEN, 53, Rue Des Mathuris. Paris: (France). 0316

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FOR SALE.—Four cylinder F. N. MOTOR CYCLE and SIDE CAR FOR SALE, in perfect running order. Price Rs. 1,200 or near offer. Apply Box 30, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

FOR SALE CHESTNUT ARAB PONY five years very comfortable paces, believed sound. Price Rs. 350, or near offer. Box 26, c/o "Bombay Chronicle."

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Complete Programme at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

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The adaptation of Scott's Poem, "The Lady of the Lake," is a masterpiece.

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The Patter Comedian in a double turn.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.,
No. 22, APOLLO ST, FORT.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Sargent House, Apollo Bunder, opposite the Tram stable, (ground floor), valuable and handsome teak and blackwood, also carved, household furniture, rich glass, crokery and platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumb-waiters, table, hanging and hall lamps, wall clocks, meat safes, carpets, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, rich cabinets, fancy ornaments, China and Japanese vases, marble top chiffoniers, English palm stands, marble top tables, teapoys, one ebonized iron frame cottage piano, one brass 400 days timepiece, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing and wash hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, revolving chival glasses, majolica jardineers, soil linen baskets, reclining sofas, copper and aluminium utensils, sewing machine, bicycle, etc., etc. The property of Mrs. E. Williams, and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 31st inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Donald House, Colaba Causeway, opposite the Tramway Stable, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood furniture, rich glass and crokerware, plated-ware dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board dumb waiters, lamps, screens, carpets, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinet ornaments, China and Japanese vases, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing chests of drawers, cloth and gown presses, bentwood chairs, one cottage piano, by Rose and Co., marble top tables, teapoys, China, matting, copper and aluminium utensils, etc., etc. The property of Geo. Sawle, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF FRASER ICE-FACTORY, as a going concern.

Under instructions from Mr. S. B. Fraser, the Liquidator of the Fraser Ice Ft., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on FRIDAY, the 1st August, 1913, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, at Frere Road, Mody Bay, the following:—

A. The whole Ice-factory, facing the new Alexandra Dock, with good will fire proof, one storeyed building 170ft. by 50ft. another 3 storeyed small buildings.

B. 2759 square yards of land including six vacant plots for godowns leased for 99 years (12 years are spent).

C. The whole ice machinery consisting of 6, 8, and 10 tons each complete. In the alternative 3 separate Ice plants one for 10 tons and two of 6 tons each, complete with three boilers, three engines, 14 ice cell tanks, refrigerators, condensers, etc., in one lot or in three separate lots, or piecemeal as may suit intending purchasers will be put up to Auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 5th August, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 28th July, 1913.

SPECIAL OFFER
For the Rains.
NAVY SERGE SUIT,
Indigo Dye
Rs. 26/ only.
Note Address:—
DANN & Co.,
The Reliable Tailor & Outfitter.
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Hornby Road and Watson's Hotel,
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The

RAJAH'S CASKET.

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This film has been released only lately and is an unique production in many respects.

FULL PROGRAMME OF COMICS.

Bobby as an Apache.—(A highly amusing comedy with the famous boy-actor Bobby in the leading part.)

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3 Shows Nightly.—*7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11. Sat. and Sunday 11-15 to 12-15.*

Prize Shows.—Sat. and Sunday—5-30 to 6-30.

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THE
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WHEN THE
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Clothes Treated Antiseptically.
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Makes your skin soft and smooth.

You can easily have a clear, velvety, healthy complexion if you use

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This world-famous preparation quickly removes freckles, redness, roughness, cutaneous eruptions, and other disorders of the skin. Perhaps you know how unpleasant it is to suffer from these skin troubles—but whether you do or not, you should always have a bottle of Rowland's Kalydor handy and use it night and morning. Get it from your chemist. Rowland and Sons, 67, Hatton Garden, London, E.C. Sold by stores and chemists. Ask for Rowland's Kalydor, of 67, Hatton Garden, London, and avoid spurious imitations.

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as they give strength and vigour much desired. They are in use throughout the World, amongst rich and poor, males, and females, young and old. They require no observance of diet, and in all seasons blessing the users with memory, energy, good appetite, etc., thus restoring them to full health.

Re. I for a tin with 32 Pills.

Available Everywhere.

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MR. PLOWDEN AND DIVORCE.

MARRIAGE SYSTEM A "WICKED GAMBLE."

The Reform of the Divorce Law was discussed at a meeting of the Actresses' Franchise League on July 4, at Portman Rooms, and Mr. Plowden, the well-known Metropolitan Magistrate, who attended by special invitaion, described the present system as a disagree to civilisation, says the "Daily Chronicle."

Miss Gertrude Kingston, who presided, after mentioning that she was a widow, expressed disapproval of easy divorce, because when a person first discovered deception the first outburst of disappointed affection might results in a too hasty action. If a woman obtained a divorce in May she might realise her mistake in July, and think that it would have been best to forgive instead of being robbed of the opportunity of bestowing upon a husband that care and attention that a good wife desired to bestow.

Mrs. Ben Web ter expressed the view that divorce was the only remedy for a miserable marriage, and deplored the fact that people so often applied to an unhappy union the off-hac ded expression. "She has made her bed and must lie on it." In any other partnership there could be a dissolution, but many held that a distressed woman should allow her happiness to be ruined, and not remake a bed made when she was too young to know herself and realise what marriage entailed.

Mr. Plowden said legislation to extend the grounds for divorce was bound to come. He had authority to say that a Bill had been drafted to carry into action the proposals of the Majority Report of the Commission. The Bill was in the capable hunds of Sir David Brynmor Jones, and he believed it was laid on the table of the House of Commons the previous day.

No feverish agitation was required—no mammoth demonstrations in Hyde Park, not even the destruction of a single window-pane. What was required were a few penetrating lines in a short Act of Parliament, and there would be lifted an immense load of misery from thousands and thousands of homes which were at present rent asunder by conjugal strife.

DIVORCE BY MUTUAL CONSENT.

Referring to his police-court experience of separations, he said it was his sympathy with the poor that caused him to take an interest in the divorce question.

"I live amongst the poor," he added. "and I don't believe a more patient and more long-suffering class are to be found than in the slums and alleys of London."

In many cases, he continued, separations led women to the gutter or workhouse through no fault of their own. What was wanted was not medicine, but a surgical operation. When a woman discovered that she had married a drunkard who terrorised her, or her partner became a lunatic some people held that she should be bound to him, "because the sanctity of the tie forbade divorce!" Others said: "Whom God hath joined——," But he was not going to confound God with a curate. (Laughter and cheers.) He would rather say, "Whom God has ceased to join let no man keep together." Besides holding that divorce should be granted by mutual consent, he would like to see no marriage legal unless it was performed before the registrar.

Without divorce, marriage—at the best an experiment—was reduced to a wicked gamble, for it punished the innocent. That a couple, whose confident hope of a happy union was replaced by a decision after marriage that they were not suited, could not break the fetters which they had innocently forged was a cruel barbarity and a positive disgrace to civilisation.

SPENDS £200,000 A YEAR IN TIPS.

MILLIONAIRE WHO "CAN'T GET EVEN WITH INCOME."

The New York correspondent of the "Daily Chronicle" wired on July 6th as follows:—

Mr. Charles G. Gates, the Chicago and New York financier, son of the late Mr. John W. Gates, the railway magnate, arrived in New York last night in a special train from Minneapolis, which made the fastest dash across country that has ever been known. It covered nearly 1,400 miles from the Minnesota city to New York in several hours under schedule time. It is stated that for some distance the train ran at 90 miles an hour.

Young Mr. Gates has attracted considerable attention lately by the lavish use of money, and this is not the first time he has employed a special train for his sole accommodation.

Two years ago, when he was taken ill in Arizona, he travelled the 3,000 miles to New York by special in 70 hours, or 20 hours less than the ordinary train takes.

Since his father's death Mr. Gates has inherited something like £10,000,000, and he declares that he cannot get even with his income, no matter how he spends it. "I give away a million (£200,000) in 'tips' alone every year," said Mr. Gates when asked about the money he spent. "My father left me more money than I know what to do with. Money is made to burn, anyway, and I am burning it. I only want enough left to buy a coffin after I'm dead."

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

The following rainfall statistics have been registered at the Colaba Observatory:

Fall for 24 hours ended 8 a.m. July 26, 0·56 in.

Fall from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. July 27, 0·18 in.

Fall since June 1, 65 in.

Excess over average since June 1, 16·44 in.

The following are the rainfall statistics as registered on other gauges in Bombay:—

Rain Gauges.	24 hours to 8 a. m of 26 July 1913	Total since June 1st 1913.
	In. cts.	In. cts.
H. G. Hospital ..	0.17	66 73
G. T. Hospital ..	0.12	65.49
J. J. Hospital ..	0.06	68 08
Sion Factory ..	No	Return

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hour on Saturday the 26th July 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the north and the east Punjab; Rawalpindi has had 0.34", Lahore 0.68", Ambala 1.25" Sirsa 0.96" and Delhi 0.21". Skies are clear in the south-west Punjab and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in excess at Rawalpindi and in defect at Ambala and Sirsa; night temperature is in excess at Multan and in defect at Sirsa.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Jaipur records 1.16" of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual at Bikaner. Day temperature is in defect at Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rain has fallen in west Central India and local rain in Gujarat; Surat has had 0.15", Neemuch 0.89" and Indore 0.11". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Central Provinces.—General rain has fallen; Jubbulpore has had 2.35", Saugor 0.34", Hoshangabad 2.00", Khandwa 0.49", Akola 0.57", Amraoti 1.69", Nugpur 1.24", Chanda 0.90" and Raipur 1.85". Skies are heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature has fallen and is in defect in the southern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Bombay has had 0.56", Mormugao 0.17" and Karwar 2.16". Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Hyderabad and fairly general in the Bombay Deccan; Ahmednagar has had 0.10", Poona 0.12", Sholapur 0.24" Belgaum 0.66", Nizamabad 0.80" and Hyderabad 0.89". Skies are heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in defect at Poona and Nizamabad.

General Remarks.—The storm has moved in a nearly westerly direction and is central to-day in the neighbourhood of Jubbulpore. The deficiency of pressure at Jubbulpore is more than a quarter of an inch. Rainfall has been widespread and fairly heavy in the Central Provinces but has been insignificant in the reporting area in the United Provinces. Nearly general rain has fallen also in the north and the east Punjab, west Central India, Hyderabad and on the west coast of the Peninsula, and fairly general rain in the Bombay Deccan. Rainfall has been local in east Rajputana and Gujarat. There has thus been an increase of rainfall in the Punjab, the central parts of the country and Rajputana but a large decrease in the United Provinces. The storm may continue to move in a west-north-westerly direction.

Nearly general rain is likely in the Central Provinces, west Central India and on the west coast of the Peninsula; fairly general rain in Hyderabad; local rain in the east Punjab, the United Provinces, east Rajputana, Gujarat and the Bombay Deccan.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. ON SATURDAY, the 26th of July, 1913.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. since 1st June to date.	Variation. 1st June to date.
PERSIAN AREA—						
Bushire ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jask ..	93·3	81·0	56	..	..	..
Do. (25th) ..	97·3	85·3	72	..	..	—0·06
Muskat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (25th) ..	94·8	87·1	81	..	..	—0·17
PUNJAB—						
Multan ..	104·8	88·0	76	..	5·70	+3·66
Rawalpindi ..	101·9	73·6	87	0·34	7·30	—1·34
Lahore ..	98·9	77·7	85	0·68	8·97	+2·58
Sirsa ..	93·3	76·5	91	0·96	12·3	—4·38
Ambala ..	81·5	74·9	81	1·25	18·15	+8·46
Delhi ..	95·5	77·3	80	0·21	9·24	—0·63
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra ..	91·5	79·5	75	0·04	5·18	—5·38
Mainpuri ..	97·8	82·1	68	0·40	5·11	—4·03
Jhansi ..	92·6	79·5	73	..	3·54	—11·13
Cawnpore ..	93·6	81·5	77	..	8·36	—4·39
Allahabad ..	90·1	79·0	79	0·07	9·51	—5·26
SIND AND RAJPUTANA—						
Jacobabad ..	105·1	84·8	70	..	1·08	+0·04
Karachi ..	87·0	79·5	83	..	8·68	+5·18
Ajmer ..	89·0	78·2	77	..	7·26	—0·76
Jaipur ..	86·2	76·1	79	0·16	10·79	+2·50
Kotah ..	92·6	79·6	73	0·02	4·58	—6·82
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj ..	87·0	76·5	84	..	19·86	+12·19
Dwarka ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Veraval ..	83·1	77·8	89	0·02	..	..
Rajkot ..	89·1	73·9	81	..	22·58	+13·09
Bhavnagar ..	..	..	..	..	17·73	+3·59
Para. ..	91·0	77·3	81	..	..	..
Surat ..	86·1	76·6	96	0·15	27·77	+19·20
Ahmedabad ..	86·6	77·7	94	0·08	27·26	+4·21
Deesa ..	86·3	76·4	89	0·04	19·54	+4·46
Neemuch ..	85·9	74·9	90	0·89	14·40	+4·55
Indore ..	82·1	73·6	98	0·11	11·01	—0·28
					12·04	—2·04
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore ..	87·8	74·3	96	2·35	17·16	—5·77
Saugor ..	85·3	74·1	95	0·34	13·42	—5·59
Hoshangabad ..	83·1	75·4	99	2·00	15·69	—3·57
Khandwa ..	85·7	73·1	15	0·49	19·59	+6·73
Akola ..	84·7	74·5	90	·57	14·8[illegible]	+0·95
Amraoti ..	81·8	72·3	97	1·69	20·95	+6·20
Nagpur ..	83·1	73·3	95	1·24	12·82	+1·82
Chanda ..	78·0	73·0	83	0·90	27·38	+5·07
Raipur ..	78·7	73·6	97	1·85	17·92	+3·14
KONKAN—						
Bombay ..	83·1	75·4	85	0·56	57·65	—6·44
Ratnagiri ..	83·8	74·4	86	0·08	55·23	—4·35
Mormugao ..	84·5	77·7	87	0·17	67·73	+10·42
Karwar ..	82·7	74·5	89	2·16	67·73	—5·95
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon ..	84·9	74·1	87	..	9·78	+1·05
Ahmednagar ..	81·1	70·0	83	0·10	16·22	+8·27
Poona ..	75·5	71·3	89	0·12	18·91	+8·34
Sholapur ..	85·3	71·6	90	0·24	9·55	+6·15
Bijapur ..	84·2	71·8	85	0·02	8·54	+3·37
Belgaum ..	75·3	67·5	95	0·66	18·16	—3·15
Aurangabad ..	81·4	70·7	95	0·05	14·41	+3·56
Nizamabad ..	78·4	72·2	88	0·80	26·66	+13·32
(Indur).						
Hyderabad ..	88·8	71·2	92	0·89	9·85	—0·28
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore ..	85·8	78·6	84	0·05	60·83	—9·45
Calicut ..	84·3	77·6	93	0·74	49·63	—11·14
Cochin ..	84·7	74·7	86	0·60	44·44	—3·83
Colombo ..	86·0	77·5	86	0·07	11·26	—0·77
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam ..	94·3	81·2	70	..	4·34	—5·57
Bellary ..	92·6	75·3	64	..	3·02	—0·44
Cuddapah ..	96·5	77·0	58	..	4·60	—2·27
Madras ..	97·5	83·5	54	..	2·53	—2·71
Bangalore ..	89·8	64·8	85	..	8·0	+1·76
Coimbatore ..	87·9	71·3	83	..	2·65	—0·11
Trichinopoly ..	99·1	79·3	52	..	1·28	—1·24
[illegible] ..	96·7	72·7	45	..	1·15	—1·82

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
SIMLA, July 27.

The storm has continued to travel westeward, and this morning its centre lies over Neemuch. It has again given some heavy rain to the south of its path. The Bay current has weakened materially nad has provided but little rain outside of Burma. The Arabian Sea current has been active chiefly in the central parts of the country and Gujarat.

Tavoy reports three inches; Moulmein, seven; Akyab, two; Bhamo and Cherrapunji, three, Jhansi, one and a half; Sirsa, half; Fort Sandeman, a quarter; Udaipur, one and half; Mount Abu, four; Deesa and Ahmedabad, one and a half; Neemuch two; Indore, one; Pachmarhi, eight; Hoshangabad and Khandwa, five; Amraoti, two; Cocanada, one and a half.

Forecast:— Rainfall will probably increase in Gujarat and south Rajputana and extend into Sind. A decrease is likely in the Central Provinces and Central India.

S. S. Cuyahoga:—The steamer Cuyahoga, which arrived in the harbour on Saturday from Sabun, reports strong south-west monsoon rough sea.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA, BOMBAY, 25th July 1913.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg.		
Fahr	.. inches	29·641'
Temperature of Air ..	degrees	81·5
Wet Bulb Thermometer ..	.. ,,	78·2
Dew Point	.. ,,	77·0
Relative humidity of Air ..	.. ,,	0·864
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	..	9·4
Maximum-temperature of Air ..	degrees	83·1
Minimum do. do. ..	.. ,,	79.1
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		WSW.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	miles	385
Fall of Rain	inches	0·60
Total fall during month ..	.. ,,	31·84
Total fall during year ..	.. ,,	57·65
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a. m. of 26th July ..	.. ,,	0·00

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F., and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a. m., Standard Time on the 24th July, 1913, was 29·811 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ship the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by 0018 inch for every 5 degrees, according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. but for comparison at 80° F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a. m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

SUN, MOON & TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Meantime. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock Sill.

1913		High water.		
Day of week.	Day of month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.
	July.	h.	m.	f. in.
Mon.	28	m 6	23	24 5
		5	37 a	24 8
Tues.	29	m 7	47	24 11
		6	46 a	24 6
Wed.	30	m 9	9	25 1
		8	13 a	24 8
Thurs.	31	2	44	21 1
	August	9	59	25 4
Fri.	1	9	22	26 2
		10	44	28 2
		10	21	26 2

1913		Low water.		
Day of week.	Day of month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.
	July.	h.	m.	ft. in.
Mon.	28	m 11	59	21 11
		m 0	39	17 11
Tues.	29	1	45 a	21 11
		m 1	43	17 3
Wed.	30	3	3 a	21 5
		2	44	16 6
Thurs.	31	3	59	20 6
	August	m 3	47	15 8
Fri.	1	4	46	19 5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

July,	Sunrise.	Sunset.
28. (Mon.)	6h. 14m.	7h. 16m.
29. (Tues..)	6h. 14m.	7h. 16 m.
30. (Wed.)	6h. 15m.	7h. 15 m.
31. (Thurs.)	6h. 15m.	7h. 15 m.
Aug. 1. (Fri.)	6h. 15m.	7h. 14 m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—Last quarter, July 26th, 3h 23.7 m. P. M.; New Moon, August 2nd, 6h 28·1 m. P. M., First quarter, 9th, 9h. 33.0 m. A. M.; Full Moon, 17th, 11h. 57,0 m. A. M.

A European named L. C. Bush, Messrs. Kellner and Co.'s Dining Car Manager on the E. I. Railway, was arrested by the Government Railway Police at Howrah Station on Monday on a charge of embezzling Rs. 200 belonging to Messrs. Kellner and Co., The accused was produced before the District Magistrate of Howrah who remanded him to custody until the hearing of the case on the 30th instant.

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BOMBAY and at CALCUTTA, MADRAS and KARACHI.

COMMERCIAL

THE MONEY MARKET.

LONDON QUOTATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 26.

Consols 2½ per cent.	72-15/16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs.	25·25
Rentes 3 per cent.	84¾
Berlin Cheques on London	20·46¼
Bar Silver spot	27¼
Bar Silver 2 months hence	27-7/16
Closing tone of Silver :—Indian Buyers Buying	
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent.	64
Exchange on India 30 d/st. (Bank buying rate)	1/3 13/16
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4½ per cent. since 17th April 1913.	
2½ per cent. India Stock (Sterling Loan)	84¾
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	4½
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4½
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 months	5
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77-9
Interest day to day loans	2¾
Interest 7 day market loans	3

BOMBAY MONEY MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

July 26.

PAPER MARKET.

The Government Paper Market presented a weak tone to-day and the Market witnessed a drop of one anna during the course of the day. The Market opened at Rs. 96-7 but gradually declined and stood at Rs. 96-6 for 31st July delivery. The business done was on a limited scale. The rate for the subsequent delivery remained at annas two less.

Ready Paper was placed at about the same rate as ruling for account.

SHARES.

The Cotton Mill Share Market preserved a steady tone, and yesterday's rates were almost maintained.

Colaba stood steady at Rs. 1,502-8 for August.

Madhowji after touching Rs. 1,502-8 closed at Rs. 1,497-8 for August.

Standard advanced to Rs. 1,445 for August.

Ahmedabad advanced were in demand at Rs. 937 and Rs. 940 for August.

Centrals stord at Rs. 2,130 and Swadeshi at Rs. 1,727-8.

Currimbhai improved to Rs. 272-8 for August.

Finlay declined to Rs. 367-8.

Swan moved up to Rs. 302-8.

Specie Bank Shares were placed at Rs. 64-8 c. d.

Bank of Bombay Shares declined to Rs. 1,667-8.

Tata Iron and Steel Deferred Shares changed hands at Rs. 193-8 for September.

Tata Hydro Preference Shares were placed at Rs. 702-8 and Rs. 705.

Tata Hydro Ordinary were in demand at Rs. 902-8.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

LONDON, July 25.

Silver to Bombay	£50,000
Gold Bar to Bombay	£120,000
Gold Coin to Bombay	£10,000
Silver to Ceylon	£1,000
Silver to Hongkong	
Silver to Shanghai	£29,000

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 27.

The tone of the Exchange Market is gaining firmness every day. Ready bills are not in full supply but they are freely offered at forward rates.

Government Paper was quoted on Saturday noon at Rs. 96-6 for cash and Rs. 96-4 for forward, the position of Telegraphic Transfers being mentioned at 1s. 3 15/16d., three months document attached bills are at 1s. 4 7/32d. and for six months at 1s. 4 7/16d. and On Demand is quoted at 1s. 3 31/32d.

The Share Market closed quiet with the exception of coal investments which are attracting keen attention.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LIVERPOOL July 24

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	6,000 bales
Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp	1,000 "
Total Day's Sales of East Indian.	—— "
Total Day's Imports	2,000 "
Tone of Liverpool, Cotton Spot :—Easier-Dull.	
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Futures :—Easy.	
Mid. Americans	6·59d.
Egyptian F. G. F.	9·45 1

CLOSING PRICES.

Months.	Previous closing price.	Tendency price
J. A.	6·32	6·33
A. S.	6·24	6 25
S. O.	6·13	6·14
O. N.	6·09	6·10
N. D.	6·04	6.05
D. J.	6·04	6·05
J. F.	6·04	6.05
F. M.	6·06	6·07
M. A	6.07	6·08

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Opening Tone	Dull
Estimated Sales	6 000
Total Imports	2 000

Future Delivery Prices :—

AMERICAN COTTON.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

NEW YORK, July 24.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 3,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain ..... —
Day's Exports to Continent 5,000
Futures at New York, August, 11'57., Previous closing price 11'29.
Futures at New York, October, 11'11. Previous closing price 11'30.
Declined owing to Bearish private crop reports and to southern selling of Futures in the local Market.
Spot Cotton at New York 11'95. Previous price 12'07
Spot Cotton at New Orleans 12. Previous price 12 1-16.
Tone of Spot Cotton :—Quiet.
Futures at New Orleans August 11'55. Previous price 11'61.
Futures at New Orleans October 11'17. Previous price 11'32
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9½
Demand Bills 4'86¾.
Silver Commercial Bars 59 1-8

AMERICAN MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 25.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of Cotton at U. S. Ports	"
" Exports to Great Britain 6,000	"
" Exports to France and Continent 15,000	"
Week's Exports to Japan ——	"
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports 169,000	"
Stock of Cotton at Interior Ports 145.000,,	"

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

July 26.

The liquidation of July position depresses the American Markets, and the bearish enthusiasm seems to develop as the bears expect the movement of the new crop by the middle of next month, and they evidently seem to be in their glory again, though they were badly hit last year.

In reply to our telegraphic inquiry our New Yorks funds do not recommend to follow decline as rains are badly needed in Texas.

Local market though yesterday hardened up about Rs. 2 per candy owing to native fraternity covering their short sales, is likely to ease off again in sympathy with the American markets, as at present the short side is still the popular side.

THE MOVEMENT.

Port receipts for the seven days have been 18,000 as against 20,000 bales last week and 12,000 bales last year.

The comparative table of exports for the week is as under :—,

	1913 bales	Last week bales	1912 bales
Great Britain ...	6,000	11,000	6,000
Continent	16,000	13,000	6,000

Stocks at all American Ports stand at 169,000 bales as compared with 187,000 bales last week and 257,000 bales last year.

The total stock at the interior Ports upto the week ending 25th July, 1913 was 145,000 bales as against 162,000 bales last week and 105,000 bales last year.

VISIBLE SUPPLY AND TOTAL INTO SIGHT.

The world's visible supply show the undernoted variations for the week :—

	1913 bales	Last week bales	1912. bales
American ...	1,401,000	1,556,000	1,679,000
Other kinds ...	511,000	506,000	337,000

The total into sight show 13,490,000 bales against last week 13,470,000 bales and 15,320,000 same period last year.

WEEKLY REPORT,

LONDON, July 26.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	13,490,000
Egyptian visible Supply	164,000
East Indian "	194,000
American "	1,401,000
Other "	153.000
Total Sales	53,000
East Indian Sales	200
Total Speculation	5,000
Total Export	2,000
East Indian Export	——
East Indian Stock	11,000
East Indian Forwarded	1,300
East Indian Actual Export	500
East Indian Imports	1,000
East Indian Speculation	——
American Afloat.	20,000
East Indian Afloat	8.000
Total Afloat	49,000

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

LONDON, July 25.

Good Bengal M. G.	52-16 d
F. G.	51-16 d.
Fine	56- 6 d.
Good Bhownuggur	5 10-16 d.
F. G.	5 12-16 d
Fine	5 14-16 d.
Fine M. G. Bhownuggur	5 14-16 d.
Good Oomra M. G.	5 1-16 d.
F. G.	5 13-16 d.
Fine	5 15-16 d.
Good M G. Oomra	5 11-16 d
Fine M. G. Oomra	5 15-16 d.
Good Broach	5 14-16 d.
F. G.	61-32 d.
Fine	63-16 d.
Stock of Cotton in London	——
Good Khandeish	59-16 d.
F. G.	5 11-16 d.

A SWEET breath is a sign of a sound stomach. Kasagra, the delightful because it regulates the bowels and liquid laxative, sweetens the breath, improves digestion.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA.

A SATISFACTORY REPORT.

The third report of the Directors of the Central Bank of India, Ltd., for the half-year ended June 30, 1913, is an eminently satisfactory document.

The gross profits for the half year amounted to Rs. 1,11,970 and deducting therefrom Rs. 38,556 for establishment and other charges, the net earnings amount to Rs. 73,414 *i.e.*, nearly 10 per cent per annum on the paid up Capital. From this amount, Rs. 3,821 has been deducted on account of income tax on Rs. 1,00,000 being the premium received on new issue of shares and income tax on profits of this half year. The net profits therefore including Rs. 20,429-11-9 brought forward, amounted to Rs. 90,023. This sum the Directors, as already mentioned, disposed of as follows :—I payment of an ad-interim dividend at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, free of income tax for the half year ended 30th June, 1913, Rs. 45,000; carried forward to next account Rs. 45,000.

The working capital stands at Rs. 1,35,96,000 as compared with Rs. 1,10,57,600 on 30th December 1912, and Rs. 40,48,000 on 30th June, 1912.

The Directors have resolved to open their first Branch at Karachi which will work under the supervision of a Local Committee of the following members :—

(1) The Hon. Mr. Jehangir H. Kothari.
(2) Divan Bulchand Dayaram, (President, Municipal Corporation, Hyderabad Sind).
(3) Mr. Jamshed N. R. Mehta (of Nusserwanji & Co., Karachi).
(4) Mr. Yusufally Allibhai Karimji, (Chairman, Indian Chamber of Commerce, Karachi).

The total market value of the securities held on account of advances against Cotton, Piece Goods, Yarn, Immovable Properties, Shares, Debentures, Government Papers, Port Trust, Municipal and Improvement Trust Bonds, etc., are estimated at about Rs. 1,28,33,000 against which actual advances are to the extent of Rs. 91,07,500 thus leaving a clear margin of about 29 per cent.

THE BANK OF BENGAL.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 25.

At yesterday's meeting of the Bank of Bengal no change was made in the rate of interest on demand loans, which remains at 3 per cent. There was a big decrease in the cash balance at the head office and the percentage fell from 52.95 to 46.87. The present position is as follows :—

LIABILITIES.

Government Balance at Head Office Rs.	1.81.24.135	increase.
" at Branches.. "	1.05.036	decrease.
Other Deposits " "	4.65.983	decrease.
Post Bills " "	24,626.	increase

ASSETS.

Bank's Investments .. Rs.	2.20.62.545	increase
Loans .. "	2,01,337	decrease.
Accounts of Credit .. "	3,63.810	do.
Mercantile Bills .. "	10,71.559	increase.
Cash at Head Office .. "	90.72.793	decrease.
Do. at Branches .. "	14.81.138	increase

FOREIGN MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, July 26.

Metals.—Standard Copper G. M. B. £65⅝; Copper Brazlers £80; Yellow Metal 6⅞; Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary Sizes F. O. B. Antwerp, 4-15-0 Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G. O. B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool 10-15-0 Basic Steel Bars, Belgian C. I. F. India, 5-10-0.

Freight.—Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal 13-6 value.

Seeds.—Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs. 95 per cent. ex-ship. 54½; July-August; Dunkirk, sellers. Rapeseed, Yellow Gujerat, 415 lbs. ex-ship, 56; Sept., October; Dunkirk; sellers Rapeseed, Brown, 416 lbs. ex-ship, 49½; July-August; Hamburg, sellers, cash; firmer Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-ship 51; August; September, Dunkirk; sellers, quiet. Linseed Calcutta 47 London, July-August; quiet, steady. Linseed Argentine (La Plata), 47; August-September; Antwerp, nearest value. Bombay Cottonseed, 7-0-0; July-August, Hull; buyers, firm.

Wheat.—Australian wheat nominal :—Wheat White Delhi, per 492 lbs. C. I. F. 38½ July-August; London, sellers. Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492 lbs, C. I. F. 38; July-August; London, buyers, cereal. Wheat F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492 lbs; C. I. F. nominal, quiet, steady.

Rubber.—Para Rubber 3-5½: July-August: sellers, quiet.

Sugar.—German granulated sugar C. & F. India (Double bags), 17-6; sellers, Oct.-Dec.; Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India, 11-8½; sellers; Jan.-March. German Beetroot 8-1; sellers; August, 9-2; sellers, Oct. Dec., market quiet. B. A. R. and similar Crystals C. & F. India, 13-4½, sellers Nov.-December, quiet. Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta and Bombay :—no quotation.

Java Sugar.—Quiet, unchanged.

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BOMBAY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Banks.

Names and Amount paid up.	When Div. Paid.	Last Div.	Approximate Quotation.
INDIAN BANKS.			R
Bank of Bombay ..	Jan.-July	13 %	1,667/8
Bank of India Rs. 50 ..	do.	6 %	68/4
Bank of Bengal ..	do.	14 %	1,740
Bank of Madras ..	do.	12 %	1,450
Bank of Rangoon ..	..	6 %	100
Bank of Baroda Rs. 50.	do.	8 %	72
Bombay Merchants Bank Ld. Rs. 10 ..	do.	6¼ o/o	14¼
The Central Bank of India Rs. 25 ..	..	6	30-8
The Central Co-operative Bank, Rs. 15, ..	..	6¼	22
Credit Bank Rs. 10, ..	..	6% o/o	13
Specie Bank Rs. 50 ..	Jan.-July	9 o/o	64/8 CD
Standard Bank Rs. 50..	..	..	50
Alliance Bank of Simla, Ld, ..	Jan.-Aug	14 o/o	282
Allahabad Bank ..	..	18 o/o	361
People's Bank of India Rs. 30 ..	..	9 o/o	28
The Poona Bank: ..			
(Old issue) Rs. 30 ..	June	10 o/o	40
(New issue) Rs. 15..	do.		18
Punjab National Bk..		10 o/o	175
EXCHANGE BANKS.			
Chartered Bank ..	Oct.-Apl.	16 o/o	£60
Mercantile Bank £12 A	..	7 o/o	£21
£12 B	do.	7 o/o	£21
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp ..	Feb.-Aug	£4	£8/
Eastern Bank, Ld. £4	New	5 o/o	86
National Bank of India £12 ..	Sept-Mar	14 o/o	60⅞

Spinning and Weaving Companies.

Ahmedabad Advnc..	May-Oct.	25		94
Alliance ..	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		7
Berar Manufacturing.	..	..		107
Bo Cotton Manuig.	..	..		230-8
Bo Dying and M. Co..	..	30		740
Bombay United ..	May-Nov.	25		5,28
Century ..	Apl.-Oct.	12		287-8
Central India ..	May-Nov.	55		17 2/8
Ch. ia ..	Mar.-Sep.	50		7925
Ch oi Silk ..	..	20		755
Co..ba Land and M.I.	Mar.-Sep.	50		1,502/8
Coronation Mills ..	Mar.-Sep.	Nil.		440
Connaught ..	do.	Nil.		190
Coorla ..	April	40		650
Crescent ..	Mar.-Sep.	5		123-4
Currimbhoy ..	do.	12-8		272-8
David ..	May-Nov.	20		370
Edward Sassoon ..	..	8		190
Emperor Edward ..	..	25		485
Empress ..	Mar.-Sep.	..		140
Fazulbhoy ..	May	20		587/8
Framjee Petit ..	Apl.-Oct.	60		1,055
Finlay Mills ..	..	15		367/8
Gold Mohur ..	..	25		450
Hindustan ..	Mar.-Sep.	45		660
Howard and Bullough ..	do.	15		475
Hyderabad ..	do.	60		1,325
Imperial Cotton ..	do.	Nil.		115
Indian Dyeing and Bleaching ..	..	4		105
Indian Manufacturing ..	do.	40.		460 XD
Indo-China Manufg ..	Apl.-Oct.	60		1,025
Indore Malwa ..	Dec.	5		165
James Greaves ..	Mar.-Sep.	Nil.		190
Jamshed Manufg. ..	Apl.-Oct.	6¼		130
Jewraj Baloo ..	May	16		440
Jubilee Mills ..	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		290
Khandesh Rs. 610 ..	June-Dec	25		900
Khatao ..	May-Nov	45		1,390
Kohinoor ..	Mar-Aug	25		795
Lakshmi Cotton ..	April	60		1,345
Madhowji Dharamsi..	June-Dec	75		1,497-8
Madras United ..	June-Dec	60		900
Manockjee Petit ..	Mar.-Sep.	50		3,185
Meyer Sassoon ..	..	Nil.		100
Morarjee Goculdas ..	Apl.-Oct.	115		3,200
Nawab of Cambay ..	..	30		165
New Great Eastern ..	Apl.-Oct.	9		245
New City of Bombay..	Mar.-Sep.	85		1,090
Phoenix ..	Jan.-July.	7½		167/8
Presidency ..	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.		390
Ripon ..	do.	Nil.		130
Sassoon Cotton ..	April	Yr. 50		520
Sassoon Silk ..	do.	Yr. 35		4,200
Sholapore ..	June-Dec	250		4,900
S. Mahratta ..	Nov.	..		70
Standard Mills ..	May-Nov	45		1445
Sun ..	Oct.	..		128/12
Surat Rice Mill ..	May	15		221
Swan ..	New O	12½		302-8
Swadeshi ..	May-Oct.	50		1,720
Textile ..	Apl.-Oct.	60		1,420
Union Mill ..	..	Nil.		135
Vishnu Cotton (C. / P.)	..	Nil.		455
Western India ..	..	Nil.		660
Mysore Spinning ..	Sept.	45		615
	July	15		250

Press Companies.

		Last year Div. R.	Rs.
Akbar ..	May	300	4,80
Albert Kurrachee ..	N .	45	509
Bicul's Cawnpore ..	. .	65	120
The Bellary Press ..	Dec.	15	200
Broach City ..	Oct.	14	130
Port ..	Nov.	5	190
Godavery Valley ..	..	6	95
Harvey and Sahb'pty.	July	40	725
Hindustan P. & M.	..	15	125
Hingolee ..	Sept.	5	80
Indian Cotton ..	Oct.	9¼	137/8
Jumna Ginning and Pressing Co., Ld. ..	..	7½	13⅜
Khangaum ..	Sept.	30	305
Manmadpura Cta. ..	..	7½	100
Mahuva ..	Oct.	Nil.	125
Mercantile ..	do.	Nil.	20
Myamar Manufg ..	Aug	12½	23
New East Indian ..	Sept.	78	870
New Mofussil Co. ..	Nov.	50	865
New Berar ..	Oct.	35	552-8
New Prince of Wales..	do.	45	750
Sind ..	Nov.	30	250
Surat City ..	Oct.	20	235
Vaikari, U. P. Ld. ..	Sept.	40	660
Vardwan G. P. ..	..	12	125

Railway Companies.

Ahmedabad Prantej Railway ..	Feb.-July	6½		675
Amritsar Patty ..	Mar.-Aug	60/0		13
Central Provinces Railway Rs. 75 ..	Jan.-July	4		96/8
Dhond Baramati Rs. 50		4 o/o		121
Guzerat Rlys. Rs. 100		4		121/8
Sind Light Rys. Ld.—	June-Dec	7		140
Kapti valley Railway Co	Apl.-Aug	7½		607/8
Ahmedabad Dholka Railway ..	Feb.-Aug	5½ o/o		133/4

Miscellaneous Companies.

		Last year Div.		
Alcock Ashdown Co..	st.-May	10		155
All India U. I. Co.. Ld. Rs. 25 ..	August	nil.		11
Jamankus ..	..	Nil.		4
Jack Ray Mr ..	..			
Jadham Pile ..	..			94 X D
Baroda Tram Co. ..	Jan.-Aug			35 C D
Bo. Burma T. Corpr..	..	15		667
Bombay Electric Supply and T. Co., Ld.	F. Feb.-Aug O.	.. 3		175/8 193
Bombay Ice Manufg..	H. yearly	Rs. 2		23
Bombay Flour Mill ..	Mar.-Oct.	40		950
Bo. Land and Building	..	30		400
Bombay Steam Navigation Co.	O. Mar.-Sep. P. Sep.-Oct.	5 6 %		247/8 270
Central I. M. Co., Ld..	April	20%		29¾
City of Bombay Building Co. ..	Dec.-Jun Sep.	30 H.yr. 8		450
Delhi Flour ..	..	30		115
Empire of I. L. Rs. 50.	..	..		315
Indian Mentle. In. Co. Ld., Rs. 20. ..	Dec.	30 1¼		20
Indian Oil Cake Company, Ltd.	Old 100 New issue 25	.. ..		100 25
	P 100	March. Oct.-July	7 % 13	101 200
John Roberts & Co..	..	..		..
Jost's Fans Supply Co. Rs. 50 ..	July. do.	10 % 12½		50 183
Kemp & Co., Rs. 175..	..	..		107½
Karrachee Landing Rs. 75.	July	..		101
Marks & Co. ..	..	8		100
Marsland Price Co. O.	..	..		..
Marsland Price Co. P..	..	..	Nil.	70
Napier Hotel Co. ..	..	7 %		25
O. Govt. S. Life A. Rs. 50. ..	May July	20 %		402/10
Phillips & Co. ..	Sep.	Rs. 3¾		35
Port Canning Co. ..	..	40		680
shivrajpur Synd, etc..	..	10 %		22
Shivrajpur Debs. ..	..	8 %		500
idar Carbic G's. Co.	Mar.-Aug	..		95
ou dy & Co. ..	..	..	40	nom
Tata Iron Steel Co.	O. D. P.	Nil. Jan & ..		92/8 193-8
Tata Hydro Electric ..	July	..		172
.. ..	..	4 %		902/8 702/8
Thacker & Co. ..	May.	24 %		198 XD
Telephone Co. ..	July	Rs. 2½		66
Treacher & Co. ..	..	Rs. 15		492-8 XD

Buyer 2 S—Seller Nom—Nominal price CD—Cum-dividend XD—Ex-dividend.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE AT HOME.

EFFECTS OF RAND STRIKE.

PROPOSED GOLD MINT FOR INDIA.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 11.

"The mysterious manipulations of the Bull and the Bear!" This phrase was used by the late Lord Dufferin at a meeting of the great London and Globe Company. Of these mysteries, the silver tongued diplomat and statesman confessed he knew little. Had he known more, he might have realised how deep laid was the volcanic plot on which he stood, and have escaped the ghastly collapse that broke the heart of a high—minded man. It was when Lord Dufferin insisted on the company expending its funds on a noble enterprise like the Bakerloo railway, for the benefit of the people of London and the legitimate profit to the Corporation, that the secret came out. It was not Mr. Whitaker Wright's idea of finance, he was not capable of dealing with it, while on the other hand it locked up the loose capital with which Mr. Wright was bolstering up figures, and deceiving at once his chairman and his shareholders. But this is ancient history, and only interesting as showing how little the shrewdest of outsiders can realise the secrets of stock and share manipulation. Yet if the undercurrent of the Stock Exchange is mysterious in its intricacies, it is symplicity itself compared to the hundred and one cross-flows that move beneath the surface of the International money market. I well remember when the South African war checked the working of the Rand Gold Mines; thereby stopping one of Europe's most important sources of gold supply; bankers, the most experienced and shrewdest in the world, prophesied all kinds of disaster. To all practical intents, their forecasts were falsified. Who then shall dare to foretell the result of the recent events at Johannesburg! Even a temporary cessation of work on the mines of the Rand means an enormous falling off of the world's gold supply, but it is quite impossible to say, in these days when powers of quick communication and the rapid spread of civilisation, has changed the world into a comparatively small network of financial mysteries and complications, what will be the effect on loan and discount rates throughout the money centres. It's true that the awful tragedy of the Balkans—and I trust I shall not be considered unduly egotistical if I refer to warnings in these letters during the early days of the so-called settlement when the financial journals one and all were writing with short—sighted optimism—should help to tighten monetary conditions, to say nothing of the collossal expenditure on defence by the nations of Europe; and it is true that these conditions promise ill for the early release of those great hoardings which have been the chief characteristic of European money markets during the past six months. How difficult it is to judge the movements of money and the moods of those who possess it may be gathered by the success of one or two capital issues over here, that have followed a series of failures shepherded by some of the greatest financial houses in the world. The last example was a large issue by the Bovril Company in connection with their Argentine Land scheme. It met with surprising success, although the promoters did not even seek for underwriting.

OPPOSITION TO INDIAN GOLD MINT.

Seldom, if ever, has so much attention been paid to the subject of India's finance, especially in connection with its currency relations with this, country, as at the present time. Of course, this is largely due, to the sitting of the Royal Commission on Indian Finances. Not the least interesting development is the pressure for a local mint for gold coinage, which is officially expressed as coming from the people of India. The scheme is not viewed with favour by leading business men in England, who claim that they have the bulk of expert opinion in India on their side. Be this as it may, there seems considerable reason in their question as to what is meant by the "People of India," as even the ordinary man over here knows quite well that the majority of the people of India, whose interests are to be considered, have never heard of the subject, and certainly not of the Royal Commission. There, are those in the City who ask whether this cry of the "people of India" is not another term for the personal enthusiasm of the chairman of the Chamber of Commerce at Karachi. I prefer to state facts rather than express opinions with regard to this subject, and can say safely that the feeling among business men here is very strong against a creation of an Indian gold mint. It is felt that with the enormous hoarding capacities of the Indian population, it may materially affect the visible supply of gold, while being unnecessary for convenient currency, is more a matter of sentiment than of practical policy. One could argue much from the point of view of the protective duties of Great Britain to India, especially as regards the maintainence of rates of exchange, but it would involve an amount of space not practicable with the limitation of the London letter.

STOCK EXCHANGE PROSPECTS.

Rightly or wrongly, the feeling in our Stock market is that the worst has arrived, and that the future should show brighter conditions. It is to be hoped that the troubles on the Rand are at an end, while although Rumania has suddenly entered the Balkan imbroglio, there is a feeling that so far from the theatre of war being enlarged, this may be the last fierce round in the series of sordid struggles. It is a faint heart that never rejoices, and Throgmorton Street has had little more than its optimistic temperament to keep it going for a long time. We must not grudge dealers this their chief asset. Trade returns for June are good, but unfortunately good trade is apt to divert capital from investment on the Stock Exchange. Neither gilt—edged securities nor Home Rails have supplied much of interest, both departments having been subdued. There has just been settled a fortnightly account during which there has been an adverse movement averaging a point each among Home Railway stock, with the exception of Great Westerns, which at 115 show a point rise. Several adverse influences helped to depress American rails, which were only too ready to answer to adverse influences. A bank failure in Pittsburg was the cause of considerable sales, while labour troubles on the Eastern Railroads were not calculated to help matters. Apart from these, there were exports of gold to Paris and a decidedly disappointing statement by the New York Associated Banks. In this section prices have shown falls of one and a half to three dollars during a fortnight. A Bear raid was made on Canadian Pacifics, and reports were cabled from New York, obviously without solid foundation. Among these was a statement that further fresh capital was to be raised. Beyond the fact that the company has secured borrowing powers, the story appears to be without justifiable origin, especially as the last issue is not yet fully paid. The company is said to have refuted any suggestion of a new issue. Although Berlin continues to be spoken of as a seller, I understand that considerable purchases on the "set back" are being made in that quarter. In other sections of the Stock Exchange there has not been anything particular to chronicle, with the exception of rubber shares, which had a slump during the week, but have partially recovered.

RUBBER INTERESTS.

Rubber interests are so divided between Throgmorton Street and Mincing Lane, that one scarcely associates rubber shares with a strictly Stock Exchange market in the ordinary sense of the word. For some time rubbers have been weak, this week they have suffered from an extra slump. Everyone is asking why this should be. Paradoxical as it may seem, it is not the number of swindles floated during the now historic boom that has caused the fall in prices, so much as the unexpected number of companies that have carried out their original promises. Any one who can remember the mining booms of fifteen to twenty years ago, will realise how favourably the flood of companies that came out when the public lost their head over rubber, compared with the wreckage that followed the popularity of Westralia and West Africa and gold mining centres. The price of rubber was largely maintained by the cessation of production in certain parts of America during a period, which gave extra strength to the Eastern plantations. At that time, too, the tyre business was extremely busy owing to motor developments and the popular rising of the taxi-cab, all over the world. There are many other trade causes, including the history of supply and demand to be considered, while critics do not give sufficient attention to the influence of the general depression in the City and other money centres of the western world.

SPIERS AND PONDS.

For many years the history of Spiers and Pond has been dismal reading, and there is no doubt that until recently, anyhow, shareholders had reason for genuine complaint. It is not long ago that undoubted corruption characterised nearly every branch of a popular business, that, for long had its own particular section of the catering market to itself. So many people connected with the business grew mysteriously rich, that it was not difficult for shareholders to see who the profits dwindled. And now extensive competition is telling its tale. The report for the year ended March 31st last is dreary reading. The working profit £3,800, compares with £9,079 last year. Profit and loss results eventually show a deficiency of £3,894 as compared with a surplus of £1,275 last time. The Directors are able to point to certain adverse circumstances such as the Insurance Act, and Shop Act, which cost the company £5,200; but there never was a time when the Spiers and Pond Board could not find excuses. A year ago a Committee of shareholders was appointed to deal with the situation, and now their recommendations are to hand. It is suggested that the new chairman should be Mr. R. J. Paull, who is a director of the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation. As Managing Directors Mr. J. H. Marks, and Mr. J. M. Freshwater, are proposed, while Mr. J. D. Broad, a director of the Hotel Cecil, and Dr. James White are also suggested for the Board. Mr. Marks is credited with being an able man, and few would quarrel with his suggestion that the old system of control by a number of Managing Directors should be abolished. He also proposes a fixed salary for the Directors instead of percentage of profit as at present.

INDIAN TEA COMPANIES.

For the twenty second time Mr. George Seton has issued his annual table analysing the working of fifty Indian tea companies. Although about eleven and a half millions of capital is involved in this table, it only represents about one half of what is actually invested in tea in. India exclusive of Ceylon. Dealing with these fifty companies, Mr. Seton shows that during 1912 the crop increased by nearly £8,900,000 as compared with the previous year. The cost of production was practically the same, but the sale price was one third of a penny less. At 11.22 per cent. the profit earned on the capital was two-thirds per cent less, while the return paid on the capital was a quarter per cent less. The total reserve increased in value to the extent of £73,000 at £1,376,000.

ALL-INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

"Commerce" predicts another sugar slump like that of two years ago.

The Maharaja of Burdwan has been moving for a new Council House for the Bengal Legislative Council.

Sir John Hewett has been elected a director of the Imperial Ottoman Bank.

H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore is not likely to leave the Capital for Bangalore for sometime to come.

Captain Mackie, I.M.S., has been appointed to the Bacteriological Department in the vacancy caused by Lieutenant A. Izat, R. E. Assistant Engineer, North Western Railway, has been appointed executive engineer of the Bhavnagar state Railway.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice P. R. Sundara Iyer, of the Madras High Court, who has been indisposed since the reopening of the High Court, has applied for a month's privilege leave.

Information has been received at Mysore that his Highness the Yuvaraj and party will leave England on the 5th September and arrive in India about the 20th of the same month.

Mysore has produced altogether four lady graduates. The latest is Mrs. Nagamma, a widow. Her three predecessors are married ladies, and mothers, and they are all employed in the Maharani's College.

Sections of the Mall in Simla are now regularly lighted by electricity. Places of business and some of the hotels are also using electric light. It will, however, be some time before the whole station is served.

The total approximate gross earnings of state and guaranteed railways from 1st April to 12th July 1913 show a loss of Rs. 30,43,52, as compared with the figures for the corresponding period of 1912-1913.

The Government of India have decided to increase the Archaeological School arship from Rs. 100 to Rs. a month. This, it is hoped, will attract better class students to take up archeological work.

It is understood that the question of considerably extending the Simla Municipal area by taking in a large portion of the Koti State and so bringing in Mashobra and Mahasu suburbs within Municipal jurisdiction is now being proceeded with.

It is reported from Aligarh that Major Syad Hasan Bilgrami has agreed to lead the Liberal National Party (independant national section) at the next meeting of the Moslem University Foundation Committee, which is to be held at Aligarh on the 26th and 27th July.

The "Rajput Gazette" says that one Ahmed Khan, Sub-Inspector of Dera Ismail Khan Police, has been sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300 on the charge of selling a rifle to another person, and falsely reporting to the Superintendent of Police that it had been stolen.

The "Aligarh Institute Gazette" says that the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Delh

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

EXPERT ADVISER APPOINTED.

SIR ALFRED HOPKINSON.

A meeting of the Bombay University Senate was held on Saturday evening in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall of the University for the purpose of appointing an expert adviser on University teaching, Mr. Justice J. J. Heaton, Vice-Chancellor of the University, presiding.

The circumstances under which this matter now came before the Senate have been previously reported.

In accordance with a previous notice given by him and as recommended by the Syndicate, Principal A. L. Covernton moved that the Senate approves of the appointment of Sir Alfred Hopkinson, K.C., M.A., LL.D., B.C.L., Vice-Chancellor of the Victoria University of Manchester, as expert adviser on university teaching, on the terms mentioned in the message from Lord Sydenham quoted in the telegram from the Government of Bombay, Educational Department, dated the 25th.

The terms referred to are that Sir Alfred will receive an honorarium of £1000 and all travelling expenses for staying for six months.

In moving his proposition, Principal Covernton said the first question that naturally arose in connection with this proposal was who was Sir Alfred Hopkinson, and he thought Sir Alfred fully answered to their expectations and demands for this particular purpose. He was a graduate of the Oxford University. He studied literature and took honours in that branch. He was a student of law and passed in the first class in the B. C. L. examination of the Oxford University. He was then appointed a fellow and subsequently a professor of law in the same university. He was a member of Parliament for three years from 1895 to 1898, and from 1900 he had been Vice-Chancellor of the Victoria University of Manchester. In the year 1903-1904, the Victoria University was reorganised as it was separated from Liverpool and the duty of reorganising that University and developing a single college into a University fell on him. He had recently resigned his post as Vice-Chancellor and was, therefore, now free to visit India and undertake the work they proposed to ask him to do, and they would all agree with him, said Principal Covernton, that the career he had briefly sketched above was enough to show the calibre of Sir Alfred Hopkinson. Apart from his own distinctions, as a lawyer and teacher, Sir Alfred had experience of the kind of work they had to undertake in this university and he would therefore come out with the knowledge they desired to have.

EXPERIENCE OF INDIAN STUDENTS.

Continuing, the principal said that in the colleges in Manchester there was a considerable number of Indian students, and as Vice-Chancellor Sir Alfred would have had some knowledge and experience of Indian students and some acquaintance with the standard of attainment reached in this country. He would, therefore, not come out totally ignorant of the peculiarities and tendencies of the students of this country, and he (the speaker) therefore did not need to enlarge on the suitability of the expert in his experience of conducting and reorganising this into a new university.

The next question that arose, Principal Covernton said, was what would be the cost of bringing him out. The Syndicate had calculated that the total cost would amount to at least the sum at their disposal, Rs. 15,000, the passage money was Rs. 1,500 and the daily allowance that Sir Alfred asked for was Rs. 2,500. Then there would be certain miscellaneous expenses for clerical work and etc., and at their estimate the total came to Rs. 21,500, that was to say, a sum of money a little in excess to the sum at their disposal, and he did not think that the sum of money was too much to spend for what they desired to get. They had a most expert adviser on a most ethical problem to meet the needs of the country. He hoped they would agree with him that the gentleman was in a most exceptional way fitted to do what they wanted.

On other small thing that he wished to mention was that at a previous meting of the Senate it was resolved to ask the Syndicate to draw up a scheme for the reorganising of terms for this University. It was expected that definite proposals would not be brought forward before the arrival of Sir Alfred but the point was considered by the Syndicate who were of opinion that in this matter they were the best able to form a direct judgment and the expert after a comparativly short visit would not be able to add any new suggestion and the Syndicate were prepared to bring forward proposals without waiting for his arrival.

POSSIBLE EXTENSION.

Another point was that in their letter the Government of India had said that they would be glad to consider the continued retention of the services of the expert, should he prove a success, as a first charge on any further Imperial grants that it might be found possible to make to the University. He presumed that Sir Alfred might desire to return to England at the end of the six months' period, but he not only hoped for but he saw no reason why if their expectations were fulfilled—and he had no doubt they would be—Sir Alfred would not be willing to come out the second year to complete the work and they might hope the Government of India would be prepared to spare further sums to enable them to take his advice.

Principal Robertson seconded the proposition. Principal Pranjaype thought the proposition was unfortunately worded. The power of appointments lay with the Senate, and he would therefore sugest a verbal alteration in it to the effect "that the Senate approve the recommendation of the Committee to appoint. . . . ."

Mr. Lalubhai Samuldass having seconded the proposal, the Senate agreed to effect the verbal alteration and the proposition was accordingly amended.

Mr. Natrajan said that it was a luckly circumtance to be able to get Sir Alfred Hopkinson and he thought the Committee were entitled to the thanks of the Senate for the trouble they had taken. The University should make it clear to the Government of India that it was for the University to say whether an expert was necessary or not and not for the Government to say that the University wanted the advice of an expert.

At this stage, as the Vice-Chancellor wished to speak on the proposition, he vacated the chair which was taken by Mr. Sharp. He then spoke as a member of the Committee appointed to recommend this expert adviser, and said the thanks of the Senate were almost entirely due to Lord Sydenham for the work done by the Committee. Lord Sydenham had consulted a number of people including the Vice-Principal of the Glasgow University, and all of them had agreed that the committee had arrived at a sound conclusion, and they had every reason to believe that they could not have got a beter man. The answer to Mr. Natrajan's point was that they had not committed themselves to anything whatever, except this visit of Sir Alfred to give them the best advice to make progress and advance in future.

The proposition was then put to the vote and carried.

Before dissolving the meeting, the Vive-Chancellor announced that he was going to write to Lord Sydenham stating that His Lordship's services were greatly appreciated.

PALITANA RELIEF FUND.

The following donations have been received towards the Palitana Flood Relief Fund from 17th July, 1913, to 23rd July 1913.

Bai Balabai Joshi, Bombay, Rs. 5; Shahal V. Vyas, Sachhin, Rs. 1; Shah Tribhovandas Harrichand, Rs. 10; Public Fund of Dhangadhra, Bombay, through Diwan Saheb, Dhangadhra, Rs. 2,000; Solapur Fund through Sheth Hirachand Nemchand, Rs. 200; Gondal Public Fund through Patwari Saheb, Rs. 450; Ahmednagar Merchants through Sheth Vasanji Trekamji, Rs. 322; Bajibnai Manishanker, Rajkot, Rs. 15; Mangrol Jain Sinctamber Kap Yach Sang through Chatalal Premji, Rs. 100; Dolatchand Fulchand Nirkand Jilla Monbhang, Rs. 5; Chunilal Fulchand Doshi, Rs. 5; Raghuvirprasad Malpur, Rs. 5; Bai Kesambabai wife of Tarachand Ambavidas, through Timatrai Tarachan, Rajkot, Rs. 5; Broach gentlemen's fund through Shah Fulchand Jinchand, Rs. 877; Mangrol Nagara Sangh through Sajaji Tejaji, Rs. 202-15-0; Valwan Mahajan, through Sheth Anandji, Kalyanji's firm Rs. 108-11-0; Karla Mahajen, through Sheth Anandji Kalyanji's firm, Rs. 32-4-0; Bai Laximbai, the widow of Shah Vardhaman Laxmichand Prabhas Patan, Rs. 501-3-0; Dhoraji Mahajen Fund through Kandar Lalubhai Devshi, Rs. 300; Khambhat Sangh through Popatbhai Amarchand, Rs. 499-15-0; Dinshaji Rustomji Akalai Vansda, Rs. 8; Bhagwandas J. Mehta, Bombay, Rs. 10; Navli's Citizen's Fund through Lalubhai Chhotalal, Rs. 10-2-0; Shah Malji Laxmichand, Rangoon, Rs. 10; Desai Davabhai Vasanji, Dharampur, Re. 1; Hansraj Jaini, Fagwara, Rs. 60; Barwani Jains through the Head Accountant of Barwani State, Rs. 31-10-0; Calcutta Public Fund through Zallitchand Motichand, Rs. 3,000; Sheth Hiralal Hathisang Naher, Rs. 12-14-0; P. P. Poona, Rs. 30; H. W. Berthen Saheb, Rs. 20; Mamchandrai Jain, Deradun, Rs. 15; Limbdi Citizens Fund through the Chief Karabhari of Limbdi State, Rs. 400; total, Rs. 9,253-13-0; sums previously received, Rs. 82,291-7-3; total, Rs. 91,545-4-3.

A charitable gentleman of Bombay has sent to the Committee an half part of a note of Rs. 10 bearing No. ZA/18 04666.

No distinction between the Hindoos and Mahomedans is at all observed while helping them in grain, clothes, cooked food, cattle and house repairs.

A great part of this fund is to be spent in rebuilding houses collapsed in the disaster. This work of rebuilding is postponed for the present owing to the rainy season. The collapsed houses numbering about 2000, four lacs of rupees will be required, if we reckon the minimum rate of rebuilding a house to be Rs. 200. The sum at present collected if spent in rebuilding houses will be less than one fourth of the help required.

At the instance of the Government of India the Madras Government are inviting opinions from the various local bodies and persons in respect of the amendments of the Legal Practitioners' Act, which they have under contemplation. The Madras Vakils' Association is among the bodies whose opinion has been asked.

MARWARI METHODS.

ECHO OF THE CASE AGAINST CAPT. MOLLISON.

ONE OF THE PLAINTIFFS SENT TO PRISON.

The following is the text of the judgment delivered by Mr. S. B. Israel, First Class Magistrate, convicting Kisandas Sadaram, a member of the Marwari firm of shroffs, Punamchand Sadaram and Co., who, it will be remembered, were the plaintiffs in the suits against Capt. E. J. Mollison which came before the Bombay High Court on appeal recently. The charge against the accused was under Section 211 of the Indian Penal Code (bringing a false charge).

1. The complainant's complaint dated 23rd March 1913, is that the accused Kisandas Sadaram on 23rd August 1911, with intent to cause injury to him brought a false charge of havings committed an offence under Sections 406 and 477 of the Indian Penal Code by making a complaint to Mr. Cross, Magistrate, Poona City, and thereby committed an offence punishable under the second clause of Section 211 I. P. C. The prosecution of the accused was sanctioned by the Magistrate on the 19th October 1912, which was confirmed by the Sessions Court.

TURNED HIM OUT.

2. The accused ascerted in his complaint to the Magistrate that on 18th August 1911 he, the accused, went to the house of the complainant with a view to recover from him Rs. 4,200 for which the complainant's deceased father Pandurang Bachaji wrote and gave an agreement dated 13th June 1910, and stamped with a one-anna stamp. He added in the complaint that the accused took this agreement to the house of the complainant who took it from the accused dishonestly, secreted it and forced out the accused from the house without paying him anything. The accused was then alone. The previous history of the transaction between the accused and the deceased father of the complainant is shortly as follows:—

HISTORY OF THE TRANSACTION.

3. The father of the complainant, Pandurang Bachaji, was a pleader and the accused Kisandas Sadaram (of the firm of Punamchand Sadaram and Co.) was Pandurang's client in a suit which the firm filled against one Lieut. Mollison. The suit was for Rs. 4,200. It was dismissed with costs by the original court as the accused failed to produce in the court the statement of account. The same order was confirmed by the District Court. Pandurang gave an account of the expenses in connection with the suit in which he showed that Rs. 235 were for stamp duty while only annas eight were spent for the purpose. The accused therefore made a complaint to the District Judge on 12th February 1909 under regulation 2 of 1827. Section 56. On 14th June 1910 the accused applied to the District Court that the matter was compromised and that therefore his petition dated 12th February 1909 might be filed. The District Judge filed the petition on 16th June 1910. The accused says that it was at this time that Pandurang Bachaji paid him Rs. 2,400 on 14th June 1910 and passed an agreement to pay Rs. 4,200 in case the accused failed to recover the same, viz., Rs. 4,200 from Lieut Mollison by bringing a fresh suit against him, and it is this agreement which the accused said in his complainant of 23rd August 1911 that the complainant secreted and forced him out of his house on the 18th idem.

INEXPLICABLE DELAY.

4. Pandurang Bachaji died on 12th April 1911. In this compromise there was one other pleader by name Merwanji Framji who died on 22nd August 1911. The accused entirely failed to explain the delay in making his complaint till 23rd August 1911 when his valuable security for Rs. 4,200 was taken and secreted by the complainant, and on 18th August 1911 while the only man who knew whether there was or was not in existence any such agreement died on 22nd August 1911, and after which the complaint was made on the next day. The failure of the accused to make a complaint till Merwanji was dead and gone throws a luric light upon the bona fides of the accused. The complainant Datatrer Pandurang produced documents from which it appears that Rs. 2,400 were paid to the accused by the late Pandurang Bachaji for everything, including any loss that might have accrued to the accused by losing his suit against Lieut. Mollison. The wording in each document is either in Pandurang's hand or in Merwanji's hand (both dead) but their handwritings have been proved by the evidence of reliable witness and distinctly show that Pandurang Bachaji never wanted to pay more than Rs. 2,400 already paid to the accused on the 14th June 1910. It seems from the papers produced by the complainant that the accused forced the late Mr. Pandurang to pay him Rs. 2,400 as he was then in a very weak state of mind and body on account of his old age and the shock he received by the loss of his grown-up eldest son. The sub-judge in deciding suit No. 55 of 1910 wrote as follows:—"I think the plaintiff forced this old pleader (Pandurang Bachaji) to pay the money (Rs. 2,400) by intimidation."

NO AGREEMENT EXISTED.

5 When the accused succeded in getting out of Pandurang Rs. 2,400 on 14th June 1910 is seems he thought he would succeed in recovering from Pandurang Rs. 4,200 by intimidating him again with a civil action for the same, and therefore on 28th June 1910 (only 14 days after the receipt of Rs. 2,400) served him with a notice through Messrs Little and Co., Solicitors, to the same effect E). If the agreement dated 13th June 1910, which the accused says the complainant secreted, was written in the terms mentioned by the accused what was the necessity of this notice on 28th June 1910? Even taking for granted that the accused changed his mind and did not want to wait till the fresh suit was decided, as mentioned in the alleged agreement, then why did he not bring the suit against Pandurang as mentioned in the notice? This leaves no doubt in my mind that the agreement mentioned by the accused to have been taken by the complainant never existed. The accused, a Marwari, instead of recovering his money from a solvent party like Pandurang when the accused was armed with the alleged agreement would never have gone to the expese of spending monty after a fresh suit against Lieut. Mollison, the result of which he could not foresee. Nor could he be certain of the recovery even if the suit had been decided in favour of the accused. When Pandurang Bachaji gave his evidence on 29th September 1910 in suit No. 55 of 1909 he plainly stated that he paid the amount in all Rs. 2,572 on account of his, the accused's, withdrawing his application against Pandurang made to the District Court as well as for the damages sustained by the accused for the loss of his suit. Pandurang was not asked a single question with regard to the agreement of the 13th June 1910 if it was then with the accused. If Pandurang practically denied the existence of this agreement on 29th September 1910 why did not the accused file a suit against Pandurang on the strength of the agreement, or as intimated in the notice by Messrs. Little & Co., on 28th June 1910? This agreement it seems, never existed, but the accused conceived the plan after Pandurang death on 12th April 1911 and had he any document of the kind in possession he would certainly have made his complaint before Meherwanji's death.

FABRICATED CHITS.

The accused pleaded not guilty and put in the evidence of the elder brother Punamchand and one other witness top rove the hand-writing of Pandurang of the three letters. For these reasons above I consider him an accomplice and entirely an unreliable witness. I do not believe him at all. The three notes are dated respectively the 2nd November 1910, 12th July 1910 and 6th July 1910. They purpoit to be letters addressed to Merwanji Framji and are said to be in Pandurang's hand. Witness No. 4 who knew and proved Pandurang's hand-writing, says that the notes in question are not in Pandurang's handwriting. The English, too, of three notes, is not similar to that of Pandurang and the handwriting too does not look quite similar. I therefore consider witness No. 14 unreliable, more especially because he says that he used to see Pandurang's hand-writing six years prior to 1892. I would, however, take for granted that the three notes are in Pandurang's hand as alleged by the accused and that they were given to him by Merwanji on 20th August 1911. Two days previous to this the complainant, as alleged by the accused, had taken and secreted the agreement for Rs. 4,200 and for which he made oral complaints here and there while these chits he got from Mr. Merwanji, even when he was near his death, relating to the same transaction. Can it for a moment be believed that he did not get them read? If he did not do it why did he get them from Merwanji at a time when actually the agreement for Rs. 4,200 was taken away from him by the complainant or in other words he actually lost Rs. 4,200 by losing the agreement! Another important thing to be noted is that he produced one chit in the High Court on the 8th April 1913 with his application for revoking the sanction granted against him and the other two in this Court on 5th June 1913. All the three were, it seems, as he says, in one envelope and if he found one only produced in the High Court on 28th March 1913 why did he not find the other two at the same time? The other two were noticed and found by him in his box on 30th May 1913. I cannot for a moment believe this story. I consider these chits to be fabricated and dated and worded in such a way as would suit the story alleged in the defence. For these reasons my opinion is that the allegation that there was an agreement to pay Rs. 4,200 is entirely false, as also that the assertion that the complainant secreted the same is unture and the accused made these assertions falsely in his complaint dated 23rd August 1911 with intent dishonestly to extort Rs. 4,200 from the complainant and I therefore consider that the accused Kisandas Sadaram has committed the offence under clause two of Section 211 of the Indian Penal Code.

SENT TO GAOL.

I convict him under the section and sentence him to undergo rigorous imprisonment for one year and to pay a fine of Rs. 500, or in default, to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 26th

S. S. Chantala	Mc Diarmid	Londond	June 19
S. S. Cuyahoga	Henderson	Salime	June 8
S. S. Ischia	Belsito	Kobe	June 24
S. S. Sabara	Park	Birkenhead	June 27
S. S Arracan	McLeish	Calcutta	July 15
S. S. Strathlyon	Carr	Calcutta	July 12
S. S. Linga	Butler	Karachi	July 24

DEPARTURES.

July 26th

S. S. Egypt	Summers	London
S. S. Bombay Maru	Tozawa	Kobe
S. S. Lindula	Walsh	Zanzibar
S. S. Ville-de-Oran	Masson	Dunkirk
S. S. Lawoe	Coates	Jeddah
July 27th.		
S. S. Salient	West Cost	Stattin
S. S. Nairung	McNicoll	Calcutta
July 28th.		
S .S. Ferrara	Feathers	Ahwaz

The following vessels began to load on Saturday:—

Steamer	Persia for	London.
,,	Chantala for	Antwerp
,,	Scharziels for	Hamburg.
,,	Castalia for	Liverpool, etc.
,, *	Kola for	Persian Gulf.
,, *	Basjora for	Do.

* To arrive.

S.S. Cuyahoga:—The steamer Cuyahoga, 2,929 tons, Captain T. W. Cuyahoga, 2929 tons, Captain T. W. Henderson, arrived in the harbour on Saturday from Salime June 8th with a cargo of 5667 tons Kerosin Oil.

S. S. Ischia:—The Rubattino Line steamer Ischia, 2,481 tons Captain G. Belsito, arrived in the harbour on Saturday from Kobe June 24th with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Chantala:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Chantala, 3,103 tons, Captain H. MacDiarmid, arrived in the harbour on Saturday from London June 19th with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Sabara:—The steamer Sabara, 2,665 tons, Captain W. T. Park, arrived in the harbour on Saturday from Birkenhead June 27th with a general cargo.

S.S. Arracan:—The steamer Arracan, 5,540 tons, Captain E. H. Mc Leish, arrived in the harbour on Saturday from Calcutta July 15th with a cargo of coal.

S.S. Strathlyon:—The steamer Strathlyon, 2,846 tons, Captain J. Carr, arrived in the harbour on Saturday from Calcutta July 12th with a cargo of coal.

S.S. Linga:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Linga, 951 tons, Captain R. S. B. Butler, arrived in the harbour on Saturday from Karachi July 24th with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Egypt:—The P. & O.S.N. Coy's steamer Egypt, 4,207 tons, Captain F. R. Summers, sailed on Saturday for London, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Lindula:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Lindula, 2,183 tons, Captain T. Walsh, sailed on Saturday for Zanzibar, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Ville-de-Oran:—The steamer Ville-de—Oran, 3,004 tons, Captain L. Masson, sailed on Saturday for Dunkirk, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Lawoe:—The steamer Lawoe, 1,817 tons, Captain W. H. Coates, sailed on Saturday for Jeddah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Salient:—The steamer Salient, 2,419 tons, Captain H. M. West Cott, sailed on Sunday for Staltin, with a general cargo.

S.S. Nairung:—The Asiatic Coy's steamer Nairung, 2,861 tons, Captain A. McNicoll, sailed on Sunday for Calcutta, with a genera and same botton cargo.

VESSELS IN PORT.

SATURDAY, July 26, 1913.

P. DOCK.

Shed. Steamer.....	Capt	Agent.
A. Homayun.....	Murch	T. M & Co.
P. City of Birmingham.....		Houghton & Co.
C. & R. Dido.....	Williams.....	J. F. & Co.
,, & E. Neuerfels..	Fiericks ...	W. & A. G. & Co.
K. City of Bristol....	Henderson..	K. N. & Co.
M. Markgraf.....	Tantyen.....	A. Strandis & Co.
P. Clan Sinclair	Smith	J. F & Co.
Q. Abydos	Davies....	B. & A. S. N. & Co.

V. DOCK.

1 Imani.....	Peaberthy.....	K. N. & Co.
2. Castalia.....	Mitchell.....	W. & A. G. & Co.
3 City of Bombay	Leary.....	K. N. & Co.
4 Hidalgo.....	Hard rd.....	J. F. & Co
5. Baron Balfour ...	Symonds ...	W. & A. G. & Co.
6. Kamakura Maru.....		N. Y. Co.
8 Cleopatra....	Ranavich....	A. L. N. & Co.
9 Schilditurm..	Kloppenburg..	W. & A. G. & Co.
10 & 11. Arcadia..	Barchum..	P. & O. S. N. & Co.
12 & 13 Persia..	Bradshaw..	P. & O. S. N. & Co.

OFFSIDE D & E

Budrie.....	Fisher.....	Arab Steamer.

H. W. P. D.

Courland.....	Goolam.....	B. S. N. & Co.
Ponani.....	Valiji.....	B. S. N. & Co.
Satranji.....	Hoosein.....	B. S. N. & Co.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Arracan.....	McLeish.	
Astoria.....	Hogan	T. M. & C
Banca.....	Garwood	P. & O. S. N. & Co.
Chantala.....	M Diarmed...	M. & Co.
Cuyahoga.....	Henderson	Standard Oil & Co.
Devanha.....	Heckey.....	P. & O. S. N & Co.
Firuzi.....	Primrose.....	T. Morrison Co.
Gisela.....	Gupcevich.....	A. L. S. N. & Co.
Hoseinee.....	Fanning.....	T. M. & Co.
Islami.....	Hughes.....	T. M. & Co.
Ischia.....	Belsito.....	Rubattino Line
Koweit.....	Brewis.....	Arab Steamer.
Kasara.....	Morrison.....	M. M. & Co.
Khosrou.....	Hannah.....	T. M. & Co.
Kirkfield.....	Bermody.....	I. M. & Co.
Linga.....	Butler.....	M. M. & Co.
Midenfels.....	Heckel.....	W. & A. G. & Co.
Nyanza.....	McAllister.....	T. & M. & Co.
Rinaldi.....	Chilton.....	J. F. & Co.
Ramsay.....	Nunn.....	P. & O. S. & Co.
Saaid.....	Bousfield.....	Arab Stream.
Schnaurzfels....	Strychic	W. & A. G. & Co.
Sofala.....	Oil.....	M. M. & Co
Telephuetis....	Goodridge.....	A. Y. & Co.
Sutherland.....	Longstaff..	he Bombay & Co.
Singu.....	Morrison.....	Shaw Wallace & Co.
Strathlyo.....	Lann.	
Sabara.....	Park.	

MEN OF WAR & R. I. M. VESSELS.

R. I. M. S. Hardinge..	Lieut, J.C. Ward.. R. I. M. Troop ship
R. I. M. S. Palmeres	Lieut. J. Headlam..... Survey St.
R. I. M. S. Dufferin..	Comdr. G. H. S. La Touche ....Troopship
R. I. M. S. Investigator	Capt. C. S. Hickmen ....Survey St.
R. I. M. S. Dalhousie.....	Capt. A. P. Robinson.. ....Troopship.
R. I. M. S. Lawrence	Comdr. Finnis tation.

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Clara Butt My Ain Folk *(Lemon)*

12-Inch Record, 2-053075, Rs. 9-6.
Kirkby Lunn Lascia ch'io pianga, "Rinaldo" *(Handel)*

12-Inch Record, 052353, Rs. 9-6.
Schaliapin Ite sul colle o Druidi, "Norma" *(Bellini)*

12-Inch Record, 2-054037, Rs. 15-0.
Alda, Jacoby, Caruso & Journet T'ho raggiunta sciagurata, "Martha" *(Flotow)*

12-Inch Record, 2-053031, Rs. 9-6.
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C.—26.

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HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

INDIAN SPECIE BANK'S CLAIM.

LOAN ON MORTGAGE OF PROPERTY.

(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)

INDIAN SPECIE BANK, LTD. v. TEHERALLY ESOOFALLY AND ORS.

The facts of this case are that the defendants 1 to 4 till lately carried on business in Bombay under the name and style of Hyderali Cassumji Sons and Co. They became insolvents in June 1911, and their estate is vested in the official assignee. On 7th October 1909 the plaintiffs lent and advanced to the said firm of Hyderalli the sum of Rs. 50,000 with interest at 6 per cent. per annum. As security therefor, the title-deeds of the property at Purbhadevi Road, Lower Mahim, belonging to defendant 5 were deposited with the plaintiffs as equitable mortgage. The said property consisted of vacant land, and was, on 12th October 1908, demised by defendant 5 to one Abdul Cadar Abdul Hakim and the 8th defendant for the term of 999 years at the rent of Rs. 367-8-0 per month. The 8th defendant (Piraji Maluji) alone or the 8th and the 9th defendant (Tukaram Bhau) jointly is or are now the assignee or assigness of the said lease, who singly or jointly has or have subleased small plots of the said land. On 5th April 1908, the plaintiffs lent and advanced another sum of Rs. 50,000 to the said firm of Hyderalli and Co. on a promissory note, executed by defendant 5 in favour of Hyderalli and Co., and endorsed by the latter to the plaintiffs, it being agreed that the title-deeds of the said Purbhadevi Road property should remain deposited as security for the second loan also. The amount advanced on the promissory note was paid into the account of the first loan, and the account of the said first loan was closed and a new account as to the loan on the promissory note was opened in the plaintiff's books. On 28th September 1909, the Purbhadevi Road property along with another property was mortgaged to one Motichand Devichand for Rs. 25,000 by the 5th defendant and Hyderalli and Co., subject to plaintiffs' equitable mortgage. On a suit filed for dissolution of the firm of Hyderalli and Co., one Mavji Ludha and the 3rd defendant, Heptoola Essufally were appointed receivers. By an agreement of 13th August 1910, made between the said receivers, the plaintiffs, the 5th and 8th defendants and the said Motichand Devichand, the Purbhadevi Road property was, subject to the lease of 12th October 1908, contracted to be sold by defendant 5 to defendant 8 at Rs. 65,000.

By an indenture of 27th March 1911, the said Motichand Devchand transferred the mortgage of 28th September 1909 to defendant 7. Interest only up to September 1909 has been paid to the plaintiffs. They, therefore, claim to recover the arrears from the rents of the property equitably mortgaged to them.

The 8th defendant thereupon agreed to attorn to and pay the rents to the plaintiffs, but he has not paid them, except Rs. 400. The plaintiffs say that under the covenants of the lease, they are entitled to determine the said lease of October 1908 and to eject the 8th defendant from the premises and to hold them themselves. There is now due to the plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 60,856 for principal and interest, and they ask to have the property sold and the proceeds applied to the satisfaction of their claim, and for a personal decree for any deficiency.

The 7th defendant has put in a written statement in which he admits most of the statements in the plaint. He states that there is now due from defendants 1-5 under the indenture of mortgage and the transfer of March 1911 a sum of Rs. 20,985 for principal and interest. He submits that, in the event of the lease being held determined by forefeiture, the Court will be pleased to declare that such forfeiture will enure for the benefit of this defendant also, and prays that the amount due to him may be paid subject to the plaintiffs' claim.

The Hon. Mr. Setalvad and Mr. Moos appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. Davar and Mr. Moos for defendant 7.

Mr. R. D. N. Wadia for defendant 8.

A consent decree was made as between plaintiffs and defendants 8 and 9. Defendant No. 9 was struck out; defendants 1—5 are insolvents.

As against the others the usual mortgage decree was made.

Solicitors for plaintiffs:—Daphtary Ferreira and Divan.

Sollicitors for defendants:—Jehangir and Seervai, Patell and Ezekiel.

FATAL LIFT COLLAPSE.

A verdict of "death from injuries received accidently" was returned by the Coroner's Jury which concluded on Saturday the adjourned enquiry touching the death of Jamaludin Abdulcader, a liftman employed in the Alexandra Mill, who was killed by the fall of the lift he was working.

Mr. Walter Crawshaw, superintending engineer of the Alexandra and E.D. Sassoon Mills, in his evidence, said that he had examined the lift since the occurrence and found the four steel wire ropes broken. The ropes were under constant examination. The lift was only three years old, but the ropes originally sent out had been replaced by new ones.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

A DEAL IN PEARLS.

(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)

BAPULAL LALLOOBHAI AND Co. v. GORDHANDAS KHATAO AND OTHERS.

This was a suit in which the plaintiffs claimed to recover from the defendants a sum of Rs. 2,406 being the amount paid to the defendants in excess of the amount due to them.

Mr. B. J. Desai and Mr. D. N. Bahadurjee appeared for the plaintiffs

The Hon. Mr. Strangman and the Hon. Mr. Setalvad appeared for defendants 1, 2, and 3.

The plaintiffs are a firm of merchants carrying on business in pearls at Shekh Memon Street. The defendants are (1) Gordhandas Khatao; (2) Mulraj Khatao; (3) Tricumdas Gordhandas; and (4) F. E. Dinshaw, carrying on business under the name and style of Khatao Mukanji Sons and Co., at Oriental Buildings.

The plaint stated that the plaintiffs were jewellers and used to consign pearls for sale to Europe through the firm of the defendant. One such parcel containing pearls was handed over by the plaintiffs to the defendant's firm on 4th July, 1908, for consignment to Paris for sale and the sum of £3,900 was fixed as the minimum limit in respect of its price. The defendants paid to the plaintiffs a sum of Rs. 32,000 as advance on the security of the said parcel of pearls, as well as three nose-rings (naths) deposited by the plaintiffs with the defendants.

ALLEGED UNAUTHORISED SALE.

The agreement was that if the pearls were sold the defendants were to get 6 per cent. commission; if they were not sold 1½ per cent commission only was to be charged. From time to time the defendants communicated to the plaintiffs the various offers received by them for the sale of the said pearls. In the meantime, the defendants drew a hundi for £2,000 against the plaintiffs' said parcel of pearls on 21st August, 1908, payable six months after that date and credited the sale proceeds thereof in the plaintiffs' account in their account-books. Intimation as to that was given to the plaintiffs on 15th September, 1908. On 5th February, 1909, the defendants informed the plaintiffs of their receiving an offer of £2,300 from Paris and their fixing the final limit of price for the pearls at £2,500. The plaintiffs stated that the limit of £2,500 was fixed by the defendants without the plaintiffs' authority, without their having any right to do so. On 9th February the plaintiffs wrote to the above effect to the defendants and it was settled between them that the original limit of £900 was to be stuck to and the parcel was to be sold whenever such an offer was received. About 11 days after that the defendants informed the plaintiffs that the final offer of £2,400 was received but as the plaintiffs declined to accept the same, the parcel was being returned to Bombay. On 25th March the defendants informed the plaintiffs that the pearls were sold for £2,500 and the money would be received at the end of June. The plaintiffs on 26th March through their attorneys' letter informed the defendants that the sale of pearls was unauthorised and unjustified. The plaintiffs denied that any such sale took place and even if it did, it was unauthorised.

PEARLS DETAINED BY DEFENDANTS.

The defendants received back the said parcel of pearls, but they declined to return it to the plaintiffs unless the plaintiffs paid to them (i.e., defendants) a sum of Rs. 36,246, mentioned in their statement of account. The sum of Rs. 33,696 was really due to the defendants. Looking at their statement of account it was found that the commission the defendants charged was 6 per cent.; while the defendants ought to have charged 1½ per cent. as the parcel of pearls was not sold. On 21st April it was decided to take Rs. 34,000; but when it was ready to be paid by the plaintiffs the defendants again refused to take that sum, and threatened to return the pearls to Paris. Ultimately the plaintiffs paid to the defendants Rs. 36,246 under protest, and filed this suit to recover Rs. 2,406 being the amount paid to the defendants in excess of the amount due to them (i.e., plaintiffs). The defendants 1 and 3 in their written statement said that the parcel of pearls was given to them on 4th July, 1908; but the three nose-rings (naths) were not deposited by the plaintiffs on 4th July. The conditions of the sale were endorsed on the invoice and in addition to the commission the defendants were entitled to the invoice value of pearls and other expenses incurred regarding the consignment of the said parcel of pearls to Paris. The hundi of £2,000 was payable six months after sight and not six months after its date as alleged by the plaintiffs. Under the terms of the agreement the defendants were entitled to fix the said limit of £2,500. The defendants denied that the sale was unauthorised if the terms of the agreement were taken into consideration. When the plaintiffs did not like the sale of pearls for £2,500, they (i.e., defendants) persuaded their clients to have the sale cancelled and for that purpose paid £150 to the purchasers with the consent of the plaintiffs. In addition, therefore, to the sum of Rs. 36,246, £150 was also due to the defendants. The defendants had not mentioned the sum of £150 in their statement of account [6 per cent. commission was due to them because the pearls were actually sold; therefore the plaintiffs were not entitled to have the sum of Rs. 2,406 returned to them. The transactions regarding this parcel of pearls took place between the defendants and the plaintiff Bapulal Lalloobhai personally and not with the firm of Bapulal Lalloobhai and Co.

The 2nd defendant, in his written statement, said that the business of the firm was looked after by his brother; and he was ready to submit to the orders of the Court. The 4th defendant, Mr. F. E. Dinshaw, had filed his appearance, but was not represented by counsel.

Issues were raised in this case and Mr. Desai opened the case for the plaintiffs.

The case is proceeding.

Solicitors for the plaintiffs: Messrs. Bhaishankar Kanga and Girdharlal.

Solicitors for the defendants 1, 2, and 3: Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe.

ATTACHMENT OF A SHOP.

PARTIES COME TO A SETTLEMENT

(Before Mr. Justices Beaman.)

AMBALAL PRANJIVANDAS v. GULAM HUSSEIN KIKABHOY AND ORS.

The facts of this case, which was heard for several days before his Lordship, have already been reported.

On Saturday, the parties came to a settlement and a consent decree was made.

By the terms of the decree it was declared that the firm of Hussonally Mulla Hakimji and Brothers were the lessees of the shop No. 12, Crawford Market; that all the goods attached in suit No. 980 of 1911 in the said shop and the two godowns were the goods of defendant No. 1 and were validly mortgaged by him to defendants 2 and 3, respectively, under the mortgage-deeds of the 10th and 20th November, 1911, and were in the possession of defendant 2 on the day of the attachment; that on the mortgage of 10th November a sum of Rs. 12,500 with interest at 9 per cent was due to defendant 2 by defendant 1, and that a sum of Rs. 9,200 was due by defendant 1 to defendant 3 with interest at 9 per cent. The attachment levied by the plaintiff on the goods was invalid and it was, therefore ordered to be raised. The Receiver was to sell the remaining goods and hand over the whole proceeds to Messrs. Bicknell on behalf of defendant 2; the show cases to be given over to defendant 1. Messrs. Bicknell and Co. were to distribute the balance in the proportion of one-third to Messrs. Wadia, Ghandy and Co., for the plaintiff; four-ninths to Messrs. Bicknell and Co., on behalf of defendant 2; two-ninths to Messrs. Payne and Co., for defendant 3. The defendants 2 and 3 were to accept the amount in full satisfaction of all their claims, and were to hand over to defendant 1 the policies of life assurance in their hands. All the parties to bear their own costs, the plaintiff being at liberty to recover his costs from the firm of Hussonally Mulla Hakimji and Brothers. Receiver to hand over shop to H. M. H. and Bros. within one month.

Solicitors for plaintiff: Wadia, Ghandy and Co.

Solicitors for defendant 2: Bicknell and Co.

Solicitors for defendant 3: Payne and Co.

Defendant 1 in person.

THE CAUSE LIST.

MONDAY, THE 28TH JULY, 1913.

(Before the Hon. Sir Dinshah D. Davar.)

IN THE DIVISION COURT No. 40.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

211-13—Shamrao M. & H. Oswold Vaz & anr. v. Francis Anthony Cyril Rebello Daph & F. D. & anr.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

766-12.—Vacha and Co., R. D. Sethna, v. Motibai alias Gokibai Madhowji K. & C. Part heard.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO SPECIAL COMRS. REPORT.

2-13-06—Payne & Co. The Advocate Genl. of Bombay v. Moosa Haji Hassam & ors. Bhai K. & G.

LONG CAUSES.

897-12—Manecklal and Th. Ladoba B. Amrey v. Sadanand Jagannath & ors. Shamrao M. & H.

1245-12—Mulji K. & Th. Nana Yessoo Padval v. Sitabai Widow & anr. Dastur & Co.

1308-12—Mulla & M. Piran Hassan v. Gulam Mahomed Shah Mahomed Patell and ors. Ardeshir H. & D. Co.

1319-12—Edgelow G. W. & Co. Jiwabhai Vadilal & ors. v. The New Piece Goods Bazaar Co., Ltd. Payne & Co.

43-13—Edgelow G. W. & Co. Jiwabhai Vadilal and ors. v. The New Piece Goods Bazaar Co. Ltd. Payne and Co.

309-03—Malvi H. M. & R. Jitmull Kanayalal a firm v. Ebji Umersey a firm Ardeshir H. D. & Co.

310-03—Malvi H. M. & R. Jitmull Kanayalal a firm v. Shamji Ludha & Co. a firm Ardeshir H. D. & Co.

311-03—Malvi H. M. & R. Mamraj Rambhagat a firm v. Ebji Oomersey a firm Ardeshir H. D. & Co.

1276-12—Chitnis M. & K. Manaji Kuverji Raje Shirke v. Merwanji Jehangir Vakil & anr. Sabnis & G.

1201-12—Sabnis & G. Merwanji Jehangir Vakil v. Manaji Cooverji Raje Shirke Chitnis M. & K.

666-11—Jamestji R. and D. Sadad Panna & Co. a firm v. Shivnarayan Parbhulal Edgelow G. W. & Co. For trial of issues raised by appeal court on 13-2-13.

O. S. 301-13—Patell & Ez. Roque Estevas Pereiva alias Rock Steven Pereiva v. Rozario Mathaias De Silva alias Rodgers Mathaias De Silva & ors. Patell & Ez. Bhimji & Co.

O. S. 303-13—Patell & E. Roque Estevas Pereiva alias Roque Steven Pereiva v. Roger Mathaias De Silva and ors. Patell & E. Bhimji & Co.

O. S. 312-13—Motichand & D. Nemchand Nathabhai v. Dayabhai Manchharam & ors. Ardeshir H. D. & Co. Patell & E.

262-13—Pestonji R. K. & Co. Bai Jiwanbai Widow v. Amboobai Widow & ors. Madhawji K. & C. (For paupers) Edgelow G. W. & Co.

441-09—Little & Co. Mathuradas Gokuldas v. Tehelram Girdaridas & anr. Jamestji R. & D.

891-12—Mulla & M. Abdul Aziz Vali Mahomed v. Khatizabai Tayabjee D. & Co.

939-12—Swetham B. & Co. Parvatibai widow v. Gopal Sudkoji Bole & ors. Vatcha & Co. Payne & Co. For further hearing.

486-13—Wadia G. and Co., Purkha Dolla and Co. a firm v. Gulam Hoosein Abdulally, Patell and Es. Man J. H. & Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman).

In the Division Court No. 53

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO COMRS. REPORT.

176-05—Ragh N. & Co. Sulleman Abdulla & ors. v. Abdoola Khakibhai & ors. Amin & D.

493-05—Ragh N. & Co. Sulleman Abdulla & ors. v. Abdoola Khakibhai & ors. Amin & D.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSE.

1190-12—Hiralal & Co. Hari Bhau Lupne v. Motabhai Dhanjishaw Darukhanawalla Pestonji R. K. & Co. Part heard.

For Further Direction and Costs on Comrs. Report.

212-12—Matu J. & M. Champsey Parbat & ors. v. The Advocate Genl. of Bombay & ors. Little & Co. Manch & N. Shroff D. & D.

895-12—Bhaishanker K. & G. The Lakhmidas Khimji Spg. & Wg. Co. Ld. v. Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal Bicknell M. R. & Co.

242-12—Mulla & M. Poohoomal Bros. a firm v. Popatlal Morardas Jariwalla and anr. Jametjis R. & D.

184-12—Mulla & M. Poohoomal Bros. a firm v. Kaliandas Vithaldas Kapadia & anr. Jamsetji R. & D.

375-12—Captain & V. Ebrahim Saheb Haji Pachsodin Dhuru v. Vazeer Begum widow and ors. Crawford B. & Co.

801-12—Shroff D. & D. The Bombay Banking Co. Ld. v. Krishnarao Gopalrao Bhaya Saheb Gaekward Sabnis & G.

434-11—Mulla & M. Shapurji Dadabhoy Mehta v. Jehangir Hormusji Bamboat & anr. Shamrao M. & H.

1072-11—Mulla & M. Shapurji Dadabhoy Mehta v. Jehangir Hormusji Bamboat & anr. Shamrao M. & H.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.)

IN THE DIVISION COURT. No. 43.

S. C. Cf. 739/28300-12—Pest. R. K. & Co. J. M. Billimoria v. Hassanbhai Lalji Dewraj & ors. Sm. B. & Co.

1183-12—Madhowji K. & Ch. Lalji Narranji v. Virji Peroj & ors. Unwalla P. & P.

1262-12—Dikahit & P. Messrs. Keebowlal Chhotalal, a firm, v. Chunilal Harilal & ors. Amin. & D.

19-13—Grd. H. D. & Co. P. Nusserwanji & Co. a firm v. Nowroji Merwanji Dubash.

30-13—Jehanjir G. & B. Messrs. Dharamsey & Co. a firm v. Kazi Dawood Kazi Alli & ors. Nadirshaw & D.

522-12—Mulji Kh. & Th. Fazalbhai Bhimji Thanawalla v. Miss Gohurjan Motichand & D.

1281-12—Nadirshaw & D. Ritta Pasgunia Fernandes v. Marian George & ors. C. P. D. Canhamatu J & M.

11-13—Maneklal & Ty. Tapan Khimji a firm & anr. v. Purshotam Sunderji & anr. Amin. & D.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

410-13—Matu J. & M. Matubhai Kasanbhai & anr. v. Damodherdas Vandremandas Madh. K. C.

SUITS FOR HEARING & FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSES.

884-11—Bhai K. & G. Bapulal Lallubhai & Co. a firm v. Gordhandas Khatao & ors. Craigie B. & C. Payne & Co. Part heard.

1258-12—Bhimji & Co. Mowji Manji & anr. v. Dewji Tricumdas & ors. Swetham B. & Co. Sh. D. & D. part heard. 12-7-13.

1297-12—Sen. B. & Co. Prunabai widow v. Dewji Tricumdas & ors. Shroff D. & D.

878-12—Shroff D. & D. Dewji Tricumdas & ors. v. Mowji Nanji & anr. Bhimji & Co.

513-12—Wadia G. & Co. Javernapu widow. v. Nanalal Dubabhram & ors. Tyabji D. & Co. Wadia G. & Co.

783-12—Judah & S. Balaji Dhondiba Dhore Panduji v. Rowji Dhorma Jam. R. & D.

382-12—Miruwan & D. Hiralla Bubaridas & ors. v. Pitanfirdas & ors. Amin & D.

281-12—Dubash & Co. for a pauper. Sitaram Bapoo Mandanker v. Bapoo Narayen Mandanker & ors. In person.

731-11—Payne & Co. Soonderlal Motilal v. Kantilal Sapirlal Desai & ors. Amin & Desai.

1286-12—Ardeshir H. D. & Co. The Central India Spg. Wg. & Mg. Co. Ltd. v. The Hongkong Spg. Mafg. Co. Ltd. Omiderdas & Co.

529-12—Malir H. M. & R. Ismail Gaffoor v. Yacoob Haji Hassain & ors. Payne & Co.

828-12—Unwalla P. & P. Aishabai v. Piaroobai widow & anr. Khand L. & M.

1068-10—Little & Co. Shambhuprasad Girjashanker v. Sunderji Girdhar & ors Motichand & D.

678-11—Judah & S. Babaji Dowlatrao Rave & ors. v. Vasudev Nilkant Aglo. & anr. Mulji Kh. & Th.

973-12—Mehta & D. Kunjbehari Ravi Narayan & ors. v. Mathuraprasad Bissessarprasad & anr. Malvi H. M. & R.

1012-12—Bhemji & Co. Purshotam Bhaishanker & Co. v. The Indian Cotton Oil Co. Ltd. G. H. Dalal.

880-12—Motichand & D. Shaik Ahmed Saik Mahomed v. Damodher Bhaskar Mantri & anr. N. M. Cama.

663-12—Bhai K. & G. Messrs. Vasanji Sons & Co. a firm v. R. D. Sethna & anr. Captain & V.

526-12—Matu J. & M. Bai Shamcore widow v. Thakoredas Pranjiwandas Hiralal & Co. & anr.

370-12—Motichand & W. Jasodabai widow v. Virji Bhagwan Mulji Kh. & Th.

540-11—Payne & Co. Thakersey Sashandas v. Khimji Gokeldas & ors. Doshi P. & D. Bhai K. & G.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

AFFRAY IN SAILOR'S HOME.

UNRULY SEAMEN FINED.

At the Esplanade Police Court the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, yesterday, disposed of the case in which Mr. A. W. Scott, Superintendent of the Royal Alfred Sailors' Home, charged J. Paul, H. Taylor, J. Paye and H. Harder, all seamen of the P. and O. Company's steamer Arcadia, with criminal trespass. The first three accused were also charged with assault.

It was said that on the 30th instant at about 9 a.m. the four accused were seen by Mr. Scott in a room in the Home which was reserved for officers. Mr. Scott asked them not to make use of the room as they were not officers. After a few words were exchanged the first accused, it was said, took him unawares and struck him on his right eye, injuring it severely. A scuffle ensued in the course of which the first accused bit his right thumb causing it to bleed badly. The second and third accused were also said to have joined in the affray and in the end Mr. Scott was thrown down on the steps of the verandah. Mr. Mace, the gatekeeper, came to help Mr. Scott, but he was also assaulted by the accused.

The defence was that Mr. Scott first struck the first accused, and called him out to fight, and they had a fair fight with each other in which the complainant was worsted. The second and third accused denied to have taken any part in the fight.

Mr. Vicaji, who appeared to prosecute the accused, asked for exemplary sentences as disturbances of this kind were frequent in the Home.

His Lordship disbelieved the defence and sentenced the first accused to a fine of Rs. 10 for trespass and a further fine of Rs. 10 for assault. The second and third accused were fined Rs. 10 each for trespass and Rs. 5 each for assault. The fourth accused was fined Rs. 10 for assault.

CURIOUS FORM OF GRATITUDE.

At the Mazagon Police Court on Saturday, before Mr. G. R. Khairaj, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Kurtiraj charged a European, Henry Melville Macfarlane, with the theft of an overcoat valued at Rs. 21 belonging to one Minocher E. Karanjawala.

The complainant is an Excise Sub-Inspector and resides at Slater Road. On Friday the accused met him at Grant Road Station and asked him for help saying that he had met with adverse circumstances and was without means. The complainant, taking pity on him, took him home and gave him food and hospitality. Whilst staying with his benefactor, the accused stole a waterproof coat and left the house. He was subsequently arrested and the coat was recovered from a man in Girgaum with whom accused had pledged it.

The accused pleaded guilty, but His Worship, taking into consideration that he was without food and lodging and had no employment sentenced him to one day's simple imprisonment, and advised him to go to the Government Workhouse where he would be provided and cared for.

RASH DRIVING.

At the Mazagon Police Court on Saturday, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Second Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Dalton charged Dulabh Nowroji, a coachman, with driving in a rash and negligent manner and thereby endangering the safety of foot passengers.

On the 25th instant the accused was driving his master, a Bori, Husenbhai Oorudin, along Sandhurst Road when he knocked over a Hindu woman named Bhagibai Dhondu, who was cross the road with a basket on her head and fratured her shoulder blade. The evidence recorded led to prove that the accused was driving on the wrong side of the road and at an extraordinary pace. He was convicted, but as his master volunteered to pay the complainant Rs. 35 as compensation, His Worship fined the accused Rs. 5.

A FALSE CHARGE.

At the Mazagon Police Court on Saturday before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Narayen Pandoo charged three Hindoos Rama Shinde, Bhogia Dewala, and Khairia Aggri with assaulting him with a stick and knocking out four of his front teeth.

Mr. Crage, pleader, appeared for the complainant and Mr. F. W. Pereira defended the accused.

The defence was that the case was a false one and that the complainant who is a confirmed drunkard and a rowdy character, had lost his teeth some time ago. In course of the evidence the complainant told a number of lies. His Worship declined to believe his story, and discharged the three accused.

It is reported that Dewan Bahadur M. O. Parthasarthy Iyengar, retired District and Sessions Judge and at present an Advocate of the Madras High Court, has made an endowment of Rs. 1 lakh for religious, charitable and educational purposes.

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Reserve Liability of Shareholders		15,00,000
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31st July		52,35,000
31st December		1,04,00,000

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25	24-2
30	27-4
35	31-5
40	36-11
45	43-14

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The Editor of "The Bombay Chronicle" will be glad to receive for publication photographs of topical events or interesting photographs of any kind for publication from both amateur and professional photographers. These will be paid for, if published, according to the value of the photograph for purposes of reproduction; as to which the Editor's opinion will be final. The Editor cannot make himself responsible for the return of such photographs if not used, but, if accompanied by stamps to cover postage, every care will be taken to oblige the sender in this respect. Photographs should be addressed as follows:—

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Bombay.

Photos.

All communications intended for the Editor should be addressed simply "To the Editor." Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

All BUSINESS communications (Advertisements, change of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER and all remittance made payable to him.

Subscribers whose copies are delayed in delivery are requested to send the covers to the Manager, previously marking thereon the date of the paper enclosed therein.

All new Advertisements or changes of advertisements intended for insertion in the paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m. on the day before publication.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Editor cannot hold himself responsible for the return of rejected communications.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Legislative Council Meeting at the Council Hall at Poona, 12.
Harwood Association Football League: All Blacks vs. Sherwood Foresters, Cooperage, 5-45.

WEDNESDAY, July 30.

Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30.
Meeting of the Standing Committee of the Corporation, 4-10.

DAILY.

Excelsior Cinemotograph, Novelty Theatre, 6-30 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11-30.
America—India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11 p.m.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

July 28, 1913.

THE ROMANTIC WILL SUIT.

The English Probate Court has seldom been occupied with the consideration of so strange a case as that of the action with respect to Sir John Scott's will, which terminated on July the 7th. Very full reports have appeared in our columns, and our readers are therefore probably well acquainted with the facts. The case is one of considerable legal interest—though it settles no new point of law—and the romantic story which was unfolded in the course of its hearing gives it a unique human interest. Sir John Scott's relations brought the action to set aside a series of bequests made to Lady Sackville, formerly Mrs. Sackville West, amounting to about half a million pounds, under a will and various codicils dated from 1908 to 1910. Not the least remarkable feature of the story was that the money which passed from Sir John Scott under such romantic circumstances came to him in an equally strange way. The son of a physician practising at Boulogne, who happened to be the friend of Sir Richard Wallace, the famous connoisseur and collector, he was appointed the latter's secretary. As is well known, the fourth Lord Hertford left the whole of his vast fortune to Sir Richard Wallace, who is generally reputed to have been his son. This fortune afterwards passed to Lady Wallace, who formed a strong friendship with the Scotts; and at her death the bulk of her property, with the exception of the great Wallace collection, which was bequeathed to the nation, passed to Sir John Scott. At about the same time Sir John Scott formed a strong friendship for Mrs. Sackville West. It was alleged by his relatives that this friendship developed into a tyrannical domination on the part of Lady Sackville, who, by exercising an undue influence over and, in fact, terrorising an old and weak man, estranged him from his family and induced him to confer upon her lavish gifts of money and to make a will in her favour, leaving her a vast sum of money. It was also alleged that the old man subsequently awoke to a proper sense of affection for his relatives and executed a codicil, revoking his bequests in favour of the Sackvilles. This codicil, however, could not be produced and the case against Lady Sackville completely failed, after she had been subjected to a long and searching cross-examination. The jury found that the charges of fraud and undue influence were not made out, and their verdict has been generally endorsed by public opinion. It seems clear that Sir John Scott was by no means the weak character that he was represented to have been by his relatives. The fact appears to have been that his own relatives were an extremely dull lot and what they described as "an unwholesome friendship," was no more than the influence of a brilliant and imperious woman over an old man who was considerably bored with his life. That Lady Sackville exercised a strong influence over the old gentleman is undoubted, but it was an influence which she won by legitmate means; by the attraction of her character, by the bright and happy days she brought him, and by the sympathy of her nature. In this way she succeeded in communicating to him the enthusiasm of her passion to save Knole Park, the Sackvilles' family seat, and to recover the family pictures and plate.

The case illustrates the well-settled legal doctrine of English law, which differing from some other systems in vogue in Christendom, and nearly all systems outside Christendom, gives the widest liberty to the testator to do what he likes with his property. This liberal doctrine has always been characteristic of the English law, though it is doubtful, curiously enough, whether it really represents the actual opinion of the average Englishman. It would have been impossible, we imagine, for the Hertford million to have been through such a series of adventures in any other country. In England, only in case of intestacy must the deceased person's property under the law go to his next of kin in certain shares, and even then in most cases the whole estate will go to a single individual, who may or may not see that the rest of the relatives are duly provided for. Cases in which persons die leaving their possessions to outsiders and fail to provide for their own kith and kin, are not at all uncommon, and it is not surprising that, judging from the comments on the Scott-Sackville case, there is a large opinion in favour of some alteration of the law, by which a testator would be obliged to make at least some sort of provision for his own family before making bequests to other people. As to the question of undue influence, on which the Scott-Sackville case turned, it was fairly clear from the commencement that Lady Sackville had the law on her side. There was little to suggest undue influence in the accepted legal interpretation of the phrase, and there were none of the elements which would have justified the court in setting aside the expressed wishes of the testator. The law watches very jealously cases in which gifts or bequests are bestowed upon those who occupy certain relationships towards the testator, such as that of a doctor or nurse, an attorney, or a spiritual adviser, but in the case of a friendship not arising out of any of these circumstances, however strong the influence may be, the original basis of it is not one which should be held to form a ground of suspicion.

THE SILVER POSITION.

In a memorandum published in the United States Mr. Moreton Frewen suggests that the price of silver should be raised from its present level of about 30d. to about 66d. per fine ounce. By this projected interference with a free market in silver the promoter wishes to ensure stability of exchange between gold and silver standard countries, in other words, between China and India on the one hand and the rest of the civilised world generally, on the other. The method proposed is that the Great Powers should buy for coinage the surplus silver, not required for ornaments, for the arts and for industries, at a gradually increasing rate until the 15½ to 1 ratio of silver to gold is attained. This proposition has several vital faults, and it may be asserted with confidence, therefore, that it will not be received within the pale of possible, practical politics. The ratio of value between gold and silver can never be constant so long as supply and demand varies considerably, as it now does, with regard to the latter metal; and legislation with the object of imparting an artificial fixed relation between the two, having no finality would have to be readjusted again and again with disturbing consequences to the trade of the world In the meantime it may be interesting to consider what chances silver has of approaching, by natural means, the higher price mentioned by Mr. Moreton Frewen. Spot silver is now quoted at 26 13/16 in London and at Rs 68 1/8 in India 27 3/16 being mentioned for the forward position. But buyers are unwilling to operate except at lower rates, and there seems no immediate likelihood of an advance in values. Values have been very consistently low for the last two months, the present figure having travelled from 26 7/8d. per ounce in June, as a consequence of a slightly increased demand from India and China for this month's delivery. Having regard to the stringency in the international money markets these reduced prices need cause no surprise, for there are heavy stocks of the metal which must be considered. It cannot be assumed with any assurance however, that India will not need to purchase as much silver next year as last year for coinage purposes. The fact must not be overlooked that our trade balance last year permitted the purchase of £13,500,000 of silver as well as more than £30,000,000 of gold. It is scarcely likely that the trade balance of the current year will allow us to import gold to this extent. Perhaps, indeed, from ten to fifteen millions will be about the quantity, in view of our expanding imports of merchandise. But the trade of India is active and progressive, and silver is the currency of the people, and a large amount of this metal will doubtless be required to meet an enhanced demand. We shall probably take less gold than we did last year and more silver, and although the price of the latter will not, of course, come up to the high level mentioned by Mr. Moreton Frewen a substantial appreciation may be anticipated during the course of the next few months.

COMPANY PROMOTION IN INDIA.

Although there is a commercial spirit abroad in this country which will, it is hoped, bring India into wholesome rivalry with Japan and China, it is to be regretted that the new movement has not always progressed on healthy lines, consonant with those traditions of commercial morality by which most of our reputable firms are inspired. The flotation of unsound limited liability companies, with insufficient capital, on insecure foundations, has unfortunately become a feature of Indian business life, and if it were usually the case that honest industrialism were the aim of the promoters, sympathy and assistance too perhaps, would not be withheld when failure overtook them. In a number of instances, however, the stock-in-trade of the company promoter consists of a table of some sort, a couple of chairs, and a clerk. The object in view is to secure the control of other people's money and until the Life Assurance and Provident Insurance Acts were brought into play the life insurance company, with an initial capital so small that it was not worth mentioning, was the most frequent means adopted for achieving this result. The minimum deposit of Rs. 25,000 prescribed by the former Act and the official control of Provident Societies has, however, checked this obnoxious method of making money, and the company promoter is now turning his attention to the so-called "banking" business, in which he finds full scope for financial jugglery untrammelled and unrestrained. The Registrars of Joint Stock Companies in India are now issuing their annual reports, which are very instructive in this connection. In the Punjab, for example, no less than 44 concerns went into liquidation during the twelve months under review, 27 of which were "of the dishonest type of provident fund." In Bengal, out of 847 companies now on the register, 259 came into existence during the last two years. In 1911-12 the insurance companies registered in Bengal numbered 56, as against 41 concerns of the trading type, eight banks being also established. In 1912-13 the new insurance undertakings number 46, as compared with 27 trading ventures, no less than fourteen banks being registered during the same period. Some of the latter concerns are really serving a useful purpose, but the local registrar may possibly be far out in his reckoning when he sees evidences of successful working in the fact that they are "able to pay dividends at rates varying from 5 to 32 per cent. per annum, on their paid-up capital." When studying the accounts of undertakings of this sort it is always advisable to trace the source from which dividends are desired. The large percentage of failures is one of the most distressing features of the company promoting craze in India, and when we learn that, in Bengal alone, 32 concerns went into liquidation last year it is evident that business knowledge requires considerable extension and that business methods are in need of considerable improvement. No stronger evidence, than the figures presented by the Registrars of Joint Stock Companies, could indeed be found, to support the suggestion made by the Hon. Sir Fazalbhai Currimbhai, that a new congress should be established for the benefit of India commerce, for the returns conclusively show that a vast amount of money is being either wasted in hopeless projects, or, worse still, that unprincipled people are growing rich at the expense of the credulous poor. If isolated efforts were consolidated into a well-directed movement of industrial expansion the word "liquidation" would cease to occupy the prominent place it now does in these annual reports.

DAY BY DAY.

Sir Henry McMahon.

Colonel Sir Henry McMahon, Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, is now on a visit to Bhopal. He will return to Simla by the 3rd or 4th August.

The Begum's School for Delhi.

The Begum of Bhopal's scheme for the establishment of a collegiate high school at Delhi for the benefit of Indian girls of respectable parentage has been completed and is now before Her Highness for final approval. The scheme provides for fifty boarders and fifty day scholars who will be given higher education in Indian ideals. The project will be definitely settled this summer and a practical beginning will be made in the winter.

A Notable Marriage.

Yet another marriage has been arranged between the famous Mysore and Oudh families. The contracting parties are the eldest son of the Hon. Nawab Sayed Mahommed of Madras and the daughter of Prince Mirza Suraiya Kadr Bahadur of Oudh. The ceremony has been fixed for the 30th instant at Lucknow.

The Maharana of Udaipur.

H. H. the Maharana of Udaipur, the famous Rajput Chief, has been among recent visitors to Simla. The party stayed at Wheatfield and H. E. the Viceroy received the Maharana on Monday last. The visit was informal. The old Maharana had a great reception from the Simla public at the railway station. The Hon. Pandit Madan Mahan Malavya, who had come up to meet His Highness, had several interviews with him in regard to the Hindu university project.

A Vacant Agricultural Post.

The Punjab is to be provided with a second Deputy Director of Agriculture and the Government, we understand, is on the look out for a suitable Indian candidate for the appointment. Mr. Mehta is the first Indian who has been appointed to the Imperial Agricultural Service and has been posted to Madras as Supervising Agricultural Chemist.

Kurla Shooting Affair.

The case against Mr. Ormiston Chant for causing grievous hurt to a Goanese at Kurla some time in May last by doing a rash and negligent act has been fixed for hearing by Mr. Wales, District Magistrate of Thana, for the 31st instant.

Minto Park and Proclamation Pillar.

The Government of India have finally decided to allot the small area of land required for the "Minto Park" and Proclamation Pillar at Allahabad. The military authorities have delayed the settlement of this question for a pretty long time but now that it is decided no time will be lost, we understand, in giving practical shape to the scheme. It was well known that Sir John Hewett was a great opponent of the scheme and this, it is believed, accounts for the absurd delay. The final favourable decision, however, is in no small measure due to Sir James Meston's good offices.

The Three Crores Loan.

Some disappointment will naturally be felt in Bombay at the entire rejection of the applications received from the Western Presidency for participation in the Three Crores Loan. It will perhaps be remembered, however, that Bombay took the bulk of last year's official issue at an average rate of Rs. 96-2. Of the three crores offered on the present occasion the whole amount, with the exception of Rs. 10,000, went to the Bank of Bengal at Rs. 98-8-8. The loan bears interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum and is subject to the conditions orginally imposed when the three and half per cent. loan was issued in 1901. The instalments are payable on August 4th and 30th. As the loan was subscribed three times over it is quite evident that capital is abundantly ready in India for investment, the present slackness in the local share markets being caused not by a dearth of ready cash but by the uncertainty of the outlook.

H. M. S. Philomel.

H. M. S. Philomel returned to Bombay yesterday morning from the Gulf which she has been patrolling since April last. The Philomel is expected to come into the Government Dockyard to-day where she will undergo a course of refitting and over-hauling prior to her transference to the Australian Fleet.

The Naval Manoeuvres.

The Naval Manoeuvres now in progress are the greatest that have ever been held, whether in size of ships or in the number of units and men engaged. No less than 23 admirals and 346 ships distributed between 35 squadrons are employed is the operations. The ships are classified as follows:—

Dreadnoughts, 21. Mine-sweepers, 6.
Other battleships, 27 Destroyers, 159.
Old armoured cruisers, 42. Submarines, 42.
Light cruisers, 27. Waterplane ship, 1.
Heavy cruisers, 12. Tenders, depot ships, etc., 28.
Mine-layers, 7.

The Strategic Idea.

Two fleets, the Blue, representing the British forces, under Admiral Sir George Callaghan, and the Red, representing the enemy, under Vice-Admiral Sir John Jellicoe, are pitted against each other. The main strategic object of the exercises will be to ascertain whether the British Fleet can give security against invasion. Sir John Jellicoe is endeavouring to land an invading force, and Sir George Callaghan is charged with the task of bringing him to battle and destroying him before the landing can be effected. The problem is of surpassing importance in view of the weakness of the Territorial Force. If Sir George Callaghan is successful the Government may be expected to claim that the safety of this country is absolutely assured and that that, therefore, there is no need to reorganise the Territorials and introduce national service. But so far, according to the telegrams, Sir John Jellicoe has been the successful commander.

The Water-Plane Depot.

Among the most remarkable features of the coming manoeuvres is the presence with the fleets of a waterplane depot ship, the Hermes, carrying three waterplanes. This is the first occasion on which aircraft has been used in these exercises. In addition to the waterplanes afloat a certain number of the machines stationed round the coast are employed. The new boats of the E class of submarine are now seen at sea for the first time in manoeuvres. They are of about 800 tons and carry two guns in addition to four torpedo tubes. Their radius of action is not less than 1,500 miles, and they are worthy to be described as ocean-going submarines.

Week-end Weather.

During the week-end the weather has been for the most part fine but heavy and somewhat unexpected showers have fallen to the detriment of those whom a little sun has coaxed to venture out of doors without rain coats. Several heavy showers between 4-45 p.m. and 5-30 p.m. on Saturday interfered with the cricket and converted the football ground into a morass before the start of the game but the rain went off in the evening, yesterday afternoon was again rainy, but as it is treated in Bombay as the time of siesta the rain did not interfere with anyone, but a few enthusiastic cricketers. At the time of going to press a heavy shower came on and continued for about half an hair.

Mortality Returns.

During the twenty-four hours ended at six a.m. on Sunday seven attacks and three deaths from plague were recorded in Bombay City, out of a total mortality of 77, from all causes. The total mortality for the corresponding period of last year was 105, and for the year before 93. The plague attacks were reported as follows:—Worli four, Kamatipura two, and Bhuleshwar one. No cases of either small-pox or cholera were reported during the period.

During the twenty-four hours ended at six o'clock on Saturday morning there was one attack of plague in Bombay and two deaths out of a total mortality of 87. Last year the total number of deaths in the corresponding period was 108 and the year before 72. The one attack of plague was reported from Parel. There was also one attack of cholera recorded. Out of 1,500 rats caught by the Municipal rat-catchers during the same period seventeen were found to be plague infected.

Mr. Wacha's Premchand Roychand.

The "Times" in its notice of Mr. Wacha's interesting biography remarks that "though written with scrupulous accuracy Mr. Dinshaw Wacha's fascinating story seems more fitted to be a chapter of the Arabian Nights than of the modern history of Western India," and discussing Premchand Roychand, remarks:—

In spiritual refinement of face and mind, in simplicity of life and dress, in modesty of demeanour, in helpfulness to others, the spare little Jain who inspired the mad speculation of those days was poles asunder from the typical reckless financier of the West. Under the guidance of the devoted friend of adverse as well as prosperous days, Sir George Birdwood, to whom the biography is dedicated, he gave with lavish hand to public objects helping to make "Bombay the Beautiful"; but when the crash came he and his immediate circle of friends were indebted to one institution alone, the quasi-Government Bank of Bombay, to the extent of £1,380,000, and he was also deeply involved with numerous other banks and companies. Though the estate paid only 1s per cent dividend. Premchund Roychund, by reason of his personal guilelessness and charm, escaped much of the obloquy which might have been expected, and lived in growing honour and esteem for 40 more years. Mr. Wacha has given us a valuable contribution to the business history of India in the early years of Crown government.

Agent and G. I. P. Employees.

For some time past there have been rumours of a recurrence of trouble on the G. I. P. Railway and until the answer to the men's petition by the Agent, Major Hopper, which we published in our issue of Saturday last, there was a strong impression prevalent that another strike would be proclaimed yesterday. However, it is stated that the Agent's circular has been favourably received by the employees and that the men are satisfied. Eleven men were dismissed, because of their action during the recent strike and it is thought that another appeal will be made to the railway to reinstate these men in some capacity or other on the railway.

Rev. W. Pope, Principal, St. Augustine's School, Moulmein, who was highly esteemed at that town, died of fever on the morning of the 26th instant at the hospital there.

TURKS' INVASION.

OFFICIAL DENIAL BY THE PORTE.

GREECE STUBBORN.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 25.

M. Ghenadieff, the Bulgarian Foreign Minister, recently telegraphed protesting against the invasion of Bulgaria.

The Grand Vizier replied on the 24th instant, that some patrols were reconnoitring and crossed the frontier, but that they had now been withdrawn by the orders of the Commander-in-Chief.

THANKSGIVING IN MOSQUES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.

Mosques were crowded, yesterday with worshippers, and an hour was set aside for silent prayer and thanksgiving to Almighty for recovery of Adrianople.

BRITISH CRUISERS FOR THE MEDITERRANEAN.

LONDON, July 26.

The battle-cruisers Invincible and Indomitable have been ordered to the Mediterranean after the Manœuvres.

TO PREVENT BULGAR HUMILIATION.

It is stated in Vienna that Austria, Russia and Rumania have agreed upon measures to prevent the further humiliation of Bulgaria by Greece and Servia.

GREEK REPLY TO THE POWERS.

LONDON, July 25.

In a statement to the Powers, Greece repudiates any desire to crush Bulgaria by insisting upon the simultaneous signature of armistice and peace preliminaries.

"POWERS SHOULD APPLY PRESSURE AT SOFIA."

Greece declares that the Bulgarians can save the Throne and preserve public order if they accept the conditions of the victors. Greece further says that the Powers should apply pressure at Sofia, not at Athens and Belgrade.

RUMANIAN ADVANCE ARRESTED.

BUKHAREST, July 26.

At the request of Bulgaria, the advance of Rumanian troops has been arrested fifteen kilometres from Sofia.

LONDON, July 26.

Greek marines have occupied Dedeagatch.

MEETING AT BUKHAREST.

LONDON, July 26.

Delegates from the different States are betaking themselves to Bukharest. The Bulgarian Minister, M. Tontcheff, has started, as also has the Greek delegate, M. Panas. M. Venizelos, Greek Premier has gone to Salonika to see the King before going to Bukharest.

A BULGAR CAPITULATION.

LONDON, July 26.

The Servians are beginning to surround Widn. The capitulation of the town is expected shortly. The troops of General Kutincheff's command are already beginning to surrender. Unofficial reports from Bukharest say that the Bulgarian troops are wholly demoralised and refuse to face the enemy.

TURKS' SPOILS OF WAR.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 27.

The spoils of the Turks at Adrianople include 150 guns, 75 of which are Bulgarian, 50,000 Mausers, a million sacks of corn and two thousand sacks of flour.

CALCUTTA MOSLEMS' APPEAL TO ENGLAND.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CALCUTTA, July 26.

In connection with the celebration of the recapture of Adrianople by Turkey, a meeting was held by Calcutta Mahomedans on Thursday night at the Colootola mosque, when the following resolutions were adopted:—(1) That the Mahomedans of Calcutta do emphatically urge on the British Government to abstain from coercing Turkey to evacuate Adrianople or any other territory which has been re-taken by Turkey under changed circumstances and to observe strictly the policy of neutrality as has been declared since the Balkan War, otherwise the feelings of 79 millions of Mussalman subjects of His Britannic Majesty will receive a heart-rending shock likely to produce discontent which will be uncontrovertible, (2) that this meeting further prays that the British Government would exert its utmost to induce the other Powers not to force Turkey to abandon any occupied territory, such a policy will be hailed with unanimous joy by Mahomedan subjects and (3) that this meeting views with great alarm the recent pronouncement of Mr. Asquith at Birmingham with regard to the advance of Turkey and hopes that the British Cabinet does not share his views.

SOUTH AFRICAN IMMIGRATION.

SELECT INDIANS TO BE ADMITTED.

ENTRY OF WIVES OF DOMICILES.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 25.

A Bluebook has been published containing the correspondence between Lord Gladstone and the Imperial Government with reference to the Indian Immigration Bill.

Mr. Harcourt telegraphed on May 8th, authorising Ministers, if they considered a renewed expression of the Imperial Government's views desirable, to state that the Imperial Government considered it of Imperial importance that legislation should be passed without further postponement, to alter the present extremely unsatisfactory position of Indians, by abolishing differentiation before the law came into operation; further, that while Indian opinion cannot be expected to be wholly satisfied by the present Bill, the Imperial Government, having regard to all circumstances, are prepared to accept it as a settlement of the Indian Immigration question.

Replying to the objections raised by Lord Crewe prior to the passing of the Bill and transmitted through Mr. Harcourt, the Union Ministry thought there would be no difficulty in connection with the admission of specially selected educated entrants.

The Union also asked whether the Government of India could not concern itself with the selection of such persons.

The Union did not intend to interfere with the question of jurisdiction of the courts in connection with domicile in the matter of a female claiming entry on the ground that she is the wife of a person domiciled in the Union.

AMERICA AND MONROE DOCTRINE.

RESTRICTION OF COLONISATION IN THE NEW WORLD.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

WASHINGTON, July 26.

A concurrent resolution was introduced in the House of Representatives, yesterday, reaffirming the Monroe Doctrine, refusing to permit the further extension of the colonisation system of European nations in this hemisphere, and particularly objecting to the colonisation of peoples with whom the Caucasian element cannot and will not assimilate.

The last clause is supposed to refer to the project for the Japanese colonisation in Mexico.

The resolution also demanded the abandonment of the Philippines immediately a stable government was established.

The resolution was referred to a committee.

"PARLIAMENTARY COMING-OF-AGE."

AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN CELEBRATES EVENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 27.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain celebrated his "Parliamentary coming-of-age" at Highbury yesterday. Five thousand people were present.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain made his first appearance since his illness and walked on the lawn, his appearance being loudly cheered. Mr. Austen Chamberlain was presented with a silver Spanish galleon and his wife with a diamond pendant.

EXPRESS DERAILED.

FIFTEEN KILLED.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

COPENHAGEN, July 27.

There were fifteen people killed and ten injured in a derailment of the express near Esbjerg. The Socialist leader, M, Sabron, was killed. Two out of thirteen English passengers were injured.

OBITUARY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 27.

The death is announced of Mr. Samuel Bradshaw Hunt, late Indian Medical Service.

NON-MILITANT SUFFRAGETTES.

GREAT DEMONSTRATION IN HYDE PARK.

"REASON, NOT FORCE."

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 27.

Numerous columns of non-militant Suffragettes who have been marching to London for weeks past from all parts of the country, holding meetings *en route*, concluded their pilgrimage by a demonstration in Hyde Park yesterday. A hundred thousand demonstrators, flying banners inscribed "Reason, not Force", were present. There were sixty speakers on a score of platforms. The crowd was orderly and sympathetic, the scene being in great contrast to the recent mobbings of "Militants."

RAND LABOUR UNREST.

TWO COMMISSIONS TO REDRESS GRIEVANCES.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

JOHANNESBURG, July 25.

After negotiations lasting some days between the Government and Labour representatives, the former offered to appoint two Commissions, to deal, respectively, with the grievances of railway employees and those of other branches of labour.

The latter Commission is to be composed of five members, representing mine-workers and other workers, mine-owners and employers in other industries, while Government will appoint a Chairman.

It is expected that railway workers, who are State employees, will be granted political rights and that their Union will be recognised.

MINEOWNERS' CONCESSIONS.

JOHANNESBURG, July 27.

The mineowners' concessions have been handed to the Minister for Mines, who has informed the Labour leaders that the Government trusted that the very substantial concessions made by the owners would lead to the establishment of stable industrial conditions.

ALCOHOL AS MOTOR-FUEL.

ENQUIRY ORDERED BY LONDON CONFERENCE.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 25.

The Motor Transport Conference in London, which is being attended by representatives of all parts of the Empire has decided to appoint a Committee to enquire into the possibilities of alcohol as motor-fuel.

Mr. Humby, (South Africa,) moved the appointment of a permanent Motor Transport Committee in London.

Colonel Bonner, (India), seconded.

The motion was passed unanimously.

CAT AND MOUSE ACT.

FORTNIGHT'S PRISON FOR ROW IN WESTMINSTER.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 25.

Mrs. Pethick Lawrence and two Suffragettes arrested during the disturbances in St. Stephen's Hall yesterday, brought before the Magistrate today, refused to be bound over and were sent to prison for a fortnight.

In the Court they made speeches against the "Cat and the Mouse Bill."

The other two Suffragettes are Lady Sybil Smith and Miss Sharpe.

"TERRA NOVA" SURVIVORS.

RECEIVE ANTARCTIC MEDALS FROM KING GEORGE.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 26.

The King received at Buckingham Palace, to-day, the officers and men of the "Terra Nova" and the relatives of those who perished in the expedition, and personally decorated them with the Antarctic Medal.

KING'S INDIAN ORDERLIES.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 26.

The King's Indian Orderlies discharged their final duty to-day when they were present at the presentation of the Terra Nova Medals. They subsequently bade farewell to His Majesty. They return to India shortly.

INDIA IN ENGLAND.

PUBLIC SERVICES COMMISSION.

EVIDENCE IN LONDON.

LORD SYDENHAM.

A CONTRAST.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 11.

The Public Services Commission began taking evidence a week ago and it has been engaged mainly with witnesses representing the universities. It is a little difficult to understand the principle which has been adopted with regard to the publication of the proceedings. I believe that the question as to the admission of reporters has been several times discussed by the Commissioners but that no definite decision has been arrived at. Probably the majority are in favour of the admission of the Press, but they also realised that this would not secure any publicity worth having in the newspapers. The method at present followed is that of sending out a very brief report of the evidence to the Press; it appears in the "Times" and a few of the other principal newspapers. After hearing two eminent members of the medical service, Sir Havelock Charles and Sir C. P. Lukis, the Commission examined Professor Lodge of Edinburgh University, Dr. Warren of Magdalen College, Oxford, and Mr. Stanley Leathes, the senior Civil Service Commissioner. The main point, apparently, upon which they were questioned was the age limit for Civil Service candidates. Both Professor Lodge and Dr. Warren deprecated the lowering of the age of entry, and the latter expressed the opinion that at the present time India was getting from Oxford a very able and industrious set of men. This is an opinion which Indian critics will [redacted] beside that [redacted]ission in India [redacted] the Bengal [redacted]dustrious the [redacted]ford may well be, but Mr. Allen went a great deal nearer the mark in his criticisms of the Oxford training and manner than Dr. Warren attempted to do. On the same subject of age Mr. Stanley Leathes showed a more open mind than the two earlier witnesses. If, he said, the Commission recommended the lowering of the age of entry, he would be inclined to put it at 18 and 19, with the two competitions spread over one year instead of one competition spread over two years; but it was more difficult to decide upon the merits of candidates at an early age. Mr. Leathes thought it very desirable that candidates should spend their term of probation at a residental university so as to complete what he called their social training. He was rather against the idea of setting up a separate institution for the training of Indian Civilians. He added that since the institution of the combined examination for the Civil Service there had been a growing reluctance on the part of candidates to go to India: and this in spite of the fact that at the end of fifteen years the income of a civil servant at Home was only £500 or £600.

LORD SYDENHAM ON THE INDIAN FUTURE.

Your late Governor is continuing his career as a public orator. On Wednesday evening he was entertained at dinner by the Norhbroke Society at the Hotel Cecil. Lord Ampthill was in the chair, and the company included a large number of prominent Indians and Anglo-Indians. Lord Sydenham's speech presents a most striking contrast in substance and temper to that of Sir Fleetwood Wilson at Simla, the text of which arrived in England by last mail. The contrast is enhanced by the similarity in some respects in the former careers of the two men. Both of them have had to do with the War Office and both went to India at a late stage of life with a varied knowledge of public life; yet the curious thing is that Lord Sydenham, who had been a colonial governor, has come out of his Indian experience with a far more conservative and autocratic bent than that shown by the late Finance Minister. This came out markedly in Lord Sydenham's speech at the Northbrook dinner. He dwelt, as he always does, upon the enormous material progress of India, but laid emphasis upon the fact that in the public life of the country there were grave symptoms which it would be madness to ignore—using, for the most part a decidedly pessimistic tone. No one who reads the two speeches together can fail to note the complete opposition of spirit and temper which they show. Sir Fleetwood Wilson is prepared to greet all the changes of the present and future without fear: Lord Sydenham seems to be impressed with the dangers of the situation and the intellectual poison which he believes to be inseparable from Western education in India. It might perhaps have been thought that, speaking to the Northbrook Society, the whole purpose of which is to provide common ground for English and Indians in this country, he would have dwelt more upon the hopeful aspects of the situation and upon the subjects in which the two races are agreed but that, as your readers well know, is not Lord Sydenham's way. He ventured to insist upon, and to end with, a declaration in favour of "strong and steadfast Government," which he declared would be necessary for many years to come. Only under such a system could India gradually acquire the essential characteristics of nationhood—a conclusion which will appeal far less forcibly to the educated Indian than did the generous praise conferred by Sir Fleetwood Wilson upon the new Councils as the nurseries of the new Indian nationality.

THE DELHI PLANS.

The publication last week of the Delhi Blue Books has decidedly stimulated interest in the making of the new capital, although as a matter of fact public affairs in general are far too absorbing for the newspapers to turn their attention to a subject so remote. In the House of Commons Mr. Joseph King keeps up his single-handed agitation against the India Office. He has been urging that the last annual report of Mr. Begg, the consulting architect, should be placed in the library; asking whether Sir Swinton Jacob will furnish any designs or plans of his own; whether, in view of the unexpected brevity of the Committee's three reports, the Secretary of State is now prepared to publish Mr. Lanchester's reports; or failing that, whether Mr. Lanchester is personally at liberty to publish his reports on his own account; and whether, in view of the fact that the Government of India has merely accepted the Committee's final report "as a useful guide," the Secretary of State would delay the final appointment of the architects and the final approval of designs. Mr. Montagu, in replying, has had to fence as well as he can with his pertinacious questioner. He says that Mr. Lanchester's plans are not suitable for publication, that Sir Swinton Jacob will not supply plans of his own, and that the discretion reserved by Lord Hardinge's Government is not sufficient reason for delaying the final appointment of the architects. It must be confessed that Mr. King's campaign is not in the least likely to affect the situation, for, unfortunately, no other members of the House are shewing any interest in the matter, at all events to the point of asking questions. Also, as Mr. King has no standing as an authority on architecture and town-planning, his questions inevitably leave the impression that they are directly inspired by the very active group which has been so ably fighting the cause of an Indian Delhi during the past eighteen months.

A GARDEN PARTY.

Social events of more or less interest to Indians are frequent enough at this season of the year but not many of them have the attractiveness that accompanied the garden party given by Sir Robert Laidlaw last Saturday. Warren House is one of the pleasant residences in the neighbourhood of Hayes Common, a delightful and still unspoilt corner of Kent within hail of London with historical memories connected with Pitt and many another famous personage. Invitations had been sent to members of the India Council, the Public Services Commission, and a large number of Indian students, and as a consequence the company assembled on the lawn of Warren House was exceptionally representative of both India and Anglo-India.

MEXICAN TROUBLE.

BRITISH WARSHIP IN THE PACIFIC.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 26.

The battle-cruiser New Zealand has arrived at Victoria, British Columbia. She was officially welcomed by the Governor and authorities.

It is rumoured that she will be detained in the Pacific waters to cooperate with American warships till the Mexican Imbroglio is ended.

SUDAN LOAN BILL.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 25.

The Bill in connection with the loan to the Sudan passed the third reading in the House of Commons to-day.

TRANS-ALPINE FLIGHT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 26.

The aviator Bider re-crossed the Alps between Milan and Bale in 8½ hours.

CIVIL WAR IN CHINA.

SOUTH'S OVERTURES FOR PEACE.

NEW REBEL LEADER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

SHANGHAI, July 25.

The attacks on Kiangan were renewed yesterday but repulsed.

The Southern leaders have telegraphed to Yuan Shi Kai proposing a basis for peace negotiations.

PRECAUTIONS IN SHANGHAI.

SHANGHAI, July 26.

With a view to scattering the rebels in the vicinity of Shanghai, the municipal authorities, after a Consular meeting, decided to land bluejackets and establish pickets around the settlement to prevent the passage of rebels.

NORTH'S VICTORIOUS ADVANCE.

HANKOW, July 26.

The Northerners are making a general advance and the rebels are retreating in confusion. The Northerners have crossed the Yangtzekiang and captured Oliphant Island, and are bombarding the fort of Hukow.

The thousand foreigners at Kuling are making an urgent appeal for a naval guard.

WOOSUNG FORT REBELS.

SHANGHAI, July 27.

The troops in Woosung forts, which dominate the approach to Shanghai from the sea, at first declared for the Government, but subsequently reverted to the rebels. The general commanding them thereupon fled.

The troops have elected a new leader, who has announced that he will not take part in the fighting unless attacked.

A special train is waiting at Woosung to remove the foreigners.

The armament of the forts includes a twelve-inch gun.

JAPANESE RECRUITS.

HONGKONG, July 27.

It is reported on reliable authority that fifty Japanese have enlisted among the Cantonese troops and that a Japanese steamer, laden with arms for the rebels, is expected at Canton.

CALCUTTA MUNICIPALITY.

PROPOSED AMENDED CONSTITUTION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CALCUTTA, July 26.

The Government of Bengal have issued a resolution detailing the main principles in connection with the proposed amendment of the Calcutta Municipal Act, and asking the opinion of the public on the proposed changes.

It is proposed, following the Bombay system, to have a nominated official Commissioner with an elected chairman from among the councillors.

Regarding the constitution of the Corporation, it is proposed to increase the number of Commissioners from fifty to seventy-five. At present, there are twenty-five elected and twenty-five nominated Commissioners. It is proposed to have thirty-seven elected and thirty-eight nominated Commissioner. It is also proposed to give the Mahomedan community nine representatives. If this proposal is adopted the Mahomedan community could not perhaps expect to be allowed a voice in the general ward elections.

The increased representations will be distributed in the following manner:—Representatives of the wards (25 plus 12 extra members for the most populous wards) 37; Mahomedan 9; Bengal Chamber of Commerce 6; Calcutta Trades Association 5; Port Commissioners 2; Calcutta University 1, Marwari Association 2; Bengal National Chamber of Commerce 1; Government nominees 12; Total 75.

"PAYING THE PIPER."

MR. LYON JUSTIFIES NEW EDUCATIONAL POLICY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CALCUTTA, July 26.

Referring to the new educational policy of Government, the Hon. Mr. P. C. Lyon presiding yesterday over the prize distribution of a school at Comilla, is reported to have said that the Government owed much to private enterprise in the cause of education and pointed out that the control over education was quite compatible with the spread of education.

Although speakers and wild writers were saying many things against the policy of Government in regard to education, he reminded the audience of an old proverb to the effect that "He who paid the piper had a right to call the tune."

Government was not prepared to push the proverb to its logical consequences, but the Government in making large and liberal grants for education had a right to look to improvement of the educational system.

GOLD IN BENGAL.

ANOTHER DISCOVERY.

PROSPECTORS SANGUINE.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 27.

Another rich gold deposit has been found on the Dalbhoom Estate of the late Prince Mohamed Buktyah Shah in Bengal. It is thought that this latest find will render the work of locating the actual lodes an easier matter than has hitherto been the case in other parts of the territory, for it is not unlikely that the recently discovered outcrops indicate the main reef whence the smaller lodes and stringers previously reported upon derive their origin. Greater confidence is now being expressed in local commercial circles in the prospects of this rich area. A syndicate, promoted by Messrs. Octavius Steel and Company, has already carried out successful prospecting operations and a new company is now being formed called the Dalbhoom Gold and Mining Development Company. It is in the concession granted to the latter concern that the new discoveries have been made and the probability is being freely expressed that gold may eventually be found in Bengal equal in extent and quality to some of the richest deposits of the Mysore fields.

BURMA MAIL STEAMER CAUGH IN CYCLONE.

"WORST PASSAGE FOR TWENTY YEARS."

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CALCUTTA, July 26.

After what was described by one of the officers as the worst passage between Rangoon and Calcutta for twenty years, s. s. Angora carrying the Burma mails arrived in Calcutta last night thirty hours late. The vessel encountered the full force of the cyclone in the Bay and was unable to proceed at more than half speed while at times the waves forced her to a standstill.

At six o'clock on Friday morning, the vessel was struck by a particularly heavy wave which smashed some of the portholes and flooded several cabins, which fortunately were not occupied at the time. Water poured into the aft-deck, damaging some of the luggage and an exciting rescue was made.

CUTTACK CRAFT RESCUED.

At 11 a. m. on Friday a native craft was observed making frantic signals of distress. There were six or seven men aboard and after much trouble they were taken on the Angora. It appears that they had been swept to sea from Cuttack by the high winds and had been buffeted about for four days and nights without food or drink.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.

DRIVER HAYNES DISCHARGED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

JALGAON, July 26.

Mr. F. H. Jolly, First Class Magistrate of East Khandesh, resumed the further hearing of the case against Haynes, a driver in the service of the G. I. P. at Bhushawal, who was charged with attempting to commit murder of another driver named Ash, by shooting him with a revolver.

Mr. G. A. Harker, District Superintendent of Police, conducted the prosecution.

Mr. Maddonough, Assistant Surgeon of Bhushawal, was examined on behalf of the accused. Witness stated that on the night of the 12th instant he examined Haynes and found one wound and a continuous contusion of teeth marks on the lower lip and also teeth marks on the inside of the lip of the accused which led witness to think that Haynes must have been bitten by somebody.

Mr. Jolly after going into the evidence discharged the accused as there was no sufficient proof to warrant the conviction.

FATE OF CALCUTTA MERCHANT AND HIS FAMILY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CALCUTTA, July 26.

Mr. Athanasius Harissiades, a partner in the firm of Messrs D. Macropolo and Co. of Calcutta and Bombay, who was living with his family in Kavalla, has not been heard of since the Bulgarians withdrew from that town taking a number of leading townsmen with them as prisoners. Mr. Harissiades was one of the prisoners. It is not definitely known what has become of him or of his family. It is, however, feared that with the others taken prisoners by the Bulgarians, Mr. Harissiades was also put to death.

CAWNPORE MOSQUE.

"PRESSURE ON TRUSTEES FROM OUTSIDE."

OFFICIAL VERSION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

NAINI TAL, July 26.

A United Provinces Government Press *communique* states:—Considerable excitement, it appears, has been aroused in Mahomedan circles in connection with the removal on the 1st July of a small building attached to what is known as the Machhli Mosque at Cawnpore.

It is probable that the facts of the case are not exactly known, even to some of the organisations from which protests are now emanating. In Cawnpore itself there is comparatively little excitement among the Mahomedan community. In the course of a much-needed municipal improvement scheme a project was sanctioned for running a new road through the densely populated area between Mouleganj and the Dufferin Hospital. The intention to take up the necessary lands and buildings was duly notified as far back as November 1909. The plans indicated that the temple known as the Nelis Temple would be removed, and also the outer or eastern courtyard of the Machhli Bazar Mosque.

At first serious objections were raised in connection with the removal of the temple, a handsome building with a peculiar and pathetic history. The Lieutenant-Governor announced that the new road would be splayed in such a way as to spare the temple, which would be left as an island.

Mahomedan gentlemen asked if this would destroy the mosque. They were assured that on the contrary the alignment of the road would spare the courtyard entirely instead of cutting off a piece of it as originally intended. The only portion of the mosque premises affected would be a narrow projection used as a washing-place. The Improvement Trust Committee decided to give a plot along the north wall of the building instead. A small building which projected from the eastern wall of the mosque across the alignment of the new road is all that has been removed. It was a narrow raised platform, with a drain running through it and a privy at the end, the whole structure being 9 feet broad by 28 feet long.

It has been urged in some protests that the building was equal in sanctity to the rest of the mosque. The best comment on this is the fact that, when the Chairman of the Board went to visit the building, the Mahomedans who accompanied him entered it with shoes on and a pile of shoes were seen lying on the platform inside. The trustees of the mosque would have accepted this reasonable settlement of their case some time ago if pressure had not been brought to bear upon them from outside. The whole occurrence has been greatly exaggerated and misrepresented. There has been no other intention on the part of the local authorities throughout than to treat the mosque and the trustees with every consideration.

ROWDYISM IN RANGOON THEATRES.

POLICE POWERLESS TO INTERVENE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

RANGOON, July 26.

In view of the fact that during theatrical performances at the Jubilee Hall the maintenance of order is far from what it should be, and to avoid the rowdyism that frequently occurs, the Municipal Commissioners who are trustees of the hall, consulted the Government Advocate of Burma and the Commissioner of Police on the subject, and it has been found that both the police and Municipal Committees are powerless in the matter without the amendment of the Rangoon Police Act. The Committee have therefore resolved to approach the Local Government with a view to making the necessary amendment so as to give the police authority to issue proper orders and directions in the case of places of public amusements while open to the public.

ENGLAND, CHINA AND TIBET.

NEW TRIPARTITE TREATY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALLAHABAD, July 26.

The "Pioneer" understands that with regard to the negotiations for a new treaty between Great Britian, China and Tibet, the three delegates appointed are Sir Henry McMahon, Foreign Secretary, Mr. Wanchen, the distinguished diplomat who was for some years member of the Chinese Embassy in London, and Longchen Shatra, Prime Minister in Nepal representing the Dalai Lama. The date of the meeting is still uncertain.

KIRKEE DEFAMATION CASE.

CHARGES AGAINST A MARKET SERGEANT.

REMARKABLE EVIDENCE.

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 26.

A case which is attracting much public attention is now going on in the Court of Major Leslie, Cantonment Magistrate.

It is alleged that two Bazar keepers in the market at Kirkee lodged a complaint in May last before Col. Cadell, President of the Cantonment. Committee of Poona, at Purandhar, that it was no use their interviewing the Cantonment Magistrate of Kirkee on any matter, unless they first "squared" the Market Sergeant, Nanabhoy Merchant.

On receipt of this complaint, Colonel Cadell wrote to Major Stewart, Cantonment Magistrate, Kirkee, directing him to enquire into the matter unknown to the Sergeant.

Major Stewart, however, handed Nanabhoy a copy of the letter, and the latter, on the strength of it, preferred a charge against the parties who made the complaint to Colonel Cadell.

Colonel Cadell and Major Stewart in their evidence deposed what has been mentioned in the foregoing. They are the only two witnesses for the prosecution.

Up to the present the defence have called a string of witnesses of whom Conductor Chisholm, of Kirkee, is one.

In his deposition he stated that his butcher, named Yassin, called at his house one day not long ago, and as the conductor had found difficulty in obtaining meat for some time before, and up to the time of, the butcher's visit, he questioned him as to the cause. The butcher, he said, told him, that Nanabhoy would not allow him to sell unless he paid him Rs. 60.

James Chisholm, Conductor Chisholm's son, another witness, deposed that last year, on a Sunday, while he was at home, the butcher called to see his father, entering the house by the Kirkee gate, and they had a conversation, in which he joined. It was partly about the scarcity of meat.

Yassin, butcher, stated that a day previous to his attending court (last Tuesday), Major Stewart and Conductor Chisholm had a conversation with him in the market at Kirkee. He said that Major Stewart wanted to know, whether the witness made an application re his house. He replied that he would build after the rains; Major Chisholm also asked him if he received a summons, and what evidence he was going to give. The butcher depesed that he told Major Stewart that he would say what he had to say in Court.

Continuing, the witness said that some time ago one day when he was feeding his cattle, the Market Sergeant came up and asked him how many he had. He replied "15"; he told Nanabhoy then that although his cows were in good condition he (Nanabhoy) would not pass them. The Sergeant demanded Rs. 60 from him, but he did not give him anything.

Continuing, the witness said that a few of his cows were passed after the incident. During his conversation with Conductor Chisholm he mentioned Nanabhoy's demand for Rs. 60, when asked about the difficulty of obtaining meat.

Last Thursday, the Court was thronged; so much so, that to keep the spectators out the doors had to be shut against them.

Five more witnesses were examined.

Kisan Mayaji Kumbhar, of Kirkee, deposed that about a year ago, he gave the complainant Rs. 150, to secure him (the witness) a contract for the kutchera, as the complainant demanded the amount for his trouble. The amount paid to the Committee was Rs. 500 for the contract at Rs. 100 per annum. He paid, he said, Rs. 100 six or seven months ago out of Rs. 180 agreed upon for the contract this year.

Parsram Ganpat, Mayaji's clerk, deposed that he was present at the time the Rs. 150 was paid. He was also present when another sum of Rs. 100 was paid to complainant.

Tapidas Amthalal, a grain dealer, deposed that the complainant took away his licence in March or April last year, and that on that account his shop was closed for 4 or 5 days. The complainant, he said, called him to his office, and told him that he would allow him to re-open his shop if he gave him Rs. 10 through one Manilal. He paid the amount as desired.

Bala Somaji, a tailor, another witness, deposed that in his brother's khata there is an entry of Rs. 50 paid to the complainant, as well as another of Rs. 42 debited to the same person.

Khado Murad Irani, deposed that he wanted to change his tea-shop from No. 56 to No. 11, but that the complainant refused to permit it unless he was given Rs. 50. The witness said he paid the money in notes.

The case was adjourned.

THE MUSCAT RISING.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALLAHABAD, July 26.

According to news from Muscat, the Sultan has succeeded in despatching a force from Sib to relieve the town of samail which is infested by rebels.

MR. HORNELL'S APPOINTMENT.

INQUIRY BY INDIA OFFICE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CALCUTTA, July 27.

The "Statesman" publishes the following cablegram from its London correspondent, dated London, July 25:—

I understand that notwithstanding the reluctance of the India Office to adopt any course which may appear to stultify their previous action, the whole circumstances attending Mr. Hornell's appointment as Director of Public Instruction in Bengal are to be the subject of a full enquiry.

The decision to institute an investigation is the result of great mass of public and private representations which have been made to the Secretary of State. Sir Alfred Croft has repeated his indictment of the Bengal Government, charging it with breach of faith with the Educational Service, and Lord Crewe has been informed that members of the service strongly resent the appointment which is causing grave discontent and must inevitably affect the efficiency of educational work.

"The Secretary of State has further been asked why he should antagonise the whole service by supporting the inequitable and unnecessary action of the Local Government. It is understood that Lord Crewe has been profoundly impressed by the tone and volume of the protests addressed to him."

PROTEST IN THE "TIMES."

The "Times" to-day publishes a letter of a column in length, signed "An Anglo-Indian Professor," in which the writer declares that the appointment is open to the strongest objection as constituting a breach of public faith and a misuse of power, which it is difficult to characterise by an inoffensive term and describes it as a pointed and comprehensive insult to a body of public servants whose professional capacity has not been questioned. The writer ridicules the Government of India's communique referring to the alleged exceptional qualifications of Mr. Hornell for the peculiar needs of Bengal and declares that those peculiar needs apparently necessitate the appointment of an officer qualified by a total lack of experience of the present educational requirements of the provinces. He then cites Mr. James's record as providing proof of the falsity of the suggestion that no qualified officer of service in India was available for the post and quotes Mr. Kuchler's advocacy of Mr. James's claims. Finally, the writer maintains that the action of the Government will tend to create a feeling in the mind of every recruit for the educational service that he has been brought to India under false pretences and to weaken the prestige and influence of which service by placing it under an unmerited stigma.

RECORD OF RIGHTS FOR CAWNPORE.

MUNICIPAL LAND RENT TO BE ENHANCED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CAWNPORE, July 26.

The Municipal Board of Cawnpore contemplate taking an important step in the direction of making a thorough and detailed examination of all immoveable property belonging to them or under their control, and the preparation of a complete record of rights.

It appears that large areas of land which the Board claim to be *Nazul* land have for a long time been paying rent at the rate of Rs. 15 per acre. This rent was fixed about the year 1860, just after the Mutiny, when the land was either leased out or sold outright with a fixed rent, large areas being leased out on the acre system. This was perhaps a fair rent in 1860, but the present market in some cases is Rs. 300 per acre. It has been estimated that in the case of Sadar Bazar alone 62 acres of land bring in annually Rs. 934 only as the land rent, while, if the whole area was leased out at the market rates, the Board would obtain a revenue of Rs. 75,000.

The Municipal Board, to avoid hardship, propose to raise the rent gradually by charging one-third of the market value immediately, two-thirds after 10 years, and the full market value after 20 years. This enhancement of rent is likely to lead to some litigation, and the work of preparing the new record of rights will be most carefully done, the services of a Deputy Collector with previous experience in *Nazul* work having been lent by the Government for the purpose.

A RECORD BISON.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

RANGOON, July 25.

A large bison has been accounted for in the jungle 7 miles from Moulmein by a shikari. He happened to be on an elephant which was unaccustomed to shooting excursions and the animal took fright at a herd of bison, with the result that he threw his rider on to the ground from the improvised howdah. Having fallen into some soft bushes the rider escaped with only a bad shaking. Shortly after he came up with the herd again and succeeded in shooting a fine old bull which is considered almost a record in size, the height being 6 feet 5½ inches, length from nose to tail 13 feet 9½ inches, and the length of the horns 79 inches from tip to tip, each horn separately measuring 38 inches in length.

CYCLONE CROSSES BAY.

TIDAL WAVE AT DIAMOND HARBOUR.

STEAMERS HELD UP.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CALCUTTA, July 27.

The cyclonic storm which crossed the coast on Thursday night is reported to have raged with great severity in and around Diamond Harbour. High winds, besides blowing down trees and huts, is said to have caused something like a tidal wave. The river rose over the bund and the country around was flooded. On Friday morning, the neighbourhood of the river was found to be strewn with the wreckage of country craft, and there is reason to fear that a number of lives have been lost. Telegraphic communication with Diamond Harbour was only restored at noon yesterday. The cyclone yesterday morning had reached Jubbulpore but the weather remained unsettled in Calcutta where heavy rain continued till after midday.

On account of the heavy storm prevailing for the past few days, none of the inward bound steamers excepting the Rangoon mail has been able to come into port during the past three days. The Rangoon mail, however, was twenty-four hours behind time. It appears that about eight inward steamers have been held up by the storm and are expected to arrive in port to-day.

HEAVY DOWNPOUR IN CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, July 26.

It was stormy the whole of yesterday in Calcutta and heavy rain fell. Yesterday morning, the centre of the storm which crossed the coast the day before, passing 30 miles southwest of Calcutta, was near Chaibasa. The weather at the head of the Bay was very rough yesterday. This morning there was a heavy downpour deluging some streets of Calcutta.

STORM CENTRE AT JUBBULPORE.

SIMLA, July 26.

The storm has its centre this morning over Jubbulpore and has given moderate to heavy rain to the south of its path.

Rainfall is reported from nearly all parts of the country, the principal amounts being Mergui and Moulmein one and a half inches; Akyab three; Cox's Bazar, Barissal and Darjeeling one and a half; Meerut and Simla two, Roorkee one and half; Murree two; Lahore three quarters; Sirsa, Jaipur and Neemuch one; Amraoti and Seoni half; Hoshangabad, Jubbulpore and Raipur two; Pendra three; Pachmarhi six; Karwar two; Parbhani one and a half; and Hydrabad one.

Forecast:—Increase[illegible] in the West of Central Provinces; in South Gujarat.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL [illegible]

PUBLIC MEETING AT ALLAHABAD.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

ALLAHABAD, July 26.

A largely attended meeting of Indian citizens of Allahabad was held here this afternoon at the Mayo Hall under the chairmanship of the Hon. Pandit Motilal Nehru.

Resolutions were passed praying Government to take steps without further delay for the establishment of an Executive Council with an Indian Member in the United Provinces, imploring His Majesty's Government to intervene on behalf of Indians in South Africa and to direct that all the provisions of the Immigrants Act be not put in force and to make an enquiry into the whole question and if the Dominion Government did not accept a reasonable settlement of the problem, recommending the Government of India to adopt an effective policy of retaliation against them.

It was also resolved that the meeting is convinced that the union of judicial and executive functions is incompartiable with the sound and satisfactory administration of criminal justice and urges reform without delay.

Resolutions were also passed against rules imposing restriction on the number of admissions to school and colleges and the levying of double fees from failed candidates.

Copies of the resolutions will be sent to the Local and Imperial Governments and the Secretary of State.

A number of Mahomedan gentlemen took part in the proceedings during which much enthusiasm was shown.

A telegram from the Secretary of the All Indian Moslem League sympathising with the meeting was read.

Among the principal speakers were the Hon. Dr. Sapru, Dr. S. C. Banerjee, Mr. C. Y. Chintamani and Mr. Iswar Saran.

A POET OF NEW BENGAL.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CALCUTTA, July 26.

Dr. Rash Behari Ghose presided over a public meeting held yesterday evening to express sorrow at the death of Mr. D. L. Roy of the Provincial Executive Service. The deceased gentleman was a great contributor to Bengalee literature. He was a well-known poet and dramatist and some of his national songs were largely sung at Swadeshi meetings.

KIRKEE RACES.

A BRILLIANT GATHERING.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

POONA, July 26.

There was a large gathering present this evening to witness the Kirkee races which included Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon, Miss Beaumont Nesbitt and the Government House party, besides the most prominent members of the Poona Society.

A card of nine events was provided and some good finishes were witnessed, though the course owing to continuous light rain during the last few days was anything but fast. There were two win totalisators in the first enclosure, one of ten and another, a two rupee one, and a brisk business was done by both. Their Excellencies exhibited the keenest interest in the proceedings and were in the special stand erected for their convenience before the time for the first race. They remained on to the end of the proceedings which were pronounced quite successful by the large gathering present. During the evening Col. Cadell and officers of the R.F.A. were "At Home" while the Governor's band kindly lent for the occasion helped to enliven the proceedings. The management of the meeting reflects great credit on the Honorary Secretaries, Captains Gordie and R. Wilson, and is an appropriate curtain-raiser for the big races which begin at the end of the next week.

28th Lancers' Polo Club's MARINER, 11-0, Captain Meynell 1
Major J. G. Greig's CASTAWAY, 11-0, Mr. Wilson 2
Captain S. J. Donovan's SUSPICION, 11-0, Owner 3

Also ran:—Saraband, 11-0; Prophet, 11-0; The Rat, 11-0.

Mariner got off, closely attended by Castaway, the others bunched behind. They continued thus all the way, Castaway making a brave attempt to catch the leader but failing.

Won by half a length, three lengths between second and third.

Time:—32 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 50 for the win.

GANESHKHIND PLATE, 5 furlongs:—

Captain Meynell's MILLER'S DAUGHTER, 11-3, Owner 1
Captain Carbould Warren's MANSFIELD, 10-11, Owner 2
Mr. J. R. Landon's SYMBOL, 12-4, Owner 3

Also ran:—Lismany, 11-9; Dreamless, 10-11; King's Cross, 10-11; Lady Nogga, 9-10.

Mansfield took a long lead with Miller's Daughter some distance behind. The others quickly got strung out but Millar's Daughter gradually lessened the gap, until in the straight she passed Mansfield and coming away won easily by five lengths, 4 lengths between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 12 2/5 secs.

Totalizator paid Rs. 22-8.

THE SANGAM PURSE, 5 furlongs:—

[illegible] Carbould Warren's LADY [illegible] 1
[illegible] Gould Warren's YIP, [illegible] Randell 2
Mr. A. D. Gove's LADY VOYON, 10-12, Owner 3

Also ran:—Seagull, 10-12.

Yip and Laddie kept together for a furlong when the latter came away by himself, and won in a canter by four lengths, six lengths between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 11 1/5 secs.

Totalizator paid Rs. 50 for win.

BEG PLATE, 5 furlongs:—

Captain Goldie and Mr. Wilson's RUMMY, 10-5, Mr. Wilson 1
Mr. M. Goculdas's GHALIB, 9-1, Mr. O. B. Butler 2
Captain H. Meynell's VERNEY, 11-10, Captain Egerton 3

Also ran:—Ream, 11-6; Mysore, 11-3; Berar, 11-0; Babs, 10-8; Fyzabad, 9-12; Waitandlook, 9-5.

Verney had the benefit of the start and led Rummy for a couple of furlongs when the latter caught and passed him. In the straight Ghalib put in a strong run and beat Verney but could not catch Rummy. Won by a length, same distance separated second and third.

Time:—1 min. 15 secs.

Totalizator paid Rs. 20 for the win.

THE LION CUP, 1st Division, 5 furlongs:—

Mr. M. Goculdas's SCORN, 7-10, A Hoyt 1
Captain S. S. Hayne's SANDAL MULOOK, 8-2, Native 2
Mr. G. H. Alli's AUTHORITY, 9-0, Hazza 3

Also ran:—Jehangirsha, 8-11; Gordie, 8-8; Turkish Guinea, 8-0; Lord Roseberry, 8-2; Hyderabad; 8-2; Toy, 7-7.

Scorn led Lord Roseberry for a brief space until Authority displaced the latter. Turning into the straight Scorn came away and lasting out won by a length from Sandal Mulook who displaced Authority. A length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 15 1/5 secs.

LION CUP, 2nd Division, 5 furlongs:—

Mr. Bal's AGENT, 7-10, A. Fergusson 1
Mr. Forman's NUSEERABAD, 8-8, Mr. Crawford 2
Mr. M. Goculdas's GOOD SUCCESS, A. Hoyt 3

Also ran:—Bahrein Girl, 9-0; Arabian Spot, 8-8; Pretender, 8-2; Royalist, 6-6.

Agent showed up for a space, but surrendered his place to Pretender. On entering the straight, however, Agent once more came to the front and going strongly won by three lengths from Nusseerabad, Pretender diving completely away. One length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 15 secs.

Totalizator paid Rs. 16 for win.

GOVERNOR'S CUP, 6 furlongs:—

Captain H. Meynell's SIR EDWARD, 9-12, Owner 1
Captain E. B. Egerton's LONGBOAT, 9-13, Mr. Anderson 2
Captain K. O. Goldie's GOLD, 7-11, Mr. Wilson 3

Also ran:—Babs, 10-5; Saraband, 10-4; Miss Nagashi, 9-4; Alban, 9-1.

Gold showed Longboat the way for the first two furlongs, Sir Edward lying third. The last named then began to close the gap and down the straight left his field and romped in a winner by three lengths from Longboat. Four lengths between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 29 1/5 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 13 for winner.

HUNT CUP, 1 mile:—

Captain Goldie and Mr. Wilson's DEPUTY, 11-2, Mr. Wilson 1
Mr. G. A. Eale's BULLOO, 11-2, Mr. Monteith 2
Mr. R. D. Wright's TINTACK, 11-2, Captain Meynell 3

Also ran:—Pewter, 11-11; Burrows, 11-2; Bally Cat, 11-2; Henry 8th, 11-2.

Burrows led the field to the six furlongs where Deputy displaced him, the latter then led the whole way and won cantering by 10 lengths. One length between second and third.

Time:—2 mins. 1½ secs.

Totalizator paid Rs. 15.

AUNDH PURSE, 2½ furlongs:—

Captain E. A. H. Fell's SWEET ALICE, 12-0, Mr. Wilson 1
Mr. A. H. Wilson's WIMMERA, 12-0, Captain Egerton 2
Mr. E. H. Polan Fort's ZEPHYR, 12-0, Owner 3

Also ran:—Nomad, 12-0; Chunda, 12-0; The Otter, 12-0; King's Cross, 12-0; Dreamless, 12-0.

A good race resulted in a win by a length, the same distance between second and third.

Time:—31 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 24.

MAJOR MEIKLEJOHN'S FUNERAL.

V. C. OFFICER WHO DIED TO SAVE CHILDREN.

With the wailing of the Dead March, and all the sombre pageantry of gun carriage and slow-pacing troops, Major Meiklejohn, the V. C. who gave his life for the children, passed through London on July 7 to the grave.

He was of the splendid company of men who counted their own lives cheap when they might serve others. On the Indian frontier, and again in South Africa—where, at Elandslaagte, he lost his right arm and won his V.C., while rallying the Gordon Highlanders—he faced death so often that its grim novelty passed. But the people who bared their heads as he went through London were thinking less of his battle honours than of the last great honour of all, when he laid down his life for the little ones in a London park.

Major Meiklejohn was riding through Hyde Park to attend a review of the University of London Officers' Training Corps. Suddenly his horse bolted, taking fright at the band. Straight ahead was a clear gallop, and a chance to pull up. But there were children in the way; some of them might be hurt, and with his one arm the major wrenched the horse's head aside and set it for the railings. He knew the horse could never jump them. It was certain death, and he knew it.

Londoners gathered in thousands on the route when he passed. First there was a short service in the chapel at Middlesex Hospital, where the major had been carried dying from the park. His widow, his mother and his two brothers were there, and with them Field-Marshals Sir John French and Lord Grenfell, Major Baird (representing the Gordon Highlanders, the dead hero's regiment), and many other famous soldiers.

Then the coffin, covered with a Union Jack on which lay the major's sword and plumed bonnet, was carried out to the gun carriage, while companies of the Coldstream and Grenadier Guards presented arms. Through the streets to the station in Wesminster Bridge-road the procession passed, the troops pacing slowly with reversed arms, the Guards' band playing the Dead March, and representatives of Officers' Training Corps from several schools following the gun carriage that is so grim and proud a bier.

At the station the troops again presented arms, the Army saluted its gallant dead, and the special train moved out to Brokenwood Cemetery.

POONA ELECTION CASE.

Before Mr. Forrest, District Judge, Poona, the application is being heard of Hiralal Dhanjibhai to set aside the election of Bhikubhai Mulchand, who was elected a councillor in the last by-election. The application is based on allegations of corrupt practices.

The applicant has produced evidence so far of persons who depose that the votes of dead persons were recorded; that the proxies were bogus and that the signatures of voters made are not genuine.

The case is proceeding.

A recent official statement from India showing the number of motor cars in use in India shows Burma as having 454. This appears to be incorrect as the books of the Rangoon Commissioner of Police by whom all licenses are issued show that 530 cars have been licensed.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMA.

"THE LADY OF THE LAKE."

This week the Excelsior Cinema still devotes its programme to an equal division of films and variety turns. The pictures are, as is usual at the Excelsior, good, and the programme opens with a lengthy edition of Pathe's Gazette to make up for last week's absence of this feature. Most of this week's "Gazette" pictures are taken in France and aviation forms the chief subject of recent interest. The long film of the evening is a dramatic rendering of the story of Scott's "Lady of the Lake." The film is chiefly noteworthy for the admirable natural scenery amongst which it has been enacted, and from this point of view vies with any film we have seen in Bombay. The story of Douglas's flight from James V's Court, his adventures with Roderic Dhu, the rivalry between Roderic and Malcolm, and the King's meeting with Ellen is too well-known to need recapitulation, but it is enhanced when represented pictorially, the contrast between the French style of dress adopted at James's Court and the picturesque highland costumes worn by Roderic Dhu's clansmen giving an essentially pictorical interest to the picture. Some of the scenes in the glen of the Clan McAlpine gives one an idea of the half tamed ferocity of the highlandmen of the period, and the combat between Roderic and King James is more natural and convincing than is usual in stage representations of fights. A well chosen selection of Scottish music effectively played by the orchestra, added to the local colour.

A comic film, entitled "Making a Cinema Scene," show how bogus cinematograph operators effected a clever burglary, by pretending to the inmates of the house that they were making a film.

Kitto the comedian has been joined in his turn by a namesake, and the two make the most of a cross-talk act in which most of the jokes are somewhat old. The original Kitto's American rendening of the chorus of "Follow the Tramlines" is clever. Mr. G. F. Stillwell is again entertaining the spectators with his clever exhibition of palming, and his "experiment in spiritualism" on Saturday night wherein a table walked away with six gentlemen from the auditorium, caused much amusement. We shall not attempt to explain the invulnerability of Mme Elise who, when shot at from the back of the house with a sporting rifle, hands the marked bullet back for inspection, but the trick is a sensational and effective one.

AMERICA-INDIA.

In spite of the vagaries of the weather many patrons, old and new, have visited the America-India Cinema recently to witness the strong picture programmes which have been shown from time to time. A sensational detective story is always a success as a film, and this week the main item on the programme at the America-India is a detective story entitled "The Rajah's Casket." The situations are exciting. A daring cracksman gets away with a box of jewels and his chase by a clever detective forms the climax to a sensational story.

In another film Bobby the boy actor takes a conspicuous and amusing part. The programme throughout is an interesting one and should draw good houses throughout the week.

DEATH OF A MADRAS POLICE OFFICER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

MADRAS, July 26.

The death took place of Rai Bahadur T. Jaysing Takoor, Deputy Superintendent of Police, suddenly athis residence this morning. The deceased only returned yesterday evening from Poona whither he had been in connection with the prosecution of the notorious gang of Bhamptas. The deceased joined the local police force forty years ago and rose to the position of a Deputy Superintendent, earning in the meantime the will-deserved title of Rai Bahadur and a sword of honour. He was also awarded the good service medal in 1906 by the then Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. His body will be removed to the cremation ground to-morrow with police honours. He was considered one of the best detective police officers in this Presidency. He was aged 62.

BURMA BANK CASE.

MOWER ALL IN JAIL.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

RANGOON, July 26.

S. A. Mower, one of the accused undergoing a term of eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment in the Rangoon jail in connection with the Bank of Burma case, is suffering from angina pectoris, and has had several fits which have greatly enfeebled his health.

SPORTING NEWS

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

HARWOOD LEAGUE.

HORNETS 0, B. A. C. 0.

A large crowd witnessed the Saturday fixture in the above League, when the Hornets and the Bombay Athletic club tried conclusions. The game was hardly productive of the football that one expects on Saturday evenings, although there were many interesting and exciting episodes. The shower of rain which fell just before the game left the parts of the ground where the red sand shows in a horribly muddy condition, and the ball getting sodden in a few minutes accurate kicking, passing or dribbling were at a discount. On Saturday evening the Hornets proved much the sperior team, and it was only the good goalkeeping of Walker and the smiles of fortune that permitted the B. A. C. to leave the field with honours easy. They were hemmed in their territory most of the time, and Navin, the Hornets custodian, only cleared on one occasion, and that could hardly be called a shot at goal.

The strength of the Hornets lay in their defensive ranks their half-backs and backs being at all times very cool and hardworking, but their forward line gave a very disappointing display. McDermott and Hyde, who played so well last year, did not seem to find themselves at all. Better results might be obtained from the attacking line if Hyde went left extreme and Lefevre moved to the centre. The defence of the B. A. C. too did very well, specially Walker at goal who saved when all seemed lost.

The refereeing was good, especially in the second half. One thinks, however, that the referee should have been a little more strict in the matter of shouldering, for while it is necessary at times, anything that savours of roughness should be nipped in the bud. On one occasion Walton stopped Windsor in the penalty area in what seemed a very doubtful manner, and the brothers James, we think, were unnecessarily rough on the brothers Rockley.

THE GAME.

From the kick off the Hornets broke away and sent out to Windsor on the right wing, he after beating several players centred with his forwards well placed and an easy chance of scoring was mised by feeble kicking on the part of Hyde at centre. For the first ten minutes the play was in the vicinity of the Athletic goal and on more than one occasion only the goal-keeper remained to be beaten. He however was on the top of his form and fisted and kicked away very smartly.

During a melee in the Athletic goal mouth, C. Templeton in attempting a clearance almost put through him own goal, the ball striking the cross bar and rebounding into play.

The Hornets kept up the pressure and a score seemed almost sure to result, but owing to feeble and inaccurate shooting their apportunities were lost.

The brothers James at this stage of the game kept well up the field and plied their halves and forwards continuously with the ball, H. James tackled and kicked away in very smart style bringing applause from the spectators.

The Athletic on rare occasions broke away in very flattering style only to be pulled up upon reaching the Hornets full backs. Shortly after this Downes the Hornets outside left took the ball almost the length of the field and put in a splendid centre which only required touching to be turned to account, there was no one up however and a good chance of scoring was lost. Many times in quick succession the ball travelled across the goal mouth and a score seemed inevitable. The play so far had been very disappointing and half time arrived without a score being recorded.

Half Time: No Score.

Upon resuming play the Hornets again almost scored in the first few minutes at Le-Fevre the inside left took a long shot at goal, the ball passing in a very remarkable manner, past at least half a dozen players who seemed to be waiting for each other to kick away.

Walker, the Athletic goal keeper, was kept very busy and considering everything did well to prevent a score being recorded against his side. Some of the Athletic forwards were painfully slow when in possession of the ball and on more than one occasion. Rockly at outside right was given the ball when in a good position for doing something creditable, he however hesitated and his chance was lost.

W. James the Hornets left full back gained a round of applause by dribbling the ball practically the whole length of the field and sending in a beautiful centre which passed right across the goal mouth and none of his side near to take it. This must have been very disappointing after such an effort. Much scrambling play was next indulged in partly owing to the state of the ground and ball. As in the first half, the Hornets had much the better of the play although on one or two occasions the Athletic broke away with one of those dangerous bursts which sometimes proves to be their opponents' downfall, and the spectators at any rate would not have been surprised had a score been registered. Robinson on the Athletic left wing put across several good centres which out to have been taken advantage of.

The brothers James however were equal to the occasion and many times used their weight and kicking abilities with considerable advantage. The pressure put upon them on these occasions caused several corner kicks to be taken, these however proved futile.

H. James, not to be outdone by his brother's sole effort, took the ball from one end of the field to the other only to meet with a similar fate. The game at this stage became very scrappy and the Hornets took three corner kicks before the ball could be got away. Shortly after this, Ashton the Hornets centre half was very conspicious with an individual effort which however resulted in narrowly missing the goal. Walton and C. Templeton the full backs for the Athletic were frequently called upon to kick away, which did very creditably. During the greater part of the game Navin the Hornets goal keeper had very little to do he only handling the ball on about three occasions.

It was a great disappointment to the Hornets' supporters when the final whistle sounded without a score.

The game was of a very clean nature and Bombadier Fortune had no difficulty in handling the teams.

THE TEAMS.

Hornets:—Navin (Goal) H. James and W. James (Backs) Bradbury, Ashton, and Finnigan (Halves) Windsor. McDermoth, Hyde, Le Fevre, and Downes (Forwards.)

Bombay Athletic:—Walker (Goal) Walton, and C. Templeton, (Backs) Butt, Knight and H. Templeton, (Halves) F. Rockley, T. Brewin, Rockley, Carrol, and Robinson (Forwards.)

Referee:—Bombadier Fortune.

The League Table to date is as follows:—

	P.	W.	L.	D.	For	Agst.	Pts.
Sherwood Foresters ..	5	5	0	0	19	0	10
Sherwood Foresters "A" ..	4	4	0	0	3	0	8
R. G. Artillery ..	5	3	1	1	6	3	7
Commercial Gym.	6	2	1	3	11	11	7
Bombay Gym. ..	4	2	1	2	13	1	6
I. P. Railway.	6	2	3	1	6	12	5
Grant Medicals..	5	2	3	0	6	6	4
Bombay Athletic.	4	1	2	1	6	5	3
Y. M. C. A.	5	0	3	2	2	9	2
Hornets ..	5	0	3	2	0	8	2
All Blacks	5	0	5	0	0	27	0

MARATHON RACE AT BANGALORE.

HAJEE BUKSH ELLAHIE CUP.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

BANGALORE, July 26.

The final of the Marathon Race for the Hajee Buksh Ellahie Cup resulted as follows here this evening:—

Inniskilling Fusiliers 1074 points.

Dublin Fusiliers 990.

Cameron Highlanders 574.

The Buffs 368.

In presenting the Cup to the Inniskilling team of 21 men, General Sir John Woon remarked that it was one of the most difficult cross-country races he had ever seen.

Private Mahony of the Dublin Fusiliers was first man in, his time being 41 minutes; Private Ambrose of the Inniskillings was second, and Lce Corporal Hood of the Inniskillings, third.

CENTRAL ASSAULT-AT-ARMS.

In connection with the Central Assualt-At-Arms which begins here on Monday the cross country race for Indian troops was run to-day. Eight teams entered for the 5 mile course the result being.

(1)No 13 Company, Sappers and Miners, time 32 minutes, 13 secs.

(2) 101st Grenadiers, 32 minutes 28 secs;

(3) No 9 Company, Sappers and Miners.

INTERNATIONAL LAWN TENNIS.

DAVIS CUP COMPETITION.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 25.

In the challenge round of the Davis Cup Lawn Tennis Competition at Wimbledon to-day, Parke (Great Britain) beat McLoughlin (America) 8—10, 7—5, 6—4, 1—6, 7—5.

The match was a superb struggle, McLoughlin's serving and smashing being tremendous. Parke gave a magnificent all-round display and showed supreme judgment.

In the other singles Williams (America) beat Dixon (Britain) 8—6, 3—6, 6—2, 1—6, 7—5.

LONDON, July 26.

In the doubles match of the challenge round of the Davis Cup contest, to-day, McLoughlin and Hackett, America, beat Roper Barrett and Dixon, England, 5-7, 6-1, 2-6, 7-5, 6-4.

The outstanding features of the game were the brilliant volleying of Roper Barrett and the splendid placing of McLoughlin's service.

COUNTY CRICKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 26.

The match between Surrey and Essex was drawn, Essex winning on the first innings.

Yorks beat Notts, at Dewsbury, by five wickets. Sessex beat Lancashire, at Horsham, by 65 runs.

KIRKEE GYMKHANA RACES.

A FASHIONABLE GATHERING.

A BACKERS' DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 26th.

Despite the fact that at one time it was thought that the Summer meeting at Kirkee would have to be postponed owing to the rain, this seven furlong course was found wonderfully dry. There was a very good attendance for a Gymkhana affair, and the programme of nine events arranged by Capt. Goldie and Mr. Wilson was carried through without a hitch. An occasional drizzle fell, but otherwise it was a most enjoyable and sporting afternoon's sport with the additional fillip of a blind Tote, giving no indication of public opinion, and in the latter part the best backed ones came up to expectations. Poona society was well represented, and it was a matter of great satisfaction that Lord and Lady Willingdon were able to be present throughout. Their popularity is very evident and the prevailing colour is easily noticed to be mauve, a compliment to Lady Willingdon.

THE RACES.

Capt. Meynell and Mr. Wilson, as anticipated, claimed riding honours with three wins each, Capt. Corbould Warren, if less successful then last year, winning once and figuring prominently in others. An upset occurred in the opening race when Mariner just managed to keep ahead of the hot favourite in Castaway, but Miller's Daughter carried the bulk of money when winning the second with ease. Mansfield at one time looked the winner as he assumed a long lead, but the newly landed English mare caught him in the straight. The third was very straggly, Iaddy and Yip, both Capt. Corbould Warren's, getting right away from the rest and beating better fancied ones in Lady Voyou and Seagull, these latter fancied ones in Lady Voyou and Seagull, these latter having a much more racy appearance.

In the open races there were good fields, nine going out for the Beg Plate. Verney was first away, but Rummy soon passed him and won comfortably though meeting ponies more acclimatised than himself. Ghalib got away none too well, but came with a great rattle at the finish. With professionals up, Scorn won the next, Hoyt riding, but was less well fancied than Lord Rosebery and authority. The sixth saw Agent return very short odds. He was in front practically all the way and won as he liked a race in which last year he beat Tezab by a short head. Seven went for the Governor's Cup, which looked a good thing for Sir Edward. Capt. Meynell rode a patient race and had a good deal in hand when returning odds of less than 3 to 1 on. The mile for horses was another easy win, Mr. Wilson taking Deputy to the front and never being troubled. Lastly a Polo pony scurry, Mr. Wilson preferring Capt. Fell's Sweet Alice to his own pony. His choice proved sound enough as he got out in front in company with his mare and held her safe all the way.

RESULTS AND DETAILS.

Those who officiated were:—Judge, Colonel Forbes, Starter, Major Dacie, Clerk of the Course, Capt. Corbould Warren, Time-keeper Capt. Hayne, Clerk of the Scales Mr. T. Ferguson. The Lotteries the previous night fitted admirably.

THE SPEEDWELL PLATE.—Rs. 49 to the Winner, Rs. 15 to the second and Rs. 6 to the third. Presented by Mr. Kennedy, C.S.I., and Mr. Gibson, I.C.S.

For Arab Polo ponies that have been regularly played this season.

Distance:—2½ furlongs.

26th Lancers Polo Club's MARINER 11-0, Capt. Meynell 1

Major J. G. Greig's CASTAWAY, 11-0, Mr. Wilson 2

Capt. S. J. Donovan's SUSPICION 11-0, Owner 3

Also Ran:—Saraband 11-0, Prophet 11-0, and The Rate 11-0.

The Race:—Castaway got slightly ahead outside from Mariner on the rails, but the latter led by a length at the turn and eventually won a good race by half a length. Suspicion was cut across and finished three lengths behind, four in front of the rest.

Time:—32 secs.

The Rs. 10 Tote returned Rs. 50.

THE GYMKHANA PLATE.—Same stakes. Presented by the Hon. Mr. Pattani, C.I.E.

For English and Australian ponies 14-2 and under. W. I.

Distance:—5 furlongs.

Capt. Meynell's MILLER'S DAUGHTER 11-6, Owner 1

Capt. Corbould Warren's MANSFIELD 10-11, Owner 2

Mr. Landon's SYMBOL (late Peggy) 12-4, Owner 3

Mr. Horner's DREAMLESS 10-2, Owner 4

Also Ran:—Lismany 11-0, King's Cross 10-6, and Lady Noggs 9-10.

The Race:—Mansfield at once went to the front, soon holding a ten length lead from Miller's Daughter and Dreamless. Miller's Daughter made up from the three furlongs, and catching the leader came away a furlong from home to win by five lengths, four lengths behind Symbol beat Dreamless a neck.

Time:—1 min. 12-2/5 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 22-8.

THE SANGUM PURSE.—Same Stakes. Presented by Mr. L. J. Mountford, I.C.S., and Sir Dorab Tata. For Horses that have never won a flat race value Rs. 50 or over. W. A. and C.

Distance:—5 furlongs.

Capt. Corbould Warren's IADDY 10-12, Owner 1

Capt. Corbould Warren's YIP 10-12, Mr. Randall 2

Mr. T. D. Gove's LADY VOYOU, 10-12, Owner 3

Capt. Goldie and Mr. Wilson's SEAGULL, 11-4, Mr. Wilson 4

Also Ran:—Henry VIII. 10-12.

The Race:—Iaddy and Yip got right away from Henry VIII, who died away and left them to finish in that order. Won by four lengths, six length and one length between each of next three.

Time:—1 min. 11-1/5 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 50.

THE BEG PLATE.—Same Stakes. Presented by Mr. Beg. For Arabs that have never won a flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over. W. A. and C.

Distance:—5 furlongs.

Capt. Goldie and Mr. Wilson's RUMMY, 10-5, Mr. Wilson 1

Mr. M. Goculdass's GHALIB, 9-7, Capt. O'B. Butler 2

Capt. Meynell's VERNEY, 11-10, Owner 3

Mr. Beg's BERAR, 11-0, Mr. Gove 4

Also Ran:—Ream 11-6, Mysore 11-3, Babs 10-8, Fyzabad 9-12, Wait and Look 9-5.

The Race:—Verney led out closely followed by Rumney and Ream, but before the three furlongs Rummy led. He held Verney nicely all the way, Ghalip coming with a fast late run. Won by a length, same between next two.

Time:—1 min. 15 secs.

THE LION CUP.—Same Stakes. Presented by Mr. Lion. For Maiden Arabs, 14 hands and under W. I.

Distance:—5 furlongs.

Mr. M. Goculdass's SCORN 7-10, Hoyt 1

Capt. Hayne's SADAL MULOOK, 8-2, Native 2

Mr. Alli's AUTHORITY, 9-0, Hazza 3

Abdul Aziz bin Talib's LORD ROSEBERY, 8-2, Ferguson 4

Also Ran:—Jehangirshah 7-3, Gordie 8-8, Turkish Guinea 8-5, Hyderabad 7-1, and Toy 7-7.

The Race:—Scorn was quickest out with Lord Rosebery next, but shortly the order reversed, Jehangirshah lying next, to be passed by Sadal Mulook. Before the bend Lord Rosebery was done, the others retaining the same order. Won comfortably by a length, same next.

Time:—1 min. 15-1/5 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 43-8.

THE RAJPIPLA CUP.—Same Stakes. Presented by H. H. the Raja Saheb of Rajpipla.

For Maiden Arabs 14 hands and under. W. I.

Distance:—5 furlongs.

Mr. Babu's AGENT, 7-10, Ferguson 1

Mr. Forman's NUSSERABAD, 8-8, Mr. Crawford 2

Mr. M. Goculdass's GOOD SUCCESS, 9-0, Hoyt 3

Capt. Hayne's ARABIAN SPOT, 8-8, Native 4

Also Ran:—Bahrein Girl 9-0, Pretender 8-2, and Royalist 6-6.

The Race:—Agent and Pretender led together folowed by Nusserabad. At the quarter mile Pretender was done and Good Success and Arabian Spot drew up, but Agent won very easily by three lengths, one between next two, close fourth.

Time:—1 min. 15 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 16.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.—Same Stakes. Presented by H. E. the Governor. For Arabs 14-2 and under W. I.

Distance:—6 furlongs.

Capt. Meynell's SIR EDWARD, 9-12, Owner 1

Capt. Egerton's LONGBOAT, 9-13, Capt. Anderson 2

Capt. Goldie's GOLD, 11-4, Mr. Wilson 3

Dr. Down's SARABAND, 10-4, Mr. Horner 4

Also Ran:—Babs 10-5, Miss Najashi 9-4, and Alban 10-4.

The Race:—From a good start, the order was Babs, Gold, Longboat and Sir Edward. Babs was done with early, the other three a long way from the rest. At the turn Gold began to fall back and Sir Edward going on won anyhow by three lengths, four next.

Time:—1 min. 39-1/5 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 13.

THE HUNT CUP.—Same Stakes. Presented by Officers, R. A. M. C., Poona and Kirkee. For Horses that are bona fide hunters or chargers. W. A. and C.

Distance:—About 1 mile.

Capt. Goldie and Mr. Wilson's DEPUTY 11-2, Mr. Wilson 1

Mr. Eeles's BULLOO, 11-2, Mr. Monteith 2

Mr. Wright's TINTACK, 11-2, Capt. Meynell 3

Mr. Greenshields's PEWTER, 11-11, Owner 4

Also Ran:—Burrowa 11-2, Ballycar 11-2, and Henry VIII. 11-2.

The Race:—A level start, Deputy shewing on the outside from Burrowa, Tintack and Bulloo. With Deputy increasing his lead, the order continued till after the three furlongs Burrowa was done with. Bulloo finished well, but Deputy won pulling up by ten lengths, one next.

Time:—2 mins. 1-1/5 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 15.

THE AUNDH PURSE.—Same Stakes. Presented by the Hon. Sir Richard Lamb, K.C.S.I., and the Hon. Mr. Claude Hill, C.S.I., C.I.E. For English, Australian and C. B. ponies that have regularly played this season.

Distance:—2½ furlongs.

Capt. Fell's SWEET ALICE, 12-0, Mr. Wilson 1

Mr. Wilson's WIMMERA, 12-0, Capt. Egerton 2

Mr. Beaufort's ZEPHYR, 12-0, Owner 3

Capt. Corbould Warren's THE OTTER 12-0, Owner 4

Also Ran:—Nomad 12-0, Chunda 12-0, King's Cross 12-0, and Dreamless 12-0.

The Race:—On the outside, Sweet Alice and Wimmera led out with Zephyr, who gave trouble. This order was kept all through, won handily by a length, same next.

Time:—31 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 24.

The Band of H. E. the Governor materially assisted towards the afternoon's enjoyment with a lively selection of music.

THE GIRL'S RACE.

Bombay Chronicle Press.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company's annual sports.
At this meeting at Gunnersbury there were eighty-four competitors from the London, Liverpool, Bristol, Birmingham, and Manchester offices of the company.
London the holders, lost their challenge cup to Liverpool

BISLEY SHOOTING.

SECOND STAGE IN KING'S PRIZE.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, July 25.

At Bisley to-day, Sergeant Ommundsen, winner of the Bronze Medal in the King's Prize competition, won the Silver Medal with a score of 196.

WINNER OF KING'S PRIZE.

LONDON, July 26.

At Bisley, to-day, a Canadian private, named Hawkins, won the King's Prize with a score of 330.

LONDON, July 26.

At Bisley, to-day, Private Fulton, Queen's Westminsters, won the St. George's Vase with a score of 119.

LONDON, July 27.

Fenby, of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, was second, and Allan, of the Royal Scots, third, in the King's Prize competition. Their respective scores were 329 and 325.

CRICKET.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA v. ISLAM GYMKHANA.

The annual cricket match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Islam Gymkhana came off on Saturday last and resulted in a win for the former by 24 runs. The Bombay Gymkhana going in to bat totalled 79 to which the Islam Gymkhana replied with a total of 55 runs. F. A. Stileman was the top scorer for the Bombay Gymkhana with 27 to his credit, his contribution including there 6's. The only other man to enter double figures on his side was Colbeck, who made 18. For the Islam Gymkhana, S. A. Rasbak made 33, which included one six.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

T. H. Watts, c. Shuffi, b. Tamboowalla	5
F. F. Stileman, b. Idroos	27
MacLaren, c. and b. Idroos	3
G. C. F. Phillips, b. Mahmood	2
L. G. Colbeck, b. Tamboowalla	18
Dobbie, b. Mahmood	1
E. J. Bunbury, st. Peer Mahomed, b. Tamboowalla	7
McLormack, b. Mahmood	0
C. G. Stileman, b. Mahmood	0
Jackson, b Tamboowalla	6
F. J. Marke, not out	7
Extras	3
Total	79

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

C. Currin, b Dobbie	0
S. A. Aziz, c. and b. Dobbie	14
Usuf Beg, c. Phillips, b. Clarke	4
A. A. Tamboowalla, st. b. Clarke	0
S. Mahmood, c. Watts, b. Dobbie	1
S. A. Razack, b. Dobbie	33
S. N. Patel, c. Phillips, b. Clarke	2
I. Mullanji, c. Watts, b. Clarke	1
Peer Mahomed, c. F. Stileman, b. Clarke	0
S. Idroos, b. Clarke	0
J. C. Tyebji, not out	0
Extras	8
Total	55

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Tamboowalla	7	30	2	4
Mullanji	5	28	0	0
S. Idroos	3	14	0	2
S. Mahmood	5	4	0	4

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Dobbie	14	18	0	4
Clarke	11	25	0	6
Phillips	2	12	0	0

PARSI GYMKHANA v. MAHOMEDAN C.C.

The match between the Parsi Gymkhana and the Mahomedan C. C. was played on Saturday and resulted in a win for the former. The scores:—

PARSI GYMKHANA.

Dr. H. D. Kanga, b. Shaikh Ali	1
A. H. Wadia, b Vali Ahmed	55
Jal Naoroji, b Shaikh Ali	2
N. B. Saklatwalla, b. Shaikh Hussein	87
P. B. Lam, not out	7
The rest did not bat.	
Extras	13
Total (for 4 wickets)	171

Innings declared closed.

MAHOMEDAN C. C.

M. J. Naik, b. Kanga	18
Vali Ahmed, b. Kanga	3
Ishak, b. Kanga	3
Budroodin, b Kanga	0
Shaikh Ali, b. Kanga	14
Tyebji, b Kanga	2
Hussain Ali, b. Kanga	2
Attar, b. Naoroji	9
Curtay, b. Kanga	2
Shaikh Ahmed, b. Naoroji	3
Shaikh Hussein, not out	0
Extras	2
Total	58

HINDU GYMKHANA v. GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

The match between the Hindu Gymkhana and the students, past and present, of the Grant Medical College, came off on Saturday and resulted in a win for the Medical by 1 wicket and 18 runs. The scores:—

HINDU GYMKHANA.

Dr. G. B. Prabhakar, c. Canteenwalla, b. Tata	0
Diveker, c. Talyarkhan, b. Tata	11
Kantock, b. Cooper	1
Mehta, c. Canteenwalla, b. Driver	32
Talpade, c. Talyarkhan, b. Tata	0
Swamy, c. Canteenwalla, b. Tata	0
Dongre, st. Canteenwalla, b. Driver	25
Kharwa, c. Cooper, b. Tata	0
Bhatwadeker, st. Canteenwalla, b. Tata	29
Kothare, c. and b. Tata	0
Pilgaonker, not out	4
Extras	2
Total	104

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Dastoor, c. and b. Pilgaonker	5
Sidhva, b. Kantock	40
Canteenwalla, c. Talpade, b. Pilgaonker	0
Driver, st. Diveker, b. Bhatwadeker	0
Tata, c. Dongre, b. Kothare	19
Talyarkhan, b. Kothare	13
Billimoria, c. Prabhakar, b. Talpade	15
Dadachanji, not out	15
Forbes, c. Swami, b. Bhatwadekar	0
Kharas and Cooper, did not bat.	
Extras	15
Total (for 9 wickets)	122

PARSI BARONET V B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

This game was played on the Esplanade ground on Saturday, and resulted in a win for the B. B. and C. I. Railway by 60 runs.

Scores:—

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Smith, l.-b.-w., b Madon	9
F. Colabawala, b Madon	2
J. Warden, not out	72
Dali, not out	39
J. Anlia, P. Baloo, P. Polishwala, Telong, G. Ives, S. Thakore, and J. Anlia, did not bat.	
Extras	14
Total (for 2 wikets)	136

PARSI BARONET.

Kapadia, b Baloo	41
M. Moola, b Antia	3
Merwanji, l.-b.-w., b Baloo	9
R. Doctor, b Baloo	3
R. Cama, b Baloo	0
F. Gariwala, b Baloo	0
F. Dwecha, b Baloo	4
L. Mehta, c Antia, b Warden	3
I. Madon, not out	6
M. Writer, b Baloo	0
Umrigur, b Baloo	0
Extras	3
Total	76

WILSON COLLEGE VS. Y. M. C. A.

This game was played on the Wilson College, ground on Saturday the 26th and resulted in a draw.

Scores:—

Y. M. C. A. CRICKET CLUB.

N. George, c. Vartak, b. Bhatawadeker	2
C. Home, c. Tembulka, b. Choubal	51
E. Carey, c. Gollerkeri, b. Choubal	5
A. H. S. Aston, not out	62
B. R. Waskar b. Bhatawadekar	4
S. F. Pearcy, b. Bhatwadekar	0
W. Mathalone, c. Kaikani, b. Tembulkar	13
A. J. Doctor, b. Tembulkar	2
C. P. Gay, not out	20
G. Wilson and M. C. Forbes, did not bat.	
Innings declared closed.	
Extras	5
Total (for 7 wickets)	164

WILSON COLLEGE.

M. N. Sabnis, c. Home, b. Pearcy	17
Thorne, b. Pearcy	0
J. B. Chaubal, c. George b. Pearcy	9
V. M. Kaikani, c. Pearcy, b. Waskar	55
G. A. Sabnis, l.-b.-w., Gay	8
G. V. Gollerkin, b. Home	6
T. H. Bhatwadekar, st. Mathalone b. Home	5
M. B. Tembulkar, c. Home, b. Gay	0
K. J. Vartak, not out	8
P. V. Velkar, not out	2
S. L. Wakade, did not bat	0
Extras	10
Total (for 8 wickets.)	120

FORT AND PROPRIETARY VS. ROBERT MONEY SCHOOL.

The above match in connection with the "Harris Challenge Shield" will be played on the Esplanade ground on Wednesday the 30th instant when the following will represent the Fort and Proprietory High Schools:—Mr. M. D. Writer (Capt.); H. J. Vajifdar, R. N. Bhabha, J. F. Master, C. H. Valsada, M. S. Daruvala, M. A. Kotwal, R. R. Udwaria, A. R. Surty, P. P. Shroff and H. C. Commisariat. Dr. Kanteenvala (Umpire.)

CRICKET ABROAD.

AUSTRALIAS' PROLIFIC SCORING.

PHILADELPHIA.—The third cricket match between the Gentlemen of Philadelphia and the Australians ended in a draw after it was impossible to play it to a conclusion. Had they been able to do so it would have resulted in a worse defeat for the Americans than the first game, which was played a week ago. When stumps were drawn the Australians had and had lost only five wickets not completed their first innings innings and had lost only five wickets for 412 runs. The Philadelphia team was disposed of this morning before lunch for 164 runs.

Collins and Crawford helped Bardsley to swell the total, each of the two last named visitors being bowled by Clark. Arnold joined Bardsley and the two batsmen carried the total to 412 runs, when the game was called. Bardsley carried out his bat for 101. The scores:

AUSTRALIA.

First Innings.

E. R. Mayne, c., Melville, b., Clark	18
L. A. Cody, b., Anderson	97
C. G. Macartney, b., Fellows	109
H. Collins, c. and b., Clark	8
W. Bardsley, not out	101
J. W. Crawford, c., Anderson, b., Clark	24
P. S. Annotl, not out	35
Extras	20
*Total (for 5 wikets)	412

*Innings declared.

GENTLEMEN OF PHILADELPHIA.

First Innings.

C. C. Morris, b., Macartney	78
R. L. Pearson, b., Crawford	0
P. P. Anderson, c. and b., Crawford	8
F. C. Sharpless, b., Mailey	2
H. A. Furness, b., Macartney	15
W. Graham, c., Crawford, b., Malley	45
P. H. Clark, c., Diamond, b., Emery	3
C. H. Winter, b., Emery	0
H. G. Pearce, b., Emery	1
R. L. Melville, b., Emery	6
W. M. Fellows, not out	6
Total	164

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

July 28.

575. *Arms.*—The Corps having been re-armed with the Short L. E. Rifles, all long L. Metford Rifles & equipment in possession of members to be returned to Head-Quarters at once.

576. *Signalling Class.*—The Signalling Class will parade every Monday, Wednesday & Friday at 7. A. M. on the Maidan in front of Head-Qrs. Dress.-Mufti.

577. *Miniature Range.*—The Miniature Range at Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, will be open for practice every Tuesday and Friday at 7. A. M.

578. *Parade.*—"G" Company will parade today Monday, the 28th instant and "G" Coy. recruits on Wednesday the 30th instant at 7. 30. A. M. at the Bombay Gymkhana. Dress.-Mufti.

Arms and Accoutrements will be issued on the parade ground.

579. *Machine Gun.*—The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Company will parade under Sergt. A. B. S. Hayne, at Head-Quarters on Tuesday, the 29th inst. at 6. 45. P. M.

II.-The Machine Gun Section of "F" Company will parade on Wednesday the 30th instant at 7. A. M. on the Maidan in front of Head-Quarters.

580. *Parade.*—All Recruits of the current season will parade at the Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, every Friday at 6. 30. P M.

581. *Musketry.*—The Range is reserved for Spoon shoots on the following dates. Distance will be notified from time to time in orders:

July 29th, Tuesday, August 5th, Tuesday, August 10th, Sunday, August 16th, Saturday (holiday), August 24th, Sunday, August 31st Sunday, September 3rd, Wednesday (holiday).

The case in which Mr. Dunkley of the Howrah Amta Railway charged Buddhu and Gossia with inducing his servants to boycott the complainant was disposed of on Monday before Mr. K. L. De, Deputy Magistrate of Howrah. The accused, it was alleged, scared away servants by making false allegations to the effect that the complainant was a bad paymaster and used to thrash his servants. The Magistrate sentenced each of the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 25 each.

Are your in office all day—Smoking, too? You probably have frequent headaches but they needn't last long—Steam's Headache Cure gives quick relief.

CALCUTTA RACES.

MONSOON PROSPECTS.

THE TOLLYGUNGE CLUB MEETING.

(From our Racing Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 23.

Most of the up-country strings due for the monsoon meetings have now arrived, Oakley from Dehra being the only absentee of importance. He is expected, however, during the course of the week with a nice little lot of ten horses and ponies, amongst which are Fidilio, Make Haste, The Priory, Proprietor, and Pyer's Mostyn. The latter horse, which served up one or two surprises during the last cold weather meeting, has been put to jumping and, it is said, has become a finished hurdler. Fidilio, is now reported to be in great racing condition. He is too good a class for the monsoon meetings, and may be reserved for the King-Emperor's Cup in December. Beedham arrived some few days ago with Puss, Winsome, Waiter, Maori King, and Mesalliance. The two latter have been turned into hurdlers and shape very well at it. Beedham has brought Trahan and Crowden with him two light-weight jockeys that can ride at 7st. and 6-7 respectively. These with C. Bloss are the only light-weights here. Mr. S. McCall arrived last Friday with Late Night, Pilot, Blue Bird, and Mahoney Boy, all well-known monsoon meeting performers. He will have the training and riding of these in their forthcoming engagements, and should go close with all of them. Local stables, both amateur and professional, have been busy during the week putting in some fast work. Messrs. Valentine and Vernon are prominent with their large string of whom Bushey Dame, Chin. Chin, and May Kenley are the most forward in condition. Butlin's lot does not include anything likely to contribute towards the corn bill, with the possible exception of My Fancy and Lady Leonard. The latter mare did very well at the monsoons last year, winning both on the flat and over hurdles. She has been trapping for some time, and has only recently been taken on the track. Mr. Evers will hold a strong hand in the closed races, as he both trains and rides all his own, and those he has charge of. The hurdle races this year—for both the "closed" and "open" class—should show an advance upon other years, as quite two-thirds jump course.

Mr. Lance, the acting secretary, has been busy for some time making improvements to the stands in both enclosures. In the first enclosure he has adopted a new color scheme for the Grand Stand, and in place of a dull and sombre grey, the edifice is now resplendent in a coating of cream and light green. The stand in the second enclosure has been enlarged, and the additional portion has been roofed in with asbestos sheeting, which should make it cool and comfortable. A shelter is also being erected for the bookmakers in both enclosures, which will be a protection against the sun and from rain. Hitherto they have been placed in the open, which must have been a very trying situation in the hot and rainy season of the year.

Mr. Galstaun is reported to have purchased Bachelor's Hope from Mr. McCalmont, and is sending the horse to India with Orepesa, Shining Way, and Watteau. He evidently intends racing in this country again, as watching races in which his own colors were not in evidence could not have had much attraction for him. His colors will be very welcome at next winter season's racing, as one or two big owners are badly wanted on this side of India. Mr. Galstaun's luck is dead out on the English turf this year, and the only success he has achieved has been by the aid of Watteau, who won a small £100 race, the Desborough Handicap 6 furlongs, at Leicester, in May. Waveburg, Prince Rupert, Tangaroa, and the Prospector-Cinder filly will probably be left at home. Waveberg was sent to India a couple of seasons ago, but the country did not suit him and he never went to the post. Prince Rupert's inglorious career on the Indian turf will be well remembered, and both accompanied Tangaroa when the latter was sent to England.

The fourth Tollygunge Gymkhana Meeting was brought off in fine weather but the heat during the afternoon was most trying. There was again a good attendance but not so large as on the two previous occasions. The heavy rain of the previous day did not affect the course very much as the going was capital, if a bit on the heavy side. The first race, the Pony Hurdles, was reduced to a match owing to the two top weights scratching. Of the two left in one, Pan Out, was an old hurdle race pony, the other a beginner, so that in the race it was not surprising to find the experienced pony winning in a canter by fifteen lengths.

For the horse hurdles, the Tally Ho Plate, 1½ miles, five went to the post. Victor was "expected" for this, and making no mistake he went away at once. Leading all through he won by a length from Queen of Hearts, who was rapidly catching him up at the finish. Foxglove, who was given a good chance fell at the fifth hurdle, and hampered Queen of Hearts who was immediately behind. Had it not been for this check the old mare might have given Victor some trouble at the finish.

For the Victor's Vase there were four starters, and Politesse was a strong order for this with Yum-Yum next in demand. Politesse took the lead from the start and won very easily, and Yum-Yum coming up at the finish just snatched second place from Gathing Gun.

Half a dozen turned out for the 1 mile Jiu-Jitsu Plate for which La Belle was made favourite. She got away badly and was never able to make up lost ground. Lady Madge made all the running, but rounding the bend into the straight it looked as if Hermes was coming up to make a race. He ran wide, however, and Lady Madge going on won comfortably by a couple of lengths.

The four furlong Pony Race was marred by the vagaries of Sherwood, who played up at the post and twice broke the tapes giving his rider, Mr. Evers, a most uncomfortable time. Eventually they had to be started with the flag, and Sherwood was practically left. Dosh led for a furlong, when Ida Coil went to the front, and kept ahead for the rest of the journey winning in a canter by two lengths. This was the upset of the day the winner having been laid at 10 to 1.

Master Mostyn was favorite for the Russa Stakes, and ridden with judgment by Mr. Bletsoe managed to bring it off all right with a bit in hand. There was a good race for second place My Fancy and Donna Bella dead-heating on the post. The long card of seven events closed with a match between two polo ponies Beresford and Peter, over three furlongs. It was not interesting as the first-named was never out of a canter to win easily. The fourth and last meeting for the Summer takes place next Saturday.

LORD WILLINGDON AND MOSLEM LEAGUE.

Backhouse & Co., Photographers, Poona. *Bombay Chronicle Press.*

Group taken at the Presentation of address to H. E. The Governor by the Bombay Presidency Moslem League.

TOLLYGUNGE CLUB GYMKHANA RACES, FOURTH DAY.

[Associated Press.]

CALCUTTA, July 26.

Though the rains held off for the evening the going was extremely heavy, the attendance was smaller than usual and only the favourites and second favourites won.

FOURTH DAY.

Tollygunge Bowl, 1 mile. Hurdle:—

Mr. Chowdhury's WATER LILY, 10-1, Mr. Riviere 1
Mr. Alic's ORMLEY, 10-12, Mr. Evers 2
Mr. Macpherson's PAN OUT, 10-12, Mr. Ewart 3

Also ran:—Dalesmar, 10-0.

Betting:—2 to 1 on Ormlet, 2 to 1 Water Lily, eights the rest.

Tote paid Rs. 26 for win Rs. 10 and 6 for places.

The race:— Water Lily led from start to finish and won easily by a street.

Time:—2 min. and 33 4/5 secs.

Jodhpur Plate, 1½ miles. Steeple chase:—

Mr. Daunt's VICTOR, 11-0, Mr. Roddick 1
Mr. Pierson's QUEEN OF HEARTS, 10-4, Mr. Rieviere 2
Mr. Mitchell's JUBA, 11-0, Mr. Ewarts 3

Betting:—6 to 4 each Victor and Queen of Hearts, 3 to 1 Juba.

Tote paid Rs. 12 for the win.

The race:— Juba fell but was remounted and finished the course. Queen of Hearts having gone off the course was taken back and came a street behind Victor.

Time:—3 min and 33 secs.

Cavalry Cup, 4 furlongs:—

Mr. Orr's FOX GLOVE, 11-1, Mr. Ewart 1
Mr. Fulton's LADY MADGE, 12-0, Owner 2
Mr. Welch's PERHAPS, 10-0, Mr. Walker 3

Also ran:—Herme's, 11-5; Fireman, 10-9; Marget, 12-9; Bombardier, 11-3.

Betting:—5 to 4 Lady Madge, 2 to 1 Fox Glove, 3 to 1 Fireman, longer prices the rest.

Totes paid Rs. 16 for the win, Rs. 8 and 12 for places.

The race:—Lady Madge was followed by Fox Glove and the rest in a bunch. A few lengths off fifty yards from home Fox Glove shook off Lady Madge and won by 2 lengths, 3 lengths between second and third.

Time:—58 2/5 secs.

Pony Cup, 1 mile:

Mr. Ever's WAR CRY, 11-5, Owner.. 1
Mr. Tanner's HOBSON'S CHOICE, 11-5, Owner 2
Mr. Daunt's ROYAL GIFT, 11-4, Mr. Roddick 3

Also ran:—Prince Merv, 10-7.

Betting:—2 to 1 on War Cry, 2 to 1 Hobson's Choice, 5 to 1 Royal Gift, 10 to 1 Prince Merv.

Tote paid Rs. 13 for the win, Rs. 6 and 7 for places.

The race:—Hobson's Choice led followed by Prince Merv and War Cry last. In the home turn the last named simply sailed away in front and won comfortably by 2½ lengths, 4 lengths between second and third.

Time:—2 min. 2 3/5 secs.

MONSOON TRIAL PLATE, four furlongs:—

Messrs. Swan and Hilliard's FIRST LOVE, 10-10, Mr. Bletsoe 1
Mr. Dees' GLENORA, 9-3, Mr. Carlton 2
Mr. Hart's MALLINYOOK, 9-11, Owner 3

Also ran:—Singleton, 10-6; Kamala, 9-9; Bet, 9-11; Levi, 9-11; Common, 9-9.

Betting:—6 to 4 First Love, 4 to 1 Mallinyook and Moira, tens the rest.

Tote paid Rs. 12 for the win, Rs. 6 and 8 for places.

The race:—First Love soon went to the front and never being troubled won with consummate ease by 2½ lengths, 4 lengths between second and third.

Time:—5 min. and 4/5 secs.

Malahat Plate, 5 furlongs:—

Mr. Meerza's IDA COIL, 10-0, Mr. Roddick 1
Mr. Hunter's DONNA BELLA, 11-0, Mr. Evers 2
Mr. Constant's PHILLIPANO, 10-4, Mr. McCall 3
Mr. Godfrey's COPPER, 9-9, Mr. Bletsoe 4

Betting:—7 to 4 on Donna Bella, 6 to 4 Ida Coil, fives Phillipano, tens Copper.

Tote paid Rs. 13 for the win, Rs. 6 and 6 for places.

The race:—Donna Bella led for a while Ida Coil then went to the front and leading on won quite easily by 8 lengths, 4 lengths between second and third.

Time:—1 min. and 14 seconds.

GROUP AT DECCAN COLLEGE.

Backhouse & Co., Photographers, Poona. *Bombay Chronicle Press.*

Unveiling Dr. Selby's Portrait by H. E. The Governor.

GOLF NOTES.

It is doubtful whether it was good either for the course or the players to hold the usual weekly competition on Thursday last as the former was in such a terribly sodden condition and there was hardly a dry spot to be found anywhere. It invariably took quite a considerable time to find the ball and when it was found it was generally embedded so deeply in the mud as to be almost unplayable. One competitor who was doing quite well up to the sixth hole found his ball, after driving from the seventh tee, absolutely unplayable and as it took him four strokes to recover he gave up the task as a bad job. Those who played late in the morning found the greens very much cut up and really after such heavy rain it would be as well, for the sake of the course, to close it altogether until it has had time to recover as it is no pleasure to play under such conditions and does a lot of harm. The winning score, in the Senior competition, 42 by Hargreaves, was good under the conditions but the returns made in the Junior competition were very much below the average two competitors Knight and Fraser tieing with nett scores of 46.

Reports from Nasik show that the station has already received its average annual rainfall of about 30 inches. The success of the Annual Golf week in September almost entirely depends on a good rainy season as owing to the fact that water is not laid on to the greens it is most difficult, unless there is a good rainfall, to get them into anything like decent playing condition by the time required. During the last few years the Nasik greens have been most difficult to putt on and it has taken players from Bombay a considerable time to get used to them as they are so entirely different to what we are used to here. The Bombay greens are very slow whereas those at Nasik are usually very fast and one is, at first, almost afraid to hit the ball for fear of over-running the hole. As a matter of fact one wants to go for the hole every time as there is a considerable amount of stubbly grass on the Nasik greens which stops the ball from travelling as far as one expects it will.

In the Open French Championship played at La Boulie, Lord Charles Hope defeated C. W. Inslee, the American, and E. A. Lassen defeated P. Gannon, who won the event in 1910, in the semi-final round. The final between Lord Charles Hope and E. A. Lassen was sensational as the latter made a disastrous start and was five down at the end of the first round. He was still four down at the turn in the second round but here Mr. Lassen regained his confidence and squared the match with still four holes to play. These four were all halved and the championship, which at one time was going all in favour of Lord Charles Hope, was still undecided. Playing the 37th hole Mr. Lassen was bunkered and also stymied and Lord Charles Hope holing out in 4 to 5 won the title.

In an exhibition match at the North Shore Club, Skegness, Ray decisively defeated Vardon by 6 and 5.

Duncan and Ray met at Peebles when the former went round in 70 to his opponent's 72. In the afternoon Ray and Duncan tied with the professional record of 65 for the course, the latter missing a two-foot putt on the last green for a new record. Vardon was successful in both match and medal play in an exhibition match with Braid at the Rothbury Club, Northumberland, winning the match 3 and 2 and the medal round in 74 to 78. The final of the Ladies' Golf Union Tournament for prizes presented by the "Ladies Pictorial" at Stoke Poges was won by Miss Barry Cheltenham) who defeated Miss Kintock (Scotland East) last year's winner, by one up in the final after a keen game.

On Thursday morning next there will be a Club match, "Married vs. Single." It looks as if the married men will have the better team and should win easily.

I. F. A. SHIELD TOURNAMENT.

SEMI-FINAL-A DRAW.

[Associated Press.]

CALCUTTA, July 26.

Thirty thousand spectators witnessed the trial of strength on the Calcutta ground between the Calcutta F. C. and the Royal Irish Rifles in the semi-final of the Indian Football Association Shield Competition. The ground being absolutely wretched the play was very poor there being no accurate passes or scientific combination. On the whole the Military had the best of the game especially during the second half when Calcutta had to play on the defensive. Toolan and Napier on the side of the Military and Sherman for the Civilians made brilliant individual efforts. The defence proving stronger that the attack, rival goal-keepers had little to do. The game ended in a pointless draw and will be played on Monday next. Mr. A. B. Rosser referred.

NEW ACCOUNTANTS-GENERAL.

[Associated Press.]

SIMLA, July 26.

The following Press communique has been issued in the Finance Department:—The two vacancies in the posts of Accountants-General caused by the death of Mr. Wagle and the retirement of Mr. J. A. Robertson have been filled by the appointment of Messrs. V. C. Scott O'Connor and H. G. Tomkins, C. I. E.

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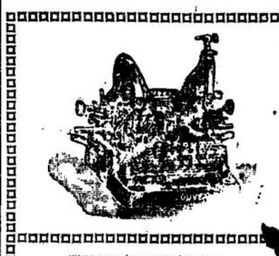

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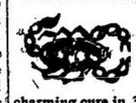

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SOCIAL TOPICS AT HOME

Gossip of the Week.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 11.

At last the glorious summer weather that London has enjoyed during the past two months has broken up, and as I write a heavy and steady shower has followed a period of gloom and blight. The King and Queen are away in Lancashire carrying out their policy of enquiry into the lives of the workers, and the self-education as to our industries, that their Majesties have set before them. The tour is being carried out with great success. The unaffected interest of both the King and Queen in those of their humbler subjects whom they meet, leaves a lasting impression. His Majesty, by the way, has made more changes in the personnel of his advisers than can be gathered by those who merely follow the lists of appointments and retirements. Whole families that used to wield influence in Court circles have lost much of their power. As I stated in a previous letter, His Majesty has shown a strong predilection for service men in positions of trust, and gradually rearranges his household with this policy in view. As a fact, unlike his father, the King has not made many friends of an intimate nature since he came to the throne, or for the matter of that did he during his term as Prince of Wales; most of his intimates dating from boyhood's days. The sound qualities of Lord Derby, however, have commended him to his Majesty, while Lord Revelstoke a *persona grata* in the old days at Sandringham, has his Majesty's confidence. Another great friend of King George is Lord Revelstoke, who is of course head of the House of Baring. He is a very charming personality, a bachelor, and fond of music. With his handsome sunburnt face, square energetic chin, and well set active frame, he suggests the sporting Englishmen that one might meet any time at yachting centres, or, at a country house shoot, rather than the active head of a business house. Yet Lord Revelstoke is well known as one of the soundest business men in the City. During the revival of Wall Street, thirteen years ago, when prophets were promising a repetition of the ramp by which England had been "fleeced" some years previously, Lord Revelstoke, who had had the shrewdness to cross the Atlantic beforehand and study facts for himself, was one of the two or three Englishmen, who grasped the situation as it really was, and no doubt did well for his firm and himself. Mr. Balfour is among Lord Revelstoke's more intimate friends.

LYTTLETON MEMORIAL SERVICE.

My letter was scarcely dispatched last week, when news came that poor Mr. Alfred Lyttleton had suffered a relapse. A few hours later, this popular statesman and typical Englishman of the best sort, had passed away. I had something to say last week of Mr. Alfred Lyttleton's physical achievements, moral attributes, and intellectual successes. As a statesman one has only to refer to his occupancy of the Colonial Secretaryship in immediate succession to such a giant as Mr. Chamberlain, to appreciate his sound qualities. It is a question whether any member of London society for years has received such astonishing posthumous tributes. Certainly, in the whole twenty-five years that I have known the picturesque Church of St. Margaret's Westminster, I have never seen so remarkable a congregation as gathered for the memorial service; nor have I seen more evidence of genuine grief. Peers and Commoners were there in crowds, and it is a question whether political opponents were in the minority. The church, the law, the services, the stage and other sections of society were all present. The width of the late Mr. Lyttelton's social and intellectual interests was remarkably emphasised by the sense of personal loss that appeared to characterise those present. Queen Alexandra was represented by Earl Howe, but the King and Queen were represented at the funeral which took place at the home of the Lyttletons in Worcestershire. Mr. Balfour, the life-long friend of the deceased, followed to the remains to their last resting place as also did Lord Lansdowne.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S BIRTHDAY.

There was a family gathering at Birmingham on the occasion of Mr. Chamberlain's seventy-seventh birthday. A strong characteristic of the Unionist leader's tenacious nature is his unfailing loyalty for the City he has made his home, and affection for his family. Never since that memorable time when Sir William Harcourt and the late Duke of Devonshire, at the instigation of Mr. John Morley, as he was in those days, went down to the Midlands and "fished out"—to use an American expression—the brilliant young politician, has Birmingham's hero wavered in his devotion to his town and his old friends. Socially, he is distinguished above all else, by his devotion to children. Even after his own sons and daughters were grown up, great entertainments for the young were a characteristic of life at Highbury. Mr. Chamberlain would sit for hours silent, his eye-glass firmly fixed in his eye, watching the young people dancing. Little girls especially, delighted him, and perhaps some fortunate young lady would attract the attention of the statesman, and be rejoiced by a promenade through his wonderful collection of orchids, and be initiated into their mysteries. It is interesting to note that Mr. Chamberlain's great friend Mr. Jesse Collings, five years senior to his distinguished leader, is still alive and a member of the House of Commons.

LATE DUCHESS OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

The hand of death has fallen on one of the last of the *Grandes Dames* of English social history. This is the Duchess of Northumberland, born Lady Edith Campbell and sister of the present Duke of Argyll. Good looks were not a blessing showered on all the members of that generation of the Campbells, but like her brother, the present Duke, the late Duchess of Northumberland was distinctly handsome and possessed much dignity of carriage. Like the late Marchioness of Salisbury, she was one of the few noble women of her day who carried on the old traditions, and might have been seen crossing the country accompanied by out-riders and other evidence of State. Although born a Campbell and a Presbyterian, the Irvingites—as members of the Catholic-Apostolic Church are known, after their founder—quickly aroused her enthusiasm on her marriage to a family that had long been their main supporters. It was not generally known how deeply the deceased noblewoman had felt the tragic death of her son, the late Earl Percy, in Paris a few years ago. Perhaps one of the most brilliant young men of his day, his family had looked forward to his enjoying a great political career. The Duke of Northumberland, whose estates in the North stretch from sea to sea, is a kind-hearted gentleman, and one of the ablest managers of land in the kingdom; but His Grace is retrograde and makes no attempt to disguise his dislike of reform. In the late Duchess's time strict rules were insisted on by that autocratic lady, and even King Edward discovered that cards of the most innocent kind were not permitted at Alnwick Castle.

THE KING'S RETORT.

Although descended from the famous "Pierce Eye" of history, the present Duke of Northumberland is not strictly speaking a Percy at all, the estates having come down through the female line. Even when young Smithson, the pushing London banker, married the heiress to the great historic house, he married an inheritor who had already missed the direct male line. An amusing story is told of King George the Third and the then Earl of Northumberland. The latter was pressing for a knighthood of the Garter. At last his advocates, failing to move that autocratic monarch by their argument pointed out that a Percy had never yet been refused the honour. "I never heard of a Smithson who had the impudence to ask for one"; said the farmer king, who knew how to give the retort ready, when it suited him.

CRYSTAL PALACE SCHEME.

The Crystal Palace scheme is developing successfully, and the old glass house now seems safe from the hands of the house-breakers. Of course, after the Lord Mayor has secured his ninety thousand pounds, of which by the way, he has nearly eighty thousand, to purchase the Palace and grounds, money will be required for development, as well as for a most important scheme to bring the district within reach of the average Londoner of moderate means. As a matter of fact, I happen to have had it from the Lord Mayor himself, that his lordship has a very comprehensive scheme for the building of underground railroads, connected with the other Tube systems of London, which will make the Palace accessible at mere nominal rates. Talking of the Crystal Palace, the "Pall Mall Gazette" revives an old story related in "Le Palais de Crystal," a French weekly published in London at the time of the great exhibition. The Duke of Wellington was present with his daughter, when the French workmen happened to unpack a statue of Napoleon. The Duke stopped short, removed his hat, and bowed his head. The old soldier was evidently deeply moved. There fell upon the whole assembly one of those eloquent spells of silence which imply more than an ocean of words, and many found it impossible to restrain their tears. Here is another story connected with the Palace in the days of the great exhibition, that sounds more like a fairy tale than a story of real life, and is typically romantic of the life of a picturesque statesman. The circumstance is related by Froude, in his brilliant little sketch of Lord Beaconsfield's life. The great Tory Minister was pestered with letters from an unknown lady. At last she wrote to say that, knowing he would be at the exhibition on a certain evening, she would like to meet him at a particular spot. Curiosity lead Mr. Disraeli, as he then was, to keep the appointment. He found a little old lady rather suggestive of a fairy godmother, whose conversation was nervous and incoherent. As he left, she placed an envelope in his hand with a request that he should open it the next day. As a matter of fact, Mr. Disraeli forgot all about it for several days, but when he did open it he found a cheque for one thousand pounds for his election expenses. The money was returned, but Lord Beaconsfield never forgot the attention. Mrs. Williams, the lady in question, became the life friend of the Disraelis, and now, at the churchyard at Hughendon, the strange trio, Lord and Lady Beaconsfield, and Mrs. Williams, lie side by side.

ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.

Many weeks ago I mentioned that St. George's Hospital, occupying a magnificent site facing Piccadilly at the top of Grosvenor Place, would be pulled down and an hotel built in its stead. It is now definitely stated that the site is sold, while the papers declare that a magnificent hotel will take the place of the present edifice. As a matter of fact, however, in spite of my former prophecy I have reason to know that the hotel scheme has not yet been definitely fixed. The report, no doubt, resulted from the fact that Mr. Mallaby-Deeley, M.P., proprietor of the Piccadilly Hotel is the purchaser. Mr. Mallaby-Deeley, belongs to a Birmingham family, and has all the go-ahead temperament of the City whence he comes. His brother is Mr. Frank Curzon, one of the most successful of London Theatrical managers, and husband of Miss Isabel Jay, the well known actress.

"THINKING HORSES."

REPORT OF ENGLISH INVESTIGATORS.

At a meeting of the Society for Psychical Research, recently held in London, a most interesting report on the "thinking horses" of Elberfeld was made by two gentlemen specially deputed by the society to inquire into the real or supposed powers of these animals. The investigation was made by Mr. Edward Bullough, Fellow of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, and Mr. V. J. Woolley, M.D., who visited Elberfeld last March for this purpose. These horses (says the "Times") have aroused in the last year or two a great deal of curiosity in Germany, France and Italy. The polemics caused by them have occasionally reached an extraordinary degree of heat and acrimony, and the controversy is far from being at an end. The investigation by Messrs. Bullough and Woolley although made at a season not very favourable for the inquiry, was sufficiently suggestive in its results to stimulate them to further observation, which they hope to undertake in September.

Mr. Bullough, in his communication, made a cursory retrospect of the "thinking horse" problem. He explained how, in 1890, a certain Herr von Osten, a retired mathematical schoolmaster living in Berlin, observed that a horse which he used to ride and drive responded apparently intelligently to demands. He took up the idea of perfecting this rudimentary education. After a short period of training he succeeded in obtaining perfect responses to orders such as "Stop." "Turn to the left or right." "Walk," "Trot," etc., and was able to drive his horses without touching the reins, by vocal directions alone, along even the crowded thoroughfares of Berlin. The success of this teaching suggested to him the idea of putting his horse through a regular course of instruction, when the horse, subsequently known as "Hans I.," died. In 1900, reverting to his plan, he bought a five-year-old Russian stallion, who again called "Hans," was destined to become the pioneer of equine education —"der kluge Hans."

PROFICIENCY IN ARITHMETIC AND SPELLING.

This horse achieved such remarkable proficiency in arithmetic, spelling, and so forth as to excite great curiosity. A commission was appointed to investigate the phenomenon, and came to the conclusion that von Osten, while believing himself to be teaching Hans the rudiments of arithmetic, reading, spelling, etc., had really simply taught the horse to respond with astounding certainty and precision to certain unconscious and extremely small movements on his own part. In 1905, however, he came into contact with Mr. K. Krall of Elberfeld. Mr. Krall is a man of about 50 years of age, born and bred at Elberfeld, where he owns a large jeweller's business. He had never handled horses, and only became interested in them in their educational possibilities and the scientific aspect of the matter through von Osten and his "clever Hans." He worked with Hans, became convinced that the animal possessed genuine intelligence, and decided to try experiments of his own on horses which pedagogically speaking, were still virgin soil and had not been spoiled by continual performances, experiments, and, investigations.

SYSTEMATIC COURSE TO EDUCATION.

He therefore bought in 1908 two Arab stallions, Mahomed and Zarif, and began instruction on the lines of von Osten. The horses received a systematic course of instruction exactly of the character of elementary school teaching. Spatial relation, counting addition and substraction, the multiplication table up to 12 times 12 and division, date reckoning, squaring and the extraction of roots reading, and spelling were successively explained and demonstrated.

PROGRESS BEYOND EXPECTATION.

The progress of the horses was rapid beyond expectation. When the horses had made such progress in arithmetic, reading, and spelling as to suggest that they had become fairly familiar with language Mr. Krall instituted object lessons, at which pictures, portraits, and other objects were displayed, discussed, and explained. He is of opinion that mere arithmetical performances in themselves are no satisfactory test of intelligence, since it is well known that even mentally deficient human beings are capable of performing the most remarkable calculating feats. He was, therefore, anxious to use arithmetic only as an avenue to mutual understanding and as a basis for spelling, reading, and especially of spontaneous utterances on the part of the horses. These, he thinks, would go further than calculations in placing the intelligence of the horses beyond doubt, besides possibly furnishing some of the much-needed introspective evidence on animal pyschology. He told the investigators of several instances of such spontaneous utterance which, granting the initial assumption of intelligence, were certainly interesting in the highest degree.

METHOD OF TRAINING.

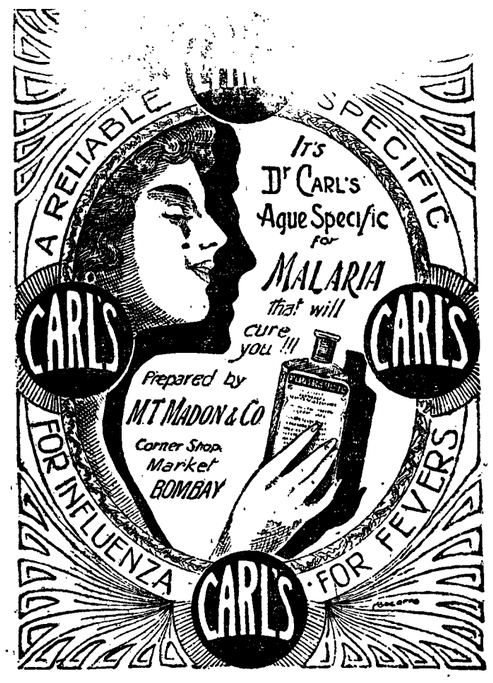
The first step in the training was to tame the animal—*i.e.*, to make him familiar with his master; and, above all, to captivate his attention by caresses, carrots, and other signs of affection. The second and far more difficult stage was to teach the animal to control his movements so as to adapt them to responsive expressions, or rather to render the animal conscious of them. This appears to be a step which some of the animals find great difficulty in taking. Another of the horses Amasis, who has been taught for about six months, seems to be constitutionally unable to acquire any such control. He stamped extremely well and appeared very attentive, but could not get himself to stop at the right number, counting six or seven instead of five, eight or nine instead of seven unless Mr. Krall counted aloud with him. Assuming that the horses had a conception of number, as the investigators were inclined to think after some rather striking performances they witnessed, it was developed during this stage of their education, in the form of movement images. Mr. Krall explained to his horses all the rudimentary procedure of addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division as he would to a child, and was greatly astonished at the ease and quickness of their understanding—for instance, in grasping the difference between 3 by 2 and 32. But he purposely did not go beyond the explanation of simple problems. He intentionally left the horses to themselves to see what they would make of more complex ones. He himself did not know by what method the horses extracted roots beyond the square root of 144, the highest square which he taught them.

SPELLING.

The same might be said of the spelling. With the aid of a simplified spelling-table the horses learnt to spell, each letter being represented by a number. The association between sach letter and a certain number being once formed the spelling of words written on the black-board was merely a matter of memory. Something far more complicated and far more interesting, but at present inexplicable, was achieved when the horses began to spell out spontaneous statements. After many attempts to teach the horses the complicated German orthography, Mr. Krall finally left to their own devices, which produced a very erratic but sometimes ingeniously phonetic spelling. Thus they spelt "essen," to eat, "sn," and "gehen," to go, "gn." It was this fact which led Mr. Krall to think that Mahomed and Zarif belonged to the "auditive" type. Encouraged by his success with these horses, Mr. Krall attempted the education of others, besides an Algerian donkey. The latter proved intelligent enough but so obstinate that his education had to be abandoned. With the other horses he had similar, though varying experiences. Amasis and Harun, another Arab stallion, proved poor learners. A Shetland pony, Hanschen whom they saw and worked with, was an intelligent but scatter-brained little fellow, still in the elementary stage of arithmetic. The latest accessions to the establishment were a baby elephant, and a German pointer, who arrived during their visit. The most important late-comer among Mr. Krall's scholars was a blind horse, Berto, a Mecklenburg stallion of a charger type, whom he had the good fortune to pick up in September, 1912. His work was limited to elementary arithmetic; he reacted to spoken problems, but would also answer simple questions written on his flank, a procedure which was described by Dr. Woolley in detail in his contribution.

The concluding part of Mr. Bullough's report dealt with the opinions of the numerous men of science who had examined the horses. These investigators were divided into three camps, whose respective positions were briefly explained.

Dr. Woolley, in his report, said that the possibilities they had to consider when they set out to investigate the capacity of the horses were roughly four—(*a*) the horses might really possess the intellectual abilities described to them by their owner; (*b*) they might by this time have learned by heart the answers to all the problems which they could present to them; (*c*) they might respond to signals given consciously or unconsciously by some person present; (*d*) they might respond to some supernormal influence exerted by some such person. They very much regretted that they were not in a position to give any definite solution of the problem. All they could do was to give some account of their experiments, and to point out the difficulties in the way of accepting any one of these hypotheses.



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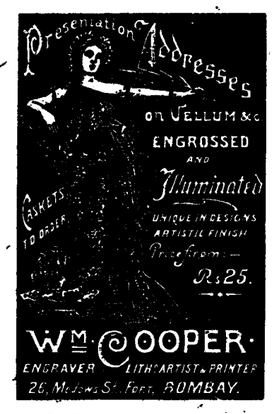

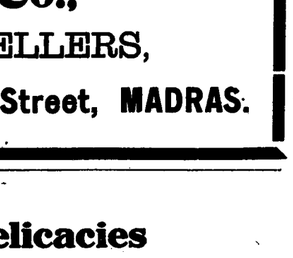

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